The great space adventure: what's in it for planet Earth?

Inree of The Universal Question', Section Two

MONDAY 4 MARCH 1996 Play Formula 1 Dream Team

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Free F1 Racing Magazine inside

Peres declares war on Hamas after 18 are killed to leave Middle East deal on brink

Jerusalem bomb blasts peace plan

PATRICK COCKBURN

A suicide bomber from the militant Islamic movement, Hamas, yesterday detonated 30 pounds of explosives aboard a bus in centre of Jerusalem, killing 18 other passengers. The attack may have struck a fatal blow to the government of Shimon Peres, the Israeli prime minister, and to peace negotiations between Israel and the Palestinians.

"I've had it with the peace process," said a shopkeeper looking at the wreckage of bus number 18 on Jerusalem's Jaffa road. "We gave the Pales-tinians what they said they

'I doubt the Israeli people will tolerate the continuance of peace with people who are either

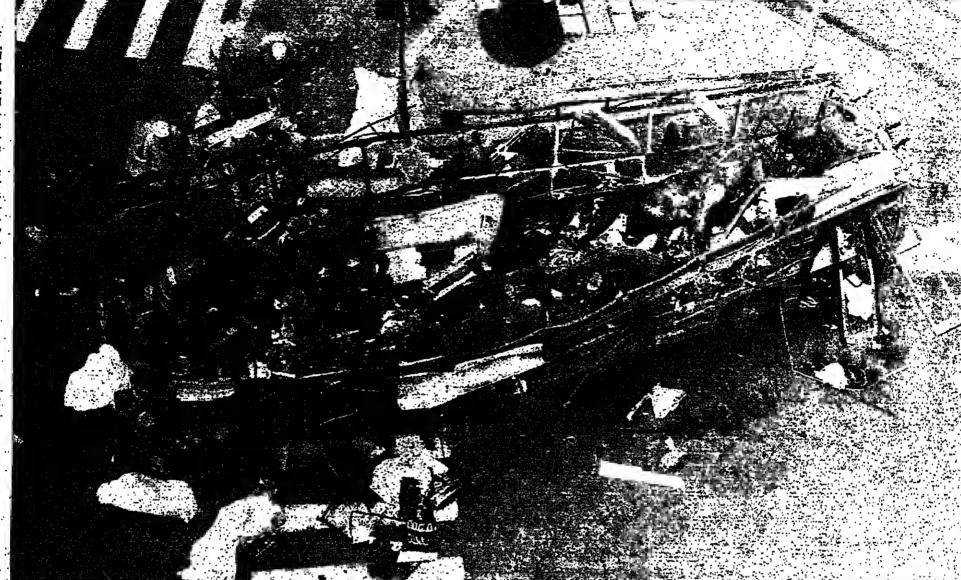
unwilling or unable to stop the killers' Ehud Olmert.

Jerusalem's Mayor

wanted and now we have 47 dead in one week." President Ezer Weizman called on the government to halt its talks with the Palestinians.

The suicide bombing by a Palestinian tentatively named as Islam Mohammed, 24, from Hebron, south of Jerusalem was a carbon copy of that which took place on a bus with the same number, also on Jeffa Road, exactly a week before. The time of the explosion, at 6.25am, was only 20 minutes

earlier than the first bomb.
It ripped through the the redand-white bus just as it passed
the central post office. Only the burnt-out metal framework of the bus was left. A body was left under a white sheet as 10 wounded were rushed to hospital. Crowds shouted "do something, do something" and "Peres get out". The prime minister was jeered when he visited the site of the explosion. Hamas clamed responsibility for the bombing in a state-



Emergency workers search the charred remains of the bus destroyed by a Hamas suicide bomber armed with 30lbs of explosives

Photograph: David Silverman/Reuters

ment to the Israeli people, saying: We tell you calmly that neither Labour nor Likud will offer you security as long as your government uses terrorism against us and continues to arrest our people. The closure and all security measures will not prevent us from striking when-

ever and wherever we can." It appears from the statement that Hamas is now split between

movement. It says that yesterday's bomb was the attack in revenge for the assassination of Yahyah Ayyash, the chief Hamas bomb-maker, killed by a booby-trapped telephone ou

5 January. . Yasser Arafat, the Palestinian President, has declared the tween Palestinians and Jews

those who support the suicide bumbing and those who believe it could destroy the Islamic Jihad illegal. He said the attack was mounted "not just agree to topple this organisaagainst Israel but against the Palestinians and the peace

process". After a cabinet meeting yesterday, Mr Peres announced an all-out war on Hamas, with measures to include \$100m spent on building fences be-

tion. We will not shy from any measure. We decided to give this war the highest and most unequivocal priority - all that we have in men, ideas and means."

and punishment of the families

It is difficult to see, however, why these measures should who died were six Romanian prove effective. The suicide workers and two Palestinians.

solve that by one-off payments

to help buy out the negative eq-

uity in the homes. In his case,

he said, he received about

£15,000 but still took a £30,000

loss as part of the deal. It was

those payments that Sir John

bombers require minimal equipment, training or organisation. The bomber yesterday could have walked in just five minutes from Palestinian areas in east Jerusalem to a bus stop at the beginning of the Jassa Road and exploded his device - which was packed in nails - a single stop later. Among those

Mr Peres was already in deep political trouble after bombs in Jerusalem and Ashkelon last week killed 25 Israelis. His 10 per cent lead in the polls, which was expected to produce a landslide in the election on 29 May. was wiped out overnight. There is also no doubt that many Israelis feel that he did not do enough to improve security in the week between the bombs.

support for the peace process in general. Just after yesterday's explosion Ehud Olmert, the right-wing mayor of ferusalem. whose office overlooks the spot where bus 18 was destroyed, said: "I doubt that the Israeli people will tolerate the continuance of peace with people who are either unwilling or unable to stop the killers coming

from within them. There is much anger among Israelis against Mr Arafat for failing to clamp down successfully on Hamas. Although he has arrested 300 of its members and started to confiscate arms, Israel helieves that important activists walk the streets in

Inside

Peres' election hopes shattered The militants' revenge Clinton powerless to save peace

page 8Leading article page 12 Gaza. Palestinians say many of

those named are already in jail. It is also true that the two suicide bombers who blew themselves up on 25 February came from al-Fawwar refugee camp outside Hebron which is under overall Israeli control.

The attack vesterday was geared to show Israelis that the suicide bomher will always get through. The number 18 bus was carrying a security guard for the first time. The roads from the West Bank into Jerusalem were closed to Palestinians. Helicopters fly permanently overhead in Jerusalem. None the less, the attack succeeded.

Binyamin Netanyahu, the leader of the opposition Likud party, who may well be the next Israeli prime minister, yesterday proposed sending troops into Palestinian-ruled areas and deporting ringleaders. The government did not rule this out. but believes such a strategy is likely to produce more, rather

NHS to sue official over 'irregular' deal

NICHOLAS TIMMINS Public Policy Editor

A regional health authority is considering legal action against a top NHS executive seeking the return of an irregular payment of thousands of pounds made on his behalf when he was its general manager.

The relocation payment to Keith McLean; currently the chief executive of the Trent region, was one of 17 totalling £450,000 that were declared outside the health authority's powers by Sir John Bourn, the

Comptroller and Auditor General, the public spending watch-dog. Last year he qualified the NHS accounts over the money, saying he took "a serious view" of the issue.

His decision led Alan Langlands, the NHS chief executive, to order an inquiry and seek recovery of the payments, telling the Northern and Yorkshire region to take disciplinary action if appropriate.

To date, one manager, David Martin, the former Yorkshire region's assistant general manager, has been reprimanded

for not taking independent legal advice. He has paid back around £20,000 advanced on his behalf to help buy out the negative equity on his home when

he moved to the region. But three other managers, in cluding Mr. McLean, and 13 doctors have so far failed to return similar payments which Sir John dubbed "irregular" and which Mr McLean said in his case involved around £15,000.

The Northern and Yorkshire region of the NHS - the successor body to the old Yorkshire region whose accounts Sir John

qualified - said at the weekend that it was still pursuing recovery of the sums, and was now considering legal action in the outstanding cases.

Mr McLean said he would "see them in court", stating he did not plan to return a payment which he had received in good faith. The British Medical Association said the consultants involved were not returning their payments on similar grounds.

The collapse in the housing

The decision was approved during a section of a regional bealth authority meeting from which he excluded himself, Mr market left the NHS paying in-Mclean said. He added that be terest on bridging loans on had not been disciplined over the houses whose values were payment and would not be, the

ruled ultra vires.

falling, Mr McLean said. The health authority decided to re-Department of Health confirming that the region had decided disciplinary action against him would be "inappropriate".

Mr Melean is leaving his post at the end of the month when Trent, along with the other regions, becomes an office of the NHS Executive. He is to become a research fellow in health care management at Sheffield University, hut, he said, "I have not been sacked."

The NHS inquiry into the former Yorkshire region has

continuing delicate efforts to

themselves already run into

difficulties, following the deci-

sion of the Ulster Unionist and

Democratic Unionist parties

not to attend, and with Sinn

Fein protesting that it is being

excluded. This morning, the

Northern Ireland Secretary, Sir

Patrick Mayhew, and the Irish

foreign minister. Dick Spring,

meet to start the ball rolling for

discussions which are due to end

down that, because the IRA is

not observing a ceasefire. Sinn

Fein may only meet officials and

not ministers. Other parties

will hecome involved at later

TURN TO PAGE 2

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The Government has laid

on 13 March.

The Stormont talks have

build a peace settlement.

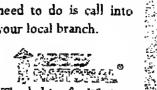
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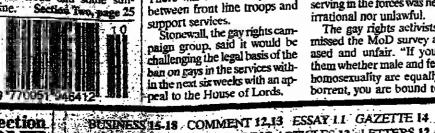
IN BRIEF Blair faces backlash Tony Blair was facing a backlash from MPs after ordering his Shadow Welsh Secretary to

apologise for criticising the Prince of Wales. Spanish poli claim The conservative Popular Par-The conservative ropusary ty claimed victory in Spain's gen-

eral elections. Hong Kong help John Major is due to announce that two million more Hong

Kong residents will be able to the 1997 handover. Page 2

Today's weather There will be scattered rain, a lot of cloud and some sun-shine. Section Two, page 25



Gay groups to fight forces ban

Chief Political Correspondent

Gay rights activists last night warned the Ministry of Defence they would be going ahead with a legal challenge after Defence Secretary Michael Portillo announced the ban on gays in the armed services will stay.

Mr Portillo said the results of a survey of the armed forces to be released today by the MoD showed overwhelming support for the ban on gays to be kept. There will be no compromise between front line troops and

support services. Stonewall, the gay rights cam-paign group, said it would be challenging the legal basis of the ban on gays in the services within the next six weeks with an appeal to the House of Lords.

LAW SUMMARIES 14 LEADING ARTICLES 12 LETTERS 12

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Four gay ex-service people former Lieutenant Commander Duncan Lustig-Prean, 36, ex-RAF Sergeant Graeme Grady, 32, ex-RAF nurse Jeanette Smith, 28, and former navy weapons engineer John Beck-ett, 25, are to apply for leave to go to the House of Lords. If they fail in their bid, they will go immediately to the European Court of Human Rights in

Strasbourg. Three Appeal Court judges ruled last November that the automatic bar on homosexuals serving in the forces was neither

irrational nor unlawful. The gay rights activists dis-missed the MoD survey as biased and unfair. "If you ask them whether male and female homosexuality are equally abborrent, you are bound to get



would be 'bad for morale'

woman for Stonewall. ban on gays in the armed forces would be bad for discipline

The results of the MoD's long-awaited review of homosexuals in the military will come as a relief to service chiefs who have been fighting to prevent any relaxation of the ban.



cations that, while toyalist paramilitary leaders do not favour Mr Portillo said lifting the a return to violence, dissent and dissatisfaction may be growing.

particularly in the illegal Ulster and morale according to the vast Volunteer Force. Northern Ireland at the momajority of servicemen.

- . 3 **6 6** 6

ment appears poised precariously between peace and war. with no IRA ceasefire in effect but, for the moment at least, no bombs going off. A resurgence of loyalist violence would deal

signs of strain within the ranks

of extreme Protestant groups.

The weekend brought indi-

section

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Major offers visa deal for Hong Kong

DONALD MACINTYRE Hong Kong

John Major last night strongly rejected charges that he was abandoning Hong Kong to its faic as he propared to announce today that another two million Hong Kong residents will be able to visit Britain without visas after the colony's

The Prime Minister, who faces sharp criticism from liberais when he meets memhers of the 60 strong Legislative

that the two million Hong Kong Chinese who will hold non-gives no right of residence and British "special autonomous region" passports after the han-dover will not require a visa to come to Britain.

The move, which will be widely welcomed in Hong Kong as well as in Peking, has been urged on ministers by the Hong Kong governor, Chris Patten, II is is expected to lead to other countries granting visa free access to special passport holders and is likely to be taken up by no more than 13,000 Hong gives no right of residence and there is little evidence of Hong Kong citizens using visits to Britain as a back door route to illegal immigration.

Mr Major, speaking at a din-ner for 150 of the colony's élite last night, took issue with criticisms voiced yesterday by Martin Lee.a member of LegCo and chairman of the Democratic Party, that Britain was failing "to fight for the territory's institutions" and avoiding a confrontation with China.

The Prime Minister told the dinner last night that it was not true that Britain was "putting Hong Kong "to the back of the cupboard" and added: "We didn't agree to disagree. We just

disagreed." Mr Major said the

government would continue to

press Peking for full imple-

the South China Morning Post that Mr Major had "agreed to disagree" with the Chinese Pre-mocratic principles and the UN mier Li Peng at their meeting Convention of Human Rights. last week over Peking's refusal to keep Hong Kong's Bill of Rights and elected legislative committee after 1997. In his address to the legisla-ture, Mr Major will seek to re-

assure Hong Kong that Britain will not cut it adrift when the Mr Patten told reporters that the Prime Minister would un-derline Britain's continued commitment to Hong Kong after the bandover and added: "For Britain there is no greater

commercial interest in East

Asia than the continued success

of Hong Kong. And that com-mercial success is directly related to Hong Kong's decency and openness as a free and plural society under the rule of law. Undermine the rule of law and Hong Kong's civil liberties and Hong Kong becomes a less successful centre and therefore Britain's commercial in-terests suffer as well as the

quality of life in Hong Kong." While declining to confirm that Mr Major would lift the visa restrictions today, Mr Patten pointed out that without their being lifted there was a danger that the 400,000 visitors to Hong Kong from Britain could find they have to secure visas. Meanwhile, Mr Patten said

that Mr Major would not attend any "functions which have anything to do with Conservative Party fund raising" while he was in Hong Kong. The Governor said that only one person on a list of reported Tory donors put out by the Labour Party would be at his dinner last night-Lee Ka Shing, who as one of the nichest and most successful men in Hong Kong was a natural guest at the dinner.

Navy 'impounds'

Belgian trawler The captain and crew of a Bel-gian fishing trawler were being held for questioning in a British port last night after their vessel was "impounded" by the Roy-al Navy. It is believed the captain of the Zee Duivel was arrested and is being questioned over a fisheries protection matter after the trawier was stopped at sea by the Royal Naval vessel HMS Duhenon

and escorted to Dover. A spokesman for Dover Harbour Board said last night: "it appears that there may have een a problem with some of its the trawier's nets. The matter should come before a court

Guns found on train Police are hunting a man who rumoed from a train shortly before a haul of four handguns were found on board. British Transport Police said there was no known connection between the man and the haul found at Manchester's Piccadilly station on Saturday by rail cleaning staff, but they were keen to reinterview him. He divedthrough a window before the train reached Wolverhampton after a dispute with a guard who called police. The passenger was later found hiding near Wolver-hampton station, questioned about his behaviour and

Fairground accident Health and Safety inspectors were carrying out an investigation after four people were burt in a fairground accident at Leigh in Greater Manchester. Police said one person suffered a hack injury when a restrain-ing bar came loose on a ride. Three other people were treat-ed for minor injuries and shock.

Spanish bounty

Britain could be forced to pay out more than £30m to Spanish boat owners because the Government tried to ban them from United Kingdom waters. A European court ruling tomorrow is likely to give the go-ahead for a compensation claim by Spanish fishermen and companies which registered at British ports as a way of qualifying for UK fishing quotas.

Shooting charge

Jason Greasley, 26, from Sheerness, Kent, will appear before magistrates in Sittingbourne today charged with the attempted murder of a policeman. It follows a shooting incident in Sheerness early on Saturday.

Body in stream

The body of Joanne Williams, 33, a mother-of-two, was found in a stream near a public house in Bromsgrove, Hereford and Worcester, a day after she was reported missing from her home in nearby Redditch.

Lucky strike

Two tickets scooped £5.2 million each in this week's National Lottery draw. The winning numbers were: 9, 11, 12, 24, 41. 45, and the bonus was 6.

Take That goes top The pop band Take That's final single has gone straight to the top of the BBC charts. The remake of the Bee Gees' hit single, "How Deep is Your Love", which was outselling rivals such as Boyzone by more than five to one last week, yesterday knocked BritPop stars Oasis off

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Patten keeps option open on leadership

DONALD MACINTYRE Hong Kong

Chris Patten, the former Tory party chairman, vesterday fuelled speculation that he could be a future candidate for the party leadership by conspicuously refusing to rule out a return to British politics after he steps down as the last Governor of Hong Kong at the end of June 1997.

In remarks which will be interpreted as preparing the ground for a possible comeback, he told British political reporters here: "I do not want to speculate about the outcome of the next election or what 1 would do in certain circumstances. I just make the point... remain in office for a few I remain interested in the issues at the centre of debate in Britain and in Europe. How could I not be? I have been professionally involved in politics since I

Mr Patten, who lost his Bath seat in the 1992 General Election, took care to preface his remarks by saying it would "not be very wise" for him to speculate in his current "nonpolitical role" on the outcome of the election or on a future career in politics. But asked if he could envisage the circum-stances in which he might resume his political career, he said: "Yes... certainly. It would be unwise for me to follow that hypothesis too far. I'm not ruling anything in or anything

"The Governor is believed to role out political role

have made it clear to friends the chance of standing for the that he could well be interested in a British political comeback - whether or not the Tories win an election. When Mr Patten first came to Hong Kong, it was thought more likely that he might seek another post on the international stage possibly in Europe or further

While that is still possible, if Mr Major - or in the event of a defeat another leader congenial to Mr Patten - were at the head of the party, Mr Patten could well contemplate a return. And if the party were defeated in an election which did not take place until the Spring of 1997, Mr Major would only have to months as leader before standing down for Mr Patten to get



Chris Patten: Refuses to

leadership.

There is a widespread view in the Tory party that Sir Nicholas Scott, MP for Chelsea, recently reselected for the new Kensington and Chelsea seat, and an old friend of Mr Patten's would be prepared to to give up his seat to let him fight a byelection early in the parlia-

Mr Patten is conventionally thought to be well on the left of the party, but be startled some former colleagues last year by making a speecb in London, in tune with some right-wing thinking, in which he said that Britain might need a radical rethink of its public spending and sbould contemplate a "shrinking state" to compete with developing Asian economies.

Mr Patten is also said by some of his friends to have come to the view that enlargement is a much higher priority for Europe than further integration, and that it is highly unlikely that a single currency could he achieved by the starting date of I January 1999 without an unacceptable waiving of the strict Maastricht criteria.

Such a view might well make him more acceptable to the Euro-sceptics than he was when he left London, Nevertheless, since Mr Patten would not be acceptable to the party's hard right-wing, his prospects could well depend on the factional composition of the parliamentary party after the next



John Major meeting Chinese building workers at HongKong's Chep Lak Kok airport

IRA 'exploiting crime gangs'

Bruton accused over Scott vote

SDLP leader John Hume hours before the Commons vote to Hajor during a series of lengthy telephone conversations in the

JASON BENNETTO Crime Correspondent

The IRA has secretly infiltrated the criminal underworld in Britain and is using its contacts. to obtain equipment to carry out the current bombing campaign. and-terrorist sources have discovered.

Professional gangs are un-knowingly supplying firearms, stolen vehicles, and forged identification papers to the terror organisation. But there is evidence of a growing backlash among the criminal fraternity who are furious at being "exploited" by the IRA.

The police and ML5 are hop-

ing this new trend could help them identify IRA units and op-

The Taoiseach John Bruton

will face stiff questioning in the

Dail this week over allegations that he made a direct hut un-

successful attempt to help John

Major in last Monday's vote on

It was claimed in Irish news-

Bruton, in an effort to sustain tions remains confidential".

day, went as far as to ring the ton had promised to help Mr

papers at the weekend that Mr

the Anglo-Irish all-party talks

initiative unveiled last Wednes-

ALAN MUROOCH

the Scott report.

isting network of informers, but they are also trying to use the dislike of the IRA along with huge financial "rewards" to persuade underworld members to inform on the terrorists.

As an encouragement, up to £1m has already been offered for information leading to the conviction of the people who carried out the Docklands bombing in east London, in which two people died.

When the reward was announced Commander John Grieve, head of Scotland Yard's Anti-Terrorist Branch, said that it was aimed at criminal informers as well as the public. He said: "We will use every weapon given to us by the community to

urge his party to abstain. Mr Bruton, who was in Bangkok for the Europe-Asia

summit, did not deny the alle-

gation. A spokesman for the

Taoiseach had had many confi-

dential conversations in efforts

to secure agreement on a date

for all-party talks. But he insisted "the nature of these conversa-

There was weekend specu-lation in Dublin that Mr Bru-

This includes using their ex- know that some criminals are motivated by money and we can use that to get the information we need.

Anti-terrorist officers have found evidence of IRA members pretending to he "normal" criminals to mix with underworld groups in cities throughout the country, including Manchester. Newcastle, and Liverpool, but mainly in London. With the growing availability guns, stolen vehicles and forged documents, including driving licences and passports. it has become safer in some cases to use established criminal services rather than the IRA running the risk of smuggling all

its own materials. This is a new trend as, tradihring terrorists to justice. We all tionally, IRA units have been publicans brings.

days preceding the Scott vote.

This was said to have come at

a time when Ulster Unionisi

support for the Government

was evaporating, and as London

edged towards finally agreeing

tiations, strongly urged by Sinn

Fein as the price required to re-instate the IRA ceasefire.

leader of the Fianna Fail op-

position in the Dail, said: "It is not the function of the Irish gov-

Yesterday, Bertie Ahern.

a firm date for all-party nego-

very self contained and avoid contact with other organisations because of the security

An intelligence source said: FROM FRONT PAGE "We know the IRA has infiltrated the criminal infrastructure on the mainland and bas been making good use of it for some time. This is obviously an area we are exploring." A dif-ferent police source said: "They are exploiting the criminal-support mechanism."

Intelligence officers believe

that apart from hatred of the IRA's tactics, criminals bave a to meet a masked gunman who more practical interest in exposing suspected terrorists they do not want the extra attention of MI5 and anti-terrorist officers that contact with the re-

emment to act as a party whip

in a vote on fan internal British

matter." If the Taoiseach had

done so, he had acted "im-

properly", Mr Ahern said. While John Hume would nei-

ther confirm nor deny the report.

SDLP sources indicated that

despite the alleged Bruton move

there was never any question that

they would not oppose the Gov-erument on the Scott vote.

taken as confirming the re-

ports. Mr Hume reportedly

replied: "So he it."

Asked if his silence might be

warning

stages in the talks, which are to cover what type of election should he beld, whether it should be accompanied by a referendum, and on working out arrangements for the main allparty talks which are to begin on 10 June.

Anxiety about extreme loyalist opinion rose when a Belfast newspaper reporter was taken warned of a new campaign of attacks against republicans. Later. the Rev Roy Magee. a Belfast Presbyterian minister who belped negotiate the loyalist ceasefire, said he had met UVF members who said they were considering "taking action".

The Ulster Unionist leader, David Trimble, said a return to loyalist violence would be a "disaster for the province. There was a hint of this sort of action several months ago. Dissident elements from both the UDF and the UDA were threatening to combine. They were persuaded not to," he told BBC1's Breakfast With Frost pro-

gramme." I hope this group can also be dissuaded from acting in the way that they threatened." Billy Hutchinson, of the Progressive Unionist Party, which is close to the UVF, said he knew there were people who were "unhappy" but be be-lieved the ceasefire would hold. Frankfurt, Berlin and Municb to which Leeson was a signatory. However, Ernst & Young, Bar-

Loyalist ceasefire Leeson cashed in with tip-offs to rival traders'

STEVE BOGGAN Chief Reporter

Singaporeau investigators are examining evidence that sug-gests Nick Leeson may bave made millions of pounds by tipping off rivals about his rogue

Sources in the Far East said Leeson bas been questioned in prison over "several leads" indicating that he made a killing on his losses by advising other brokers to take opposite trading positions from his own. They have already identified one New York trader who made \$700,000 on just one deal.

The investigators said yesterday that they were "sceptically curious" about a report that Leeson bad salted away £23m in six German bank accounts before Barings collapsed with £850m losses. But they said they had never ruled out the possibility he benefited from the bank's collapse.

Leeson's family and bis lawyer rejected *The Sunday Times* report which said a firm of US "asset hunters" bad traced six bank accounts in

ings' administrators, and Price Waterhouse, the liquidators in Singapore, said they were keepmg an open mind.
According to the newspa-

per, the asset bunters produced a report, "Project Kestref". which said Leeson was a sole signatory on one of the accounts and that two were in his name. It alleged they were set up by a number of German companies linked to Indonesian interests. But it fails to name the asset bunters, the companies, any co-signatories or the banks. One Singaporean source said: There have been many re-

ports like this from American bounty bunters claiming to know where the Leeson missing millions are. So far, we have been tipped off about secret assets in Malaysia, South Africa and Zurich but when we check, there is nothing there." "However, we have not ruled

out the possibility he did gain from the losses by informing other traders to take opposite positions.". If Leeson did make money

from linking up with an oppos-ing trader, the Singaporeans said they would be surprised if be then deposited it in German

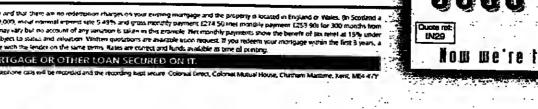
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Rock-solid effort as volunteers clean up



Dirty work: Volunteers cleaning oil off rocks at Tenby yesterday as locals joined the operation to tackle pollution from the 'Sea Empress' disaster

JOJO MOYES

Volunteers spent vesterday scrubbing oil from the rocks at Tenby while adults and children prepared to hold a candlelight vigil along the West Wales coastline to express "grief and abandonment" following the Sea Empress oil disaster at Milford Haven.

The cleaning operation began on Saturday and was expected to last all week. By yesterday 70 volunteers, using cleaning materials and overalls donated

badly-hit Tenby beach, Maureen Ward, the mayor of Tenby, who organised the clean-up, said many local people had wanted to do something but had initially been forbidden to help with the oil removal.

"I understand the joint response committee saying you can't go there because of insurance and health and safety', but as long as they're all aware that they're doing it at their own risk then I thought we should help, she said yesterday.

There were no problems at

something. Many people are coming down tomorrow. Meanwhile, hundreds of people were expected to line the

Pembrokeshire coastline from 5pm yesterday in a caridlelit vig-I for their damaged environment. Organiser Brigitte Osborne, a French tutor, said the protest was "unofficial and unpolitical" but aimed at giving people a chance to express their sadness and offer comfort through solidarity.

"It's also about bearing witness to this unthinkable tragedy. by Texaco, had managed to all A lot of people said it made seeing it in pictures or on the tackle a large part of the them feel like they were doing television is nothing like actu
it was a way to give comfort.

ally witnessing it," she said.
"We want to explain to children so nobody forgets. It's still very real for us but already people are feeling so abandoned."

She said people outside the area had not acknowledged the depth of feeling caused in West Wales by the oil disaster. "There is tremendous grief at the loss of not just their livelihood but the damage to the environment. The destruction is just extraordinary," Ms Osborne said.

"I've never done anything like this before but I just witnessed

People are feeling abandoned by the Government and totaldisillusioned. They are saying if it had happened on the South coast then this would be completely different."

Meanwhile, the threat of industrial action at the oil port of Milford Haven has subsided after plans to suspend the pilot at the centre of the Sea Empress disaster were apparently withdrawn. Michael Hyslop, the head of the port authority, denied there had been any plans for suspension

broke, said there was little con-Labour MP Nick Ainger said fidence in the inquiry as it was that following an attempt to susnot considered independent.

Blair faces backlash over royal apology **COLIN BROWN**

Chief Political Correspondent

Tony Blair was facing a backlash from Labour MPs after ordering an apotogy to Prince Charles from his Shadow Welsh Secretary over criticism of the

MPs urged the Labour leader to allow an open debate on the monarchy following the abject apotogy issued by Ron Davies for saying Prince Charles was not fit to be King.

The appeals for a debate

about a republic were joined by a senior Tory backbench MP who called for a "Grand Remonstrance" to tell the Royal Family its behaviour was demeaning".

The former diplomat George Walden, Tory MP for Buckingham, broke ranks to come to the aid of Mr Davies. In an astonishing side-swipe at the Prime Minister. Mr Walden accused John Major of "low-life polities", for leadings demands that Mr Blair sack Mr Davies.

When you think of all these sordid money deals, when you think of all these blabbing lovers, these duchesses and princesses - are we supposed to defer to these people?" Mr Walden asked.

I think it would very nice in an ideal world - if the Gov-

ernment and Opposition could get together and send a message from the House of Commons to the Royal Family - a Grand Re-monstrance, suitably delicately phrased - that you are actually demeaning yourselves and this country", Mr Walden said. He said the Prime Minister's call for Mr Davies to be sacked was "deeply undignified and silly. I think it is an example of low-life politics with which people out there are becoming

increasingly disillusioned." Sources close to the Labour leader denied Mr Blair was trying to stille debate about the Monarchy. "Ron apologised

because he made some personal comments about the Prince of Wales talking to vegetables, and allowing his children to kill wild animals, which were thought not really appropriate," a Labour source said. Nick Ainger, Labour MP for

Pembroke, said the future of the Royal Family should not only be debated by Labour's hard left. but by the whole country.
"We seem to be afraid of tackling these issues. It is quite

fundamental to our constitution whether the head of state should be elected or they should be appointed on a hereditary principle," he said. Paul Flynn, MP (or Newport

West, said the job should not be left to "the accidents of birth". Llewellyn Smith, Labour MP for Blaenau Gwent, said: "People increasingly see that it is indeed an anachronism."

Senior Labour Party figures

close to Mr Blair privately admit they are republicans, but official Labour policy makes it clear Labour supports a monarchy. Labour leaders have raised the prospect of a "slimmed down" Monarchy, but all the main parties believe a pledge to replace the Oueen with a President would be a vote loser.



Walden: 'Royal family is demeaning the country'

Fraud inquiry after arrest of Royal Academy official

REBECCA FOWLER

A fraud inquiry has been launched into the finances of the Royal Academy, the 228-year-old home of Britain's greatest artists, which has a turnover of f14m a year, following the arrest of Trevor Clark, the bursar.

Mr Clark, 43, who was arrested and released on bail three weeks ago, has been questioned by Scotland Yard over allegations of theft spanning five years. A High Court writ for fraud has also been issued against him by the Academy.

The Academy, whose presugious membership is made up of 8t) academics, painters, engravers and sculptors, attracts hundreds of thousands of

visitors each year. But it has no public subsidy, relying on income from exhibitions, and occasional sales of its treasures, to

A Scotland Yard spokeswoman confirmed yesterday that an investigation was taking place. We are investigating the alleged theft of an amount of money from between 1991 and 1995, reported to the police on 24 January," she said.

The Academy dismissed reports that the sum being investigated ran into hundreds of thousands of pounds as "speculation." Piers Rodgers, secretary of the Academy, said: "We picked up irregularities in the course of our normal checks

currently undertaking our own investigation, separately from

the police. He added: "It's very upsetting for everyone. The Academy is a small group of people who know each other pretty well. But none of this is going to affect the programme of the Academy in any way at all, and we hope to recover any funds that have

The potice inquiry is expected to concentrate on the Academy's main trading account for exhibitions. In the tast five years it has had some of its most successful shows, including a Monet exhibition in 1991, and a major exhibition of African art last year, which drew in almost into the accounts, and we are 1 million people between them.

Mr Clark, who took on the position of bursar in 1979, was reportedly unavailable to comment on the inquiry last week end at his Hertfordshire home. "There may be a time when I can put my side, but until my solicitors allow me to, I won't." he

Last year's financial figures for the Academy are not available, but are understood to be "very much better" than the accounts for the previous year. when the Academy lost £647,000, even though attendances were up.

is understood to have said.

The loss was attributed to a fall in corporate sponsorship. and Mr Rodgers said it was not connected to the alleged

From Just £30

Photograph: Rob Stratton

pend John Pearn, the pilot on

the tanker when it ran aground,

the port's 12 pilots had threat-

The threat of industrial ac-

tion was very real until the threat against the pilot was withdrawn," said Mr Ainger

vesterday. "His colleagues re-

acted and said that if discipli-

nary action began before the

inquiry was completed then

they will take industrial action

and close the port."
Mr Ainger, MP for Pem-

ened to walk out.

Tape reveals Macmillan's agony over destroying wife's love letters

COLIN BROWN

The existence of a tape recording of Harold Macmillan and Bob Boothby discussing Booth-by's affair with Macmillan's wife, Lady Dorothy, has been disclosed by a former Conservative MP.

The tape recording was made accidentally by Boothby's wife. in it, the former prime minister and her husband discuss ady Dorothy Macmillan, who had a child by Boothby. Macmillan, later awarded a

peerage by Baroness Thatcher, describes in the recording how he destroyed Boothby's love letters in his wife after her death. Its existence was uncovered by Robert Rhodes James, the former MP for Cambridge and a distinguished winer, when he was researching for his bi-, ography of Boothby.

I have heard the recording and it's rather an eerie thing Macmillan describes how he destroyed Bob's letters in Rhodes James said. Dorothy," Mr Rhodes James: says in a BBC 2 documentary on retired states man rushing the Macmillans' marriage, which was torn by the affair.



Harold Macmillan with his wife, Lady Dorothy, and (right) her lover, Bob Boothby

"He had an outside incinertape were "And so it all ended ator and he didn't know how to Boothby then added: "And work it. He piled all the letters so it ended." Macmillan outlived in the incinerator and the wind Lady Dorothy, who was the got up. Suddenly, the letters daughter of the Duke of were flying all round the garden. and he was chasing them," Mr Devonshire, by 20 years.

The programme, which is part of a series called Reputa-One has this picture of this tions, argues that the former prime minister's personal around and trying to capture unhappiness at being cuckoldand burn the letters of his wife's ed by Boothby, to whom he gave



Macmillan's last words on the a peerage when he was in office, the were 'And so it all ended greatly intensified his political ambitions. It suggests he might never

bave risen to the leadership if the affair had not happened The programme also portrays Macnullan as a scheming liar when he prevented Rab Butler from winning the Tory party leadership. The picture is at odds with his affable "neverhad-it-so-good" image.

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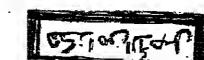
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Scots taste the high life as ban on salmon 'caviar' is lifted

JOHN ARLIDGE Scotland Correspondent

A 128-year-old law has been repealed to allow Scottish salmon farmers to start selling their own version of caviar

The law which forced fish farmers to throw away the eggs their young salmon produce was introduced after pressure from the landed gentry hecause poachers were using the eggs as hait to catch wild fish from the salmon-rich Tay and Tweed.

As recently as 1994 a supermarket in Edinburgh was ordered to remove tins of Norwegian salmon roe from its shelves after the wife of Scotland's salmon bailiff spotted the illegal goods while shopping. But intense lobbying from an industry which each year sells more than 70,000 tons of fish worth £250m has forced the

By August, when salmon begin to produce eggs, fish farmers will process the roe, tin it. and the new British delicacy will



Insider trading: the roe that can now be legally sold

delicatessen around the country in time for Christmas. A 250g tin will cost around £12.

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Salmon farmer Alastair Barge says the roe reminds him of the

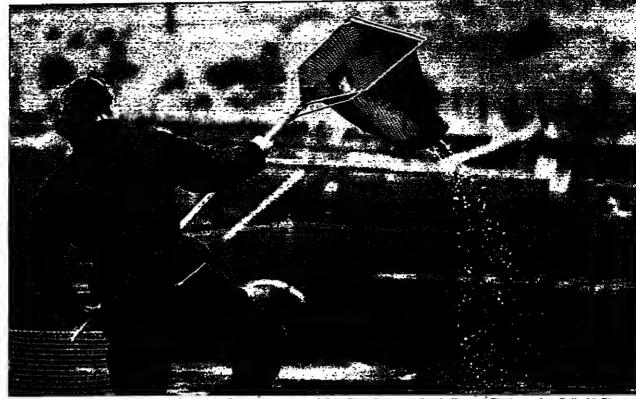
has taken orders from Japan, where consumers eat more than 10,000 tons of roe each year. "So far the market prospects look

promising," he said.
William Crowe, chief executive of the Scottish Salmon Growers' Association, agrees He helieves the Scots caviar market could be worth up to £15m a year. "Norwegian and Japanese roe sell widely across the world and, with its good name, Scottish salmon will sell,

"It is crazy that it has taken so long for fish farmers, who make the highest quality smoked salmon, to be able to sell this premium by-product."

Salmon-smokers and chefs argue that few people will fol-low Russian diners and eat the eggs with brown hread and lemon vodka. The roe is more likely to be used as a garnish on

fish, shellfish and in salads. Rohert Camphell-Preston, of the Highland Inverswe Smokehouse, said: "Salmon caviar is delicious. Add a good dollop on an oyster and it has



Clean catch: Fish farm worker Douglas Forrest nets an Atlantic salmon at Loch Fyne Photographs: Colin McPherson,

cod liver oil his mother gave a terrific effect." Mr Barge take its place alongside the Whether Britons will enjoy finest Russian Beluga in Harhim. But restaurants are already hopes it will do the same for his rods, Fortnum and Masons and the new luxury food is unclear. showing interest and Mr Barge WE NEED MORE CUSTOMER RESPONSE, OLIVER. GET ONTO IT. WILL YOU? WORLD YES SIR. OLIVER D CLAIRE LATER ... I PUT IN A FREECALL NUMBER, SIR. AND WE'VE INCREASED OUR RESPONSES BY 2,000. RIGHTY~HO. MERCURY CAN SHOW YOU 0 HOW THEIR FREECALL 0500 NUMBER IS ALMOST YES, DEAR. MY IDEA HAS BROUGHT IN **CERTAIN TO INCREASE** A LOT OF EXTRA RESPONSES. LET'S CELEBRATE WITH A SHORT YOUR RESPONSE HOLIDAY. DO YOU FANCY GLENEAGLES OR ST. ANDREWS? RATE DRAMATICALLY. STILL DEALING WE CAN'T DO ANYTHING WITH ALL RIGHT NOW. THE EXTRA THE BOSS HAS GONE **ENQUIRIES?** TO SCOTLAND FOR 6 WEEKS. FreeCall 0500 500 400

Insecurity over jobs 'rife in UK workforce'

COLIN BROWN Chief Political Correspondent

Nearly 9 million people - one in four of the working population - have had a taste of unemployment since the last general election, according to figures issued by the Labour Party, "Job insecurity stalks the land," Gordon Brown, the shadow Chancellor, said.

Mr Brown said the figures showed why the Government has been unable to revive the "feel-good" factor. They were released to pre-empt an upbeat message in a Commons debate on the economy today led by the Chancellor, Kenneth Clarke, who has called the debate to draw attention to the economy and the housing market, with low interest rates and low inflation, highlighted in

the Independent on Saturday. But Labour said the analysis by the House of Commons library, using Central Statistical Office figures showed that job insecurity was rife. The survey used the CSO's computer-based data for the first time. It has tracked a 5 per cent sample of National Insurance numbers since 1982 to show the length between spells of unemploy-ment and the number of times a person has been jobless. The survey shows that one in three men and one in five women suffered at least one period of unemployment since 1992.

A total of 8.7 million people have experienced at least one period of unemployment since 1992. A total of 10 million have suffered unemployment since 1990, when John Major took of-

the last 10 years. Mr Brown, who will be presenting the figures today at a Labour conference on women, with Tony Blair, the party leader, said the findings would be the backdrop for the general election.

"Job insecurity is so widespread, the Chancellor cannot claim that the housing market or the consumer market is moving forward in the way that it should be. The extent of joh insecurity is going to be a central feature of the general elec-

tion. It is suffered right acros all social groups, all professions

and manual occupations." He claimed ministers hav been sitting on the data and refusing to release it, because they were embarrassed at the findings. In London, a total of 1.4 million people have expenenced at least one period of un employment since 1992. The figure for the rest of the Southeast region is an additional 1.3 million. The total for the Northwest has also topped 1 million.

Mr Clarke, meanwhile, is resisting pressure from Eurofice. Half of all people who are currently unemployed were in their last job for less than a year.

A quarter of all unemployed men have suffered five or more terms of unemployment during resisting pressure from Europe resisting pressure from Europe resisting pressure from Europe are resisting pressure from Europe resistance from Europe resistance resis

Thai inquiry over woman's arrest

Authorities in Thailand have started investigating a claim by a 55-year-old British woman who says she had to pay more than £5,000 to That police over

a trumped-up drugs charge.
British police this week finished taking statements from Shirlee Cook, a grandmother from Ealing, West London, who claims she was falsely arrested and beaten up by police in Thailand while on holiday last year. The statements are to be year. The statements are to be passed via Interpol to the Thai authorities for investigation.

Mrs Cook says she won her freedom after five days in jail only by pleading guilty and paying what the police demanded. She insists she was innocent of possessing any drugs. Her anger at her detention has been fuelled by the discourage that the actual by the discovery that the actual fine for the offence was just £25. Both the Foreign Office and Thai officials have promised to

Mrs Cook said yesterday: for her freedom.

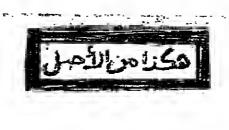
"I'm pleased something seems to be happening at last and they seem to be taking this seriously. I'm hoping that they will get to the bottom of what actually happened so that nobody has to go

Her ordeal began on the last night of a two-week trip with Air-tours, one of Britain's higgest travel firms, to Thailand last Noband were sitting at a bar in Patong, northern Thailand

searched at the police station. Police produced a small amount of hashish which they claimed

She spent five days in jail before appearing in court. Mr. Cook returned to Britain to police for his wife's release. Back in Britain Mrs Cook wa

port translated and realised she had been fined £25. She believe



When mankind meets machine, Mercury can help.

Schoolboy 'trapped by burden of care'

Court ruling sought over obligation to epileptic mother

There is little to distinguish 10year-old Sean Benjamin from other boys of his age, except that he spends most of his time outside school nursing an epilep-

Annabel Benjamin, 35, can hlack out and have a violent fit and Sean is often the only person on hand to help her.
Later this week, his case is ex-

pected to be heard in the High Court in an attempt to force Tower Hamlets council to pro-vide assistance. Nicola McIntosh, a solicitor who specialises in community care cases, is seeking a judicial review on be-half of Sean and his mother in order to compel the local authority to assess their needs under the community care and children's legislation. Even if the assessment is carried out, it does not automatically mean help will

Ms Benjamin has been epileptic since Sean was born and has an average of three fits a day. A fit can leave her unconscious and sometimes she needs to be hospitalised.

She is virtually a prisoner in her own home. Apart from shopping and visits to the DSS and the council, she seldom ventures out, terrified that she will pass out in the street. "No one around here cares," she said. "I have hlacked out in the court-yard of the flats and heen ignored. Neighbours think I am a freak - I feel totally isolated.

"Sometimes I can sense a fit coming and am able to sit down and take deep breaths. If not, I lose control and find myself waking up in bed. I have bitten my tongue and sometimes soiled the bed. And when I ask Sean how I got there, he tells me he put me into bed."
Annabel, who has a second

floor flat in a tower block, is convinced ber condition is compounded by stress. For than a decade she has been fighting to. be re-housed as she is unable to use the lifts and has fallen down the stairs several times. Another worry is that the

hour's walk from the flat. "Fortunately someone takes Sean to school for me but he is often late because he is looking after me. He is very bright but is often dis-tracted at school because he worries about me. It is not fair that a 10-year-old cannot enjoy his childhood hecause be feels ohliged for me. I am proud of him but I feel so guilty.

To ease the hurden, their solicitor aims to secure a ground floor flat with warden support. Ms McIntosh said: "I also hope the need for a sitting service for Annabel will be recognised so that Sean can pursue activities outside school." The legal action is the second

to be taken by carers to force a local authority to assess their needs. The first was in January when Ms McIntosh represented another 10-year-old boy who cares for his bousebound mother who also suffers fits. Following the hearing an assessment was made. But Ms McIntosh said the case was likely to return to court because the recommendations were unsatisfactory.



Family ties: Annabel Benjamin and her son Sean. 'I em proud of him but I feel so guilty'

Surgeon with HIV 'no risk'

A surgeon with the HtV virus yesterday said the risk to his patients would be "infinitesimally small" if he was allowed to return to the operating theatre.

Professor George Browning. a leading ear specialist and the United Kingdom's first sur-geon publicly known to be HIVpositive, said he was optimistic about being able to return.

"I would be delighted, not just for me but for the patients. said Prof Browning, who said his patients and colleagues supported the move.

An advisory panel was now considering his request, he told BBC Radio Scotland.

He said he had made his request on the basis that with his specialist micro-surgery - mainly carried out with a microscope - there was a very low risk of him infecting a patient, and only an "infinitesimally small" risk of him cutting himself.

He believed the panel would ultimately conclude that the risks were minimal - "and could virtually be forgotten".

Starfruit seeds spring to life in restored ponds

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Environment Correspondent

A century ago, Britain was still dotted with tens of thousands of small ponds on commons, village greens and roadsides for farm animals to drink from. Their heavily trampled banks were muddy and the water level rose and fell with the rainfall. At the end of summer, there were large areas of dried out

The starfruit was well adapted for coping with the difficult conditions that life on the edge of these ponds presented to water plants. It produced large seeds which either sunk to the



The starfruit Photograph: Peter Wakely/English Nature

bottom or floated, usually to the water's edge. These would only germinate after they have been in dried out mud then re-wetted, hut if this did not happen. the seeds would remain viable for decades.

So while the annual plant died out at the end of summer, the specialised seeds could restart the cycle of life when the autumn rains flooded the dried out mud banks. Cattle helped move the seeds from habitat to habitat on their hooves.

Most of these ponds have dis-

Heritage of the wild

iment, trees and scrub because they were no longer needed. Once fairly common as far north as Yorkshire, the starfruit was restricted to just three ponds by 1990, one in Surrey and two in Buckinghamshire.

But when one pond in the Chilterns was cleaned out and cleared of scrub and trees by local conservationists, the starfruit reappeared in profusion because its seeds were still in the mud and the right condition for their germination was created. This experience has been repeated at a handful of other

The starfruit gets its name because its small white flowers turn into green fruits which resemble six-pointed stars, each point bearing two seeds. It is no relation to the exotic fruit import now found in your local

A committee of wildlife conservationists, academics, government biologists and civil ervants has included it on a list of 116 British plant and animal species. A rescue plan has been drawn up for each specie because it is rare or rapidly declining.
The starfruit has already

been returned to several of its old ponds by the conservation charity, Plantlife, either through restoration work which has reawakened long dormant seeds or by importing the plant.

The committee says it should he returned to at least 10 of its old sites by 2004. It suggests all of its known sites today should become government-designated Sites of Special Scientific nterest, which would give them some measure of protection from development and damage. The rescue plan, which is centred on ensuring a few ponds are managed in a way which favours this rare plant, has been costappeared now, filled with sed- ed £4,000 a year.

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Children stop women smoking

GLENDA COOPER

Having children makes a woman more likely to give up smoking, and the more children she has, the more likely she is

quit as well-off mothers, ac-cording to the Imperial Cancer Research Fund, a finding which challenges the belief that the stress of earing for children in deprived circumstances prevents women from quitting-

The findings, published in the journal Addiction, have imporlant implications, as smoking by parents carries an approximate doubling of the risk that their children will take up smoking in adolescence. The report analysed data on 16,000 16-40. 49-year-olds.

Poor people are less likely than the rich to give up smoking unless a woman has children. The odds on quitting among parents about presentincrease by almost 40 per cent for a woman with one child, and:

Being a father has less influ ence. It is increases the likelihood of stopping by 25 per cent.

stronger evidence of quitting than younger adults. In men and women aged 30 or less there was Poor women are as likely to no evidence of increased rates of stopping smoking in those with dependent children.

This is the first time research has revealed the beneficial effects of children on their parents smoking. The results were independent of major socio-economic influences on quitting.

the ICRF health behaviour unit and author of the report said: These findings show parents with children are more likely to quit smoking, but don't tell us why. Likely explanations include household budgets, nagging from children, protecting children's health from second hand smoke and concern ing an appropriate role model. "It suggests money may not

be the most important motivating influence in quitting."

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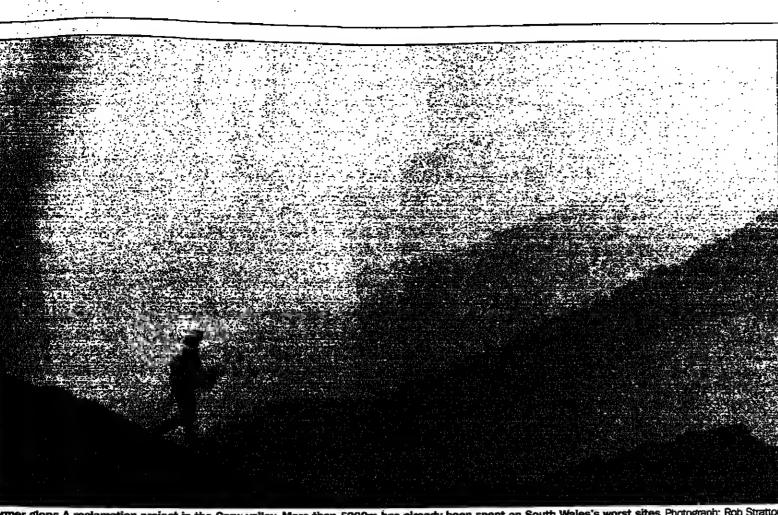
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Former glory: A reclamation project in the Garw valley. More than £200m has already been spent on South Wales's worst sites Photograph: Rob Stratton

South Wales makes its valleys green again

MICHAEL PRESTAGE

The remote and tranquil landscape of the South Wales valleys. which was transformed by the ravages of the Industrial Revolution, is slowly being restored. The latest phase will be a 480km network of parks to complete the "greening of the valleys" at a cost of £88m.

The idea of turning the

scarred landscape into an environmental asset for both the local communities and potential investors is not new. It was a process started in

1966 after the Aberfan landslip disaster in which 116 children and 28 adults died. The latest initiative will continue that work into the 21st century. And while outside Wales there may persist a perception that the valleys are all slag heaps and colliery winding gear

the reality is different. "Anybody who has lived in the South Wales valleys for the past 20 years will have been

deputy planning officer with Mid-Glamorgan County Couneil. The importance of the Valley Parks scheme is that it will bring everything together and link what has gone before. With this money a lot can be achieved over a short space of

It is hoped to restore the natural beauty of the river valleys and create a series of footpaths. cycleways and bridleways. Riverside habitats will be improved and flora and fauna encouraged to return. Aiready the Welsh Develop-

ment Agency, which took on the role from the Welsh Office in 1976, has reclaimed 7,000 acres of the worst sites and has spent around £200m. Rivers like the Taff and Afan, which were once so polluted no fish could survive. now boast salmon. The WDA currently has 40 projects under way to restore 3,000 acres of for-

mer industrial land. An example of what can he

that is visible when you travel achieved is the former steel around" said Gordon Hall, deputy planning officer with deputy planning officer with is underway. But not at the ex-pense of the town's industrial heritage whose key sites are being preserved.

The river Taff now boasts a trail stretching 7t) miles from Cardiff Bay to the Brecon Beacons that takes advantage of disused railway tracks and the course of the now dry bed of the Merthyr to Cardiff Canal. Similar initiatives are planned in

other valleys. Gwyn Griffiths, for the WDA, said: "A process that started after Aberfan for safety reasons was then seen as an opportunity to create space for

Over the last decade we have gone further and environmental improvements and reclamation are seen as the first step in a regeneration process that involves creating communities that can survive with johs, a good environment and a good quality of life."

1secu Elderly get wer jo insurance ife in deal to beat orkfo care costs

COLIN BROWN Chief Political Correspondent

to tackle the row over the elderly being forced to sell their homes to get state aid for their long-term care, Peter Lilley, the Social Security Secretary. said vesterday:

The consultation document will include a "partnership scheme" under which the elderly will be allowed to keep more of their assets, providing they take out insurance for long-term care.

scheme, if they insured for term care will be made com long-term care costing up to £50,000, they would be allowed to keep assets worth up to £50,000 in addition to their current state allowance of £16,000 on capital, before they would be required to contribute to the cost of their care. The premiums could cost about £10,000 spread over a number of years, he said.

Ministers are hoping the scheme will answer growing unrest among Tory voters at the way in which the elderly are required to sell homes to qualify for state support for their longterm care.

The elderly could insure their long-term care for a fixed amount of care - say £50,000 or two years, Mr Lilley said. "If they stay longer than that and

haven't got insurance care after that, then they will be able to protect that amount of assets A Government Green Paper is on top of their £16,000. If they to be published before Easter are drawn down to that level, they would get help much ear-lier than would otherwise be the case."

Some senior Conservatives believe the current rules work against the party's policies for wealth creation and passing it down to the family. However, ministers have been forced to keep limits because of the spiralling cost of coping with peo-ple who are living longer.

There are fears that the pulsory. But Mr Lilley said: "If we possibly can, I would like to see us relying on a voluntary system rather than compulsion

"I never say never about anything but I am starting on the presumption that we will do it as a voluntary process." The Chancellor, Kenneth

Clarke, doubled the savings limit from £8,000 in the Budget last year, but many Tory MPs warned it was not enough to defuse the protests they were facing in their constituencies.

Harriet Harman, the Labour's health spokesman, found evidence in Government documents placed in the Commons library that some elderly people appeared to be under pressure by their homes to leave within a matter of weeks.

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@ **ED** G

Hurd to press Japanese over PoW damages

WILL BENNETT

Douglas Hurd, who resigned as Foreign Secretary last year, is to press the Japanese government to pay former Allied prisoners compensation for the brutal treatment they suffered during the Second World War.

He will meet government tepresentatives during a forthcoming business trip to Japan and use the contacts and diplomatic knowledge he acquired as Fureign Secretary to argue the ex-prisoners' case.

Seven former prisoners of war and civilian internces are sceling £14,000 compensation each and an apology in an unprecedented legal action in the Japanese courts. They are representing 22,000 ex-prisoners from Britain, Australia, New Zealand and the United States.

Mr Hurd, now free of the diplomatic restraints imposed by Office, recently met Arthur Titherington, one of the piaintiffs, who lives in his constituency - Witney in Oxford-

He told Mr Titherington, 74. secretary of the Japanese ciation, that he was sympathetic to the case of the former about £1,000 today.

prisoners and would do what he can to help them get compen-

Mr Hurd said: "I told him that I am interested in the case and that when I have occasion to visit Japan I would pursue the point. I think that there are ways of making progress on this and I will continue to press this."

Mr Titherington, who spent three and a half years in a Japanese Jabour camp, said Mr Hurd had visited him at home to discuss the case. "We talked about our claim for reparations or compensation and he said that he was going to Japan and that he would see what he could do to help. I have known all along that he has been sympathetic to the fact that morally we have a cast-iron case."

Last year, Mr Titherington told Tokyo District Court that he was regularly beaten and lortured when he was forced to work as a miner. Of more than 500 Allied prisoners who in 1942 entered the camp where he was held only 100 were still alive

at the end of the war. Under a treaty signed in 1951, former prisoners of the Labour Camp Survivors Asso- Japanese were given £76 compensation each, equivalent to

2.83

TOTAL SE SE HELD THE

Hamas suicide attack: Far-right calls for revenge after two identical bus blasts in eight days put peace process in jeopardy

Second bomb shatters Peres' election hopes

PATRICK COCKBURN

The bomh went off with a dull crump moments before 6.30am. Hamas had just declared a week-long truce so for a few seconds another suicide attack seemed unlikely. Then I heard the sound of sirens as police cars converged on a stretch of Jaffa Road 200yds from my apartment.

As I walked towards where the bomb appeared to have gone off I saw the tall figure of Lars Petersen, a Danish radio journalist, who shouted: "It's worse than last time." Just down the road I could see the blackened skeleton of a bus outside a flower shop where I bought some tulips the day before. With its roof blown off and its sides ripped out, it looked exactly like the bus destroyed by a suicide bomber half à mile further along the Jaffa Road a week before.

By now Israeli radio said there were at least 10 dead. Looking at the wreckage of the hus, with only a small strip of its red-and-white paint surviving, it seemed unlikely that anybody could have got out alive. A soldier had thrown a white sheet over one body lying on the ground. A man in a skull cap and wearing white surgical gloves was staring, appalled, at a piece of bone with some flesh attached which was lying in the

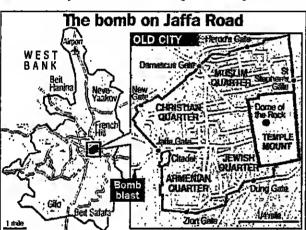
The suicide bomber deto-

killed him and 18 fellow passengers, just as hus number 18 passed the central post office. travelling down Jaffa Road away from the old city of Jerusalem. He may have just boarded the hus one stop before, which is only a few minutes walk from Palestinian districts in East Jerusalem. The hus appeared to have gone on moving after it exploded, because the shops 20vds hehind it

were the worst damaged. It was a carbon copy of the suicide attack which had killed 25 people six stops further along Jaffa Road the Sunday before. The only difference was that yesterday's bomb exploded about 15 minutes earlier. To show that there is no defence against a man who is prepared to kill himself, the homber later named as Islam Mohammed, 24, from Hehron had boarded the same number bus which comes from Katamon district in Jerusalem. The security guard on board - 800 are heing hired - and the sealing off of Jerusalem from the West

Bank had made no difference. The devastating political impact of the second bus bomb on Shimon Peres, the Prime Minister, was immediately evident. Some ultra-orthodox Jews from the nearby Mea She arim district were shouting: "Peres get out. We don't want you." Ordinary passers-by were also angry. One man kept shouting Do something. Do something."
When Mr Peres arrived he

nated his explosives, which was greeted with jeers. He had



Clinton powerless to rescue peace

As it publicly condemned a er Arafat, the PLO chairman, "grotesque and uncivilised act and Mr Peres ahead of the 29 of terrorism", the Clinton administration was searching somehow to prevent vesterday's deadly bomh blast on a Jerusalem bus from destroying the Israeli-Palestinian peace process in its entirety, writes

Rupert Cornwell.
In a statement, President Bill Clinton expressed America's "anger and anguish at this terrible crime". and its support for the draconian measures promised by the Prime Minister Shimon Peres against the hreakaway Hamas terrorist group which has claimed responsibility. "Peace-makers must be as resolute as are the destroyers of peace in acting to confront the terrorists," the White House said.

Less clear, however, is what Washington can do to halt a campaign seemingly deliberately

May elections in Israel, in which the right-wing Likud party, op-posed to the peace process, could return to power. Indirect-ly Mr Clinton election chances could be at risk, if the bombings wreck arguably his biggest foreign

ren Christopher, was speaking with Mr Arafat yesterday to examine new measures the Palestinian authorives in the West Bank and Gaza Strip could take to choke off Hamas.

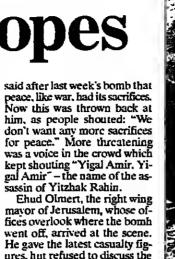
But apart from leaning on Egypt, Jordan and its other Arab friends in the region to give no comfort to the terrorists, there seemed little Washington could do. The administration accepts that progress towards a complete settlement between Israel and the Palestinians is probably out of the question. Indeed everything that has been

was a voice in the crowd which kept shouting "Yigal Amir, Yigal Amir" - the name of the assassin of Yitzhak Rahin.

needs the peace process? Only a month ago polls were

showing that a record 59 per

Yasser Arafat's round up of the usual suspects in Gaza and the West Bank last week had not impressed Mr Rosenberg or, indeed, many other Israelis. Yet be could see that permanent



Ehud Olmert, the right wing mayor of Jerusalem, whose offices overlook where the bomh went off, arrived at the scene. He gave the latest casualty figures, hut refused to discuss the political effect of what had happened. He did not really need to. Mr Peres and Labour, who appeared assured of a landslide two weeks ago, are now likely to lose the election on 29 May. "I've had it with peace," said the owner of a newsagents within sight of the burnt out bus: "We gave the Palestinians what they said they wanted and now we have 47 dead in one week. So who

cent of Israelis approved of the Oslo accords. The right-wing Likud party was trying to think of ways of pulling back from its outright opposition to agreement with the Palestinians. This was why Mr Peres decided that Lahour should go to the polls six months early. It is a decision he must now regret. Visitors who have seen him in private in recent days say he is distraught and exhausted. He shows people an encouraging fax from a 10-year-old girl saying the peace process is bound to have

Ari Rosenberg, a religious Jew who owns a toy sbop, oul-side which crowds were shouting for Mr Peres to resign, said:
"This is not the way. We should not be so impulsive. Arafat [the PLO leader] will bave to do something, or Israelis will abandon Peres. He will have to get rid of Hamas or there won't be



Grim search: Ultra-orthodox Jews sift wreckage for remains of victims of yesterday

closure of the West Bank and Gaza from Israel "has its good and had side. Maybe it will protect us a little, but if you have a real peace, you must live with

Standing in the street in the rain, Yehuda Hadar, a grizzled 47-year-old, had a more direct approach. Asked how be would stop suicide bombs he said be agreed with General Rehavam Ze'evi, leader of the far-right Moledel party, who said that "every time a bus is blown up here we should blow up two buses in Nablus and Jenin [in the West Bank]." Mr Hadar hesitated after repeating this suggestion, saying it was against Jewish morality, but he was convinced that Mr Arafat bad outwitted the Israeli government and was the hidden band behind the bombings.

example, but most Israelis feel that Mr Arafat could and should have done more, "Do you know about the attempted attack by five Hamas men on the settlement at Gush Katif near Gaza?"
Mr Hadar asked. "Why didn't
Arafat stop that?" He repeated a story that Mr Arafat had se-cretly told Arab diplomats that he would make life "so miser-

naturally duplicitous and liked The problem is that nobody knows how to stop a suicide bomber. Mr Hadar suggested deporting their families and blowing up their houses. These were Israeli methods in the past, but are unlikely to deter somebody prepared to die. Nor

are more stringent security

able for the Jews that they

would leave Israel of their own

accord". Arabs, be added, were

stops Palestinians going to work hut it is usually simple for somebody without a car to get through. The hombers of a week ago came from al-Fawwar refugee camp outside Hebron where overall security is in the hands of the Israelis.

As a fork-lift truck dragged away the remains of bus 18, there was a screech of metal as its underside scraped along the road. The small sbops, which were not too badly damaged, began to reopen with surprising speed. Their owners stoically ignored the demonstrators oulside. Customers also came back. In Mr Rosenberg's toy shop a woman came in to buy coloured balloons. "I opened up the shop today," said Mr Rosenberg, "so I could tell friends who phone that I am all right and to measures likely to help. Closure show that life still goes on."

Onward march of terrorist violence

Attacks by Muslim militarits in Israel since the signing of the first Israel-PLO peace agreement In September 1993: April 1994 - A Palestinian

parks a car rigged with explo-sives next to a bus in Afula, northern Israel. Nine people are killed. Hamas claims the attack. 13 April 1994 - A Palestinian blows himself up on a bus in the .central town of Hadera. Six people are killed. Hamas claims re-

19 October 1994 - A Palestinian suicide bomber kills 22 in a bus explosion in Tel Aviv. Hamas claims responsibility. 12 November 1994: A suicide bomber in the Gaza Strip kills three Israeli soldiers and himself. Islamic Jihad claims responsibility.

25 December 1994 - A Pales-

Islamic Jihad, kills 21 people. 9 April 1995 - Two bombers hlow themselves up outside two Jewish settlements in the Gaza Strip, killing seven Israeli soldrers and an American student. Hamas and Islamic Jinad claim responsibility.

24 July 1995 - A suicide bomber blows up a commuter bus in Tel Aviv, killing six Israelis and wounding 2B. Hamas claims responsibility. 21 August 1995 - A suicide

bomber blows up. hus in Jerusalem, killing four Israelis and one American. Hamas ·claims responsibility. 25 February 1996 - Two sui-

cide bombers, on a commuter bus in Jerusalem, and in the coastal city of Ashkelon, kill 26. Hamas claims responsibility. 26 February 1996 - An Arabtinian bomber wounds 12 in a American drives his car into a suicide attack on a commuter bus stop in Jerusalem, killing one bus in Jerusalem. Hamas claims woman. The driver was killed. woman. The driver was killed. Hamas claimed responsibility. 22 January 1995 – Two Palestinians blow themselves up at the Beit Lid junction in central Israel. The blast, claimed by Hamas claims responsibility.

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Mr Hadar may be an extreme Shadowy militants exult in revenge for martyr's death

PATRICK COCKBURN

The militant Islamic Hamas policy achievement. The Secretary of State, Warmovement immediately claimed responsibility in Gaza and Jerusalem for yesterday's bombing saying it was the last attack while it waited for Israel's response to its offer of a three month truce. It said the units of the martyr Yahyah Avvash announce their responsibility for the martyrdom operation in the beart of Jerusalem this

morning".
The suicide-homber was named as Islam Mohammed, 24, from Hehron, south of Jerusalem, according to a PLO official. The identity of the organisation behind the three bomhings in the last week ireprocess, by weakening both Yass- achieved thus far could be at risk. mains unclear, but appears to who is helind the attack."

be cells which have split off from the Izzedine al-Qasim military wing of Hamas.

Hamas supporters say the split took place because the political leadership did not want to avenge Ayyash, the so-called engineer assassinated with a booby-trapped mobile phone on 5 January. Its ability to strike at the same number bus - number 18 - exactly a week, almost to the minute, after its first bombings, shows those behind it are well organised. Earlier, Yasser Arafat, the

chairman of the PLO, declared that the military wing of Hamas and Islamic Jihad were illegal. He described the bombing as a "terrorist, dangerous and serious act." and said: "It is not just against Israel hut against the Palestinians and the peace process. 1 strongly condemn

Sheikh Sayed Abu-Msameh, a prominent Hamas leader, said be was against the killing of civilians hut described the attacks as retaliatory.

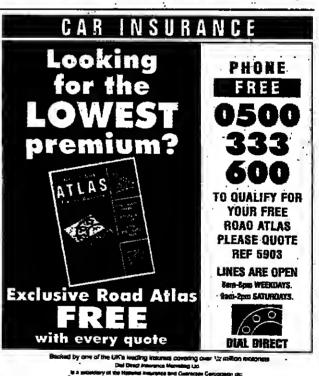
He said he favoured a truce, if Israel agrees to it. But in Gaza there were some Palestinians who approved of the attacks. "I'm proud of what happened, regardless of the consequences." said Abu-Ahmed, a driver. "The attack in itself will fulfill the hopes of the Palestinian people to take back Jerusalem. Hassan Ayyab, 60, was even more direct.
The Oslo accords achieved nothing for us, as we still feel insecure. I hope three huses

blow up every day," he said. The statement issued by the shadowy organisation behind the bombers gives some idea of its aims. It says it has achieved its main aim of avenging Ayyash and will balt attacks for three

months, so that Hamas and the Israeli government can talk through the mediation of the Palestinian Authority. The truce will be cancelled if the Shin Bet, the Israeli security agency, pursues Hamas or Izzedine al-

Qasim members. Addressing the Israeli people, the statement says: "We tell you calmly that neither Labour nor Likud will offer you security as long as your government uses terrorism against us, and con-tinues to arrest our people. The closure and all security measures will not prevent us from striking whenever, and

The statement warns "brothers" from Izzedine al-Qasim against offering a truce, as they did last week. It says also that the Palestine Authority should stop arresting and torturing members of Hamas.



'Peace of the brave' blown to smithereens

DAVID HOROVITZ

Yasser Arafat liked to call it "the peace of the brave. Only he wasn't brave enough to make it work. And yesterday, as another number 18 bus blew up in central Jerusalem, was the day that proved it. Yitzhak Rabin used to say

that he had taken "a gamble for peace" - gambling that Mr Arafat was a partner who could deliver. Yesterday, as they scraped the human flesh off the huildings on Jaffa Road again. that gamble came up empty.

A few hours after the latest

Hamas suicide bomber hlew up himself and 18 innocent Israelis to smithereens, Mr Arafat sent out a convoy of armoured personnel carriers into the strects of Gaza. And he spoke of his determination "to take serious steps ... to prevent these awful terrorist activities."

The rhetoric was impressive.

But the sight of yet another hus reduced to mangled strips of metal spoke louder still.

Rahin was right to attempt reconciliation with the Palestinians, right to recognise that only Mr Arafat had the credi-bility to make it work, right to realise that unless he took a chance back in September 1993. the shift in Palestinian public sympathies from PLO moderation to Hamas viciousness would soon render Mr Arafat

marginal.
The problem was that Mr Arafat wanted it all: peace with Israel, but no confrontation with the and-peace forces

among his own population. From the spring of 1994, through to the summer of 1995, the bombers staged attack after attack inside Israel. Mr Arafat's condemnations were tardy and sometimes equivocal. But he privately assured the Rahin

Personal view: PLO leader blamed for failing to deal with extremists

Rahin felt able to joke light-



In shock: Two women in Jerusalem after the bombing

government he was doing his the West Bank was signed at the best to counter the militants. White House last September, And from late last summer, the situation calmed. So much so heartedly with Mr Arafat. Two that when the Oslo II accord ex-panding Palestinian self-rule in to shake the PLO leader's hand.

ed. it looked too late to change a fait accompli. And by last December, when Israeli troops left Bethlehem in time for Mr Arafat's joyous Christmas homecoming, the autonomy process seemed to have moved beyond the point of no return. But a week ago Hamas shattered the optimism. Suicide

bombers struck twice; once to devastating effect in Jerusalem, and then in Ashkelon. Now was the time for Mr Arafat to prove himself. At an extraordinary meeting, the Is-raeli army's chief of staff, An-mon Shahak, handed Mr Arafat a list of 15 names - the Hamas members hehind the bombings. Go and get them, he de-manded. Stop them before they

strike again. But Mr Arafat did not go and get them. Instead his security possible, to find a majority of Is-forces arrested hundreds of al-

leged Islamic radicals - hut not

one from the Israeli list.

And so when the bombers struck, it wasn't just another attack. It looked like the end of the road. Because no Israeli goverroment, no matter how committed to co-existence, no matter how understanding of Mr Arafat's internal difficulties, can afford to leave the security of its citizens in the hands of an unresponsive "partner".

As Israel now tries to halt the

bombings, it may resort to sending the army back into areas newly handed over to Mr Arafat's control. Indeed, there are those who believe Mr Arafat is secretly hoping Israel will do the joh for him - take on the militants with the determination he has felt unable to display. Perhaps. What is certain is that the

confrontation will come. Mr Arafat has ducked it. And it will be all the harder, probably im-possible, to find a majority of Is-

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ROBERT MILLIKEN

The stunning general election victory of John Howard. Australia's new Prime Minister, will slow moves lowards making Australia a republic - but it will not change the direction of

Taking up the pro-republic momentum generated by Paul Keating, the defeated Labor prime minister, will be nowhere near the top of Mr Howard's list of priorities. The overwhelming victory by the conservative Lib-eral Party, headed by Mr Howard, and its National Party coalition partner means that Australia is likely to take a longer and more winding road towards a republican future.

Mr Howard, whose victory was the culmination of a 22-year political career, comes from the conservative heartland of middle Australia. He believes that Australia's Constitutional links with the British monarchy have served it well and that Mr Keating had pursued a new trade and foreign policy focus for Australia in Asia at the expense of traditional ties with Britain and the United States.

Claiming victory before cheering supporters in Sydney on Saturday, he said he would take his "emphatic mandate" of a possible 50-seat majority in parliament as a signal to change all that. We have not been elected just to be a pale imitation of the government we're replacing," he declared

Yet even Mr Howard, nicknamed "Honest John", has been obliged to acknowledge that the tide of history has turned public opinion in multicultural Australia increasingly against retaining the Queen as head of state. Opinion polls show that a majority of people; especially younger Australians, favour replacing her with an Australian president, Despite



Overwhelming victory: Liberal leader John Howard acknowledges supporters' cheers in Sydney after his election win on Saturday Photograph: Reuter

public agenda for a referendum before 2000, Mr Howard has pledged to set up a convention in 1997 to examine reforms to Australia's 19th-century written constitution, including changing the head of state.

Reiterating his pledge during the election campaign, Mr Howard said that, if a consensus on a republican model emerged from the convention, the government would put that consensus to Australians in a referendum. If there was no consensus, then the government would hold a series of nonhinding plebiscites on options. "If this country is ever to be-come a republic," Mr Howard said. "it ought to be a uniting and unifying moment in our his-

tory, not an occasion which leaves a section of the population feeling as though they weren't properly consulted."

Even as the Labor Party recled from its déback vesterday, the question of maintaining its drive towards an Australian republic was being discussed in the event that the party could return to power in 1999 after one term of coalition government. After Mr Keating announced his intention to resign as Labor leader on Saturday, party strategists and surviving MPs began closing ranks around Kim Beazley, the former Minister for Finance and former deputy prime minister, as his most likely successor. Bob Hawke, the former La-

bor prime minister whom Mr Keating unseated as party leader four years ago, described Mr Beazley as a "warm, avuncular, cuddly bloke" with great experience and a "first-class mind". Mr Beazley, a former Rhodes Scholar, was himself struggling last night to retain his constituency of Brand, in Westem Australia. Asked vesterday if republicanism was a high priority for him, he replied; "It is, and it's of great importance

for the country."
Republicanism, however, had little, if anything, to do with La-bor's massacre at the polls on Saturday, its most shattering election defeat since 1975 when Gough Whitlam's Labor

coalition landslide. After votecounting stopped on Saturday night. Mr Keating's government appeared to have lost 30 seats. Depending on distribution of preference voics from marginal constituencies, Labor may be left with 47 seats in the 148seat House of Representatives. Three Keating ministers lost their seuts, and three more are unlikely to survive when counting resumes today.

Labor suffered a national negative voting swing of 5 per cent. In New South Wales, the most populous state, and Mr Keating's power base, the anti-Labor swing was 9 per cent. Labor reaped a backlash there from the unpopularity of the government was swamped in a state government beaded by

Bob Carr, the only remaining federal or state Labor administration in the country, Ironically, some of that hacklash came from an outery over Mr Carr's decision in January 10 downgrade the vice-regal role of the state governor, a decision he belatedly reversed the day before the federal election.

Mr Keating lost the election largely because, after 13 years of Labor government, his brand of "vision politics" had ceased to strike a chord with Australians who were looking for answers to more fundamental questions such as national unemployment at 8.6 per cent, and three times that figure for youth unemployment in some areas.

Media battle, page 16

IN BRIEF

Sierra Leone election run-off

Freetown - Presidential elections to end military rule in Sierra Leone will go to a second round between the top two candidates after voting last Monday and Tuesday failed to produce an outright winner. Electoral commission chairman James Jonah said he would meet political parties and the head of state, Brigadier-General Julius Maada Bio, to discuss the second round. Ahmad Tejan Kabbah of the Sierra Leone People's Party potted 35.8 per cent of votes and will face John Karefa-Smart of the United Natiunal People's Party, who had 22.6 per cent.

Russians and Chechens in gunbattle

Moscow - Russian troops fought a ficrce gunbattle with Chechen rebels after being ambushed in a village in western Chechnya, according to Russia's top military commander in Chechnya. General Vyacheslav Tikhomirov said there were dead and wounded as a result of the fighting in Sernovodsk. about 45km (30 miles) west of Chechnya's capital, Grozny, but he gave no details of the casualties.

Denktash suffers heart attack

Nicosia - The Turkish Cypriot leader Rauf Denktash suffered a heart attack in the night and is in lotensive care, his doctor said. He is 72 and has never had a heart attack before," Dr Sait Kenan said. "His attack can be linked to his age. exhaustion and re-cent stress." Greece condemned Mr Denktash on Saturday for saying people missing since a 1974 Turkish invasion of Cyprus must be presumed dead.

Opposition pulls out of Iran poll

Tehran - Liberal opposition politicians said they would play no further part in campaigning for Iran's parliamentary elections.

A coalition of liberal Islamists from the Iran Freedom Movement, the National Front, and individual activists said the interior ministry, which is responsible for organising next Friday's elections. rejected on Saturday the group's request for permission to hold public meetings.

Rock stars die in air crash

Rio de Janeiro - All five members of one of Brazil's hottest rock bands, Mamonas Assassinas, died when their private jet crashed a few miles outside Sao Paulo. The crash on Saturday killed all nine people aboard, including two assistants for the band, the pilot and co-pilot. Their Leariet hit a mountain in the Serra da Cantareira range moments after traffic control at Sao Paulo's Guarulhos Airport gave the pilot approval to begin landing operations. The cause has not been determined.

Corpse confuses sled dog race

Anchorage - The world's most famous sledge dog race, the 1ditarod, began on Saturday amid confusion over a corpse found in the staging area. The normal frenzy that accompanies the start of the race was complicated by a police investigation into an unrelated fatal shooting that occurred a few hours before mushers and their dogs assembled in central Anchorage.

Meningitis kills over 1,000 in Nigeria

Lagos - An outbreak of spinal meningitis has killed 1,273 people in northern Nigeria since January, the military government said, adding that about 20 million Nigerians living in and around Kano state could be at risk. The Ministry of Health said 9.401 people had contracted spinal meningitis in the north since January. AP

Moderate Turks unite

HUGH POPE

Turkey's two centre-right parties pledged yesterday to put aside a decade_of destructive rivalry and to join a coalition government committed to a live-year programme of struc-

"We will disprove all the predictions of the pessimists." said the Motherland Party leader, Mesut Yilmaz, at a ceremony in the parliament building in Ankara. "We will keep all our promises."

According to the protocol, Mr Yilmaz will take this year and 1999 in a system of rotating premiership. The years 1997 and 1998 will be taken by the True Path Party leader, Tansu Ciller, with a nominee from her party becoming prime minister

year 2000.

the premiership was a sacrifice Democratic Left Party, led by I made in order to stop the [pro-Islamist] Welfare Party from coming to power," Mrs Ciller told the gathering of deputies and reporters.

24. The two centre-right parties won just over 19 per cent each, resulting in 135 seats for Mrs Ciller and 126 for Mr Yilmaz. "Our two parties have been

country, a precondition for all progress," Mrs Ciller said.

"Giving up the first year of

The Welfare Party came first with 21 per cent of the vote in the coalition protocol. Parbaelections held on December ment is expected to give a vote

fighting for the same votes. We think our coalition will be good for the political stability of the

The new centre-right coah-

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in the run-up to elections in the the Turkish names of the two parties, will, however, be relying on external support from the Bulent Ecevit.

And Mr Ecevit may stand in the way of much of the "stage-by-stage, comprehensive, fiveyear programme of structural change" which was promised in of confidence in the new ernment later this week.

The pro-Islamic Welfare Party has been greatly angered by the abrupt way it was frozen out of power, and it remains the biggest and hest-organised group in the Turkish parliament. If the centre-right fails to make good this time, the Islamists known they have a good chance tion, known as Anayol, or to win power outright at the next Mother Path, the contraction of general election.

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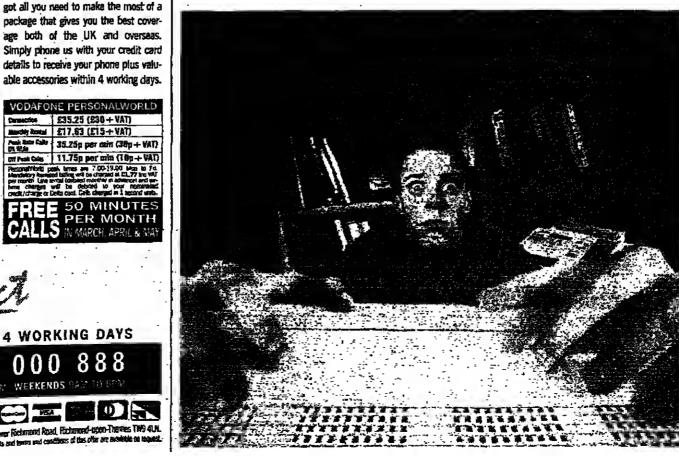
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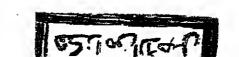
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international

Spain faces conservative change after election day 'fiesta'

Spain's conservative Popular Party claimed victory in yesterday's general elections after exit polls showed them well ahead of the ruling Socialist party. The polls showed the PP of Jose Maria Aznar a few sears short of an absolute majority. but the party spokesman Mariano Rajoy said the PP had won

gave the conservative party. contributed to the festive mood which was hidding to end 13 years of Socialist rule, between for the polling stations. 160 and 171 seats in the 350-seat parliament.

The Socialist party of Prime Minister Felipe Gonzalez was seen winning 120 to 135 seats. But a spokesman dismissed the polis as "mere studies", not to be taken at face value.

Yesterday's general election. the most decisive for 20 years, a sufficient majority to govern.

A state television exit poll esta. Blazing spring sunshine

The contest, expected to hring the conservatives to power after 13 years of Socialist rule. marked a historic change of course. Only 10 years separate Mr Aznar, 43, and Mr Gonzalez, 53, but they represent different political generations. A Socialist defeat rounds off the democratic transition from Franco's dictatorship, and confirms that Spain is not very dif-

ferent from any other European first generation not to knowciv-

The choice facing 32 millioo Spaniards yesterday was be-tween two men. For the first time, voters were oot conditioned by fears of revolution or military revolt. That is Mr Gonzalez's achievement. Mr Aznar is a child of the

transitioo, one who benefited from change but did not, like Mr Gonzalez's generation, make it happeo. If the Socialist victory in 1982 brought to power the

il war, a conservative victory brings in the first generation not to know dictatorship. Mr Gonzalez on the campaign trail hammered away at the historic gains of his rule, the welfare state, educational opportunity, healthcare, pensions. The decline in support for him does not

up under Mr Gonzalez do not see the silver-tongued firebrand of the 1980s, but the puffy, iso lated leader of a government that has presided, steeped in scandal, over the highest rate of Aznar says he will change all that, and many, especially the young, believe him, or at least mean that these achievements are oot valued: Spaniards accept them, criticise their shortcomings and want to move on. Youngsters who have grown

equalities, now they are political corruption and terrorism.

Mr Aznar has kept details of his programme under wraps, alunemployment in Europe. Mr. though he has talked of "aus-Aznar says he will change all territy" and "efficiency" which the socialists interpret as wel-· fare cuts and industrial streamwant to give him a chance. He lining. He promises a hard line promises clean government and against Basque terrorism. This jobs. Unemployment heads the strikes a chord, since the Solist of Spaniards' worries, just as cialists' record on ETA sepa-it did in 1976. But while 20 years ratists includes failed peace

ago the second and third wor-nes were prices and social in-which a former minister is up before the Supreme Court

Many have accepted Mr Aznar's insistence that his party represents the centre, and do oot expect sweeping changes. But there may be a change in custom and style. After Franco fell, an artistic flowering and relaxation of formalities made Spain among the most tolerant countries in Europe.

Cuban exiles join hands in grief Dole southern

One week to the hour after four fellow pilots were blown to pieces by Cuban MiG fighters. a dozen Cuban-American pilots circled the site of the shooting in small planes, prayed by radio with an accompanying priest and scattered flowers over the surging waves off Cuba in memory of their colleagues.

Those same 10-foot waves prevented a flotilla of more than 20 private cabin cruisers and fishing boats from reaching the site. 21 miles north-west of Havana, but the Cuban exiles' boats pulled up halfway between the Florida keys and Havana to sing the Cuban national anthem and toss wreaths into the sea before turning back.
As Cuban-Americans re-

membered the four pilots from the Brothers to the Rescue exile group, who died aboard two Cessna planes shot down the previous Saturday, Cuban leader Fidel Castro admitted he had given the order to shoot the group's planes down if they approached Cuba. He had done so after the group overflew the Havana maleconi (seafront) in January, dropping pro-democracy leaflets, "It was so numiliating." an unusually-candid Mr Castro said in an interview

in Time magazine. But for a few radical exiles and sea flotilla would spark another incident that might force the United States to take action against Cuba, most exiles expressed relief that the memorial services had passed peacefully.



foreign correspondents for the has caused the most tension in But for a few radical exiles first time, "to tell the world the who had hoped Saturday's air truth" should the exiles have

entered Cuban waters. The deaths of the four exiles, two of them born in the US, two in Cuba, may pale against the 1962 Cuban nuclear missile crisis in which President John F

US-Cuhan relations since then and helped unite an otherwisehickering community of 1 mil-

lioo Cubans in the US. At the last minute before Saturday's flotilia set out, escorted by a dozen armed US Coast Guard cutters, six helicopters Mr Castro sent out gunboats to Kennedy faced down Soviet and two C-130 surveillance sat on a runway, with cogines protect his waters, taking along leader Nikita Kruschev. But it planes, Mr Clinton declared a running, throughout Saturday.

state of emergency in southern Florida to preveot boats from leaving local waters without clearance. He also moved three navy warships to within sight of the flotilla and ordered a squadron of airforce F-15 fighter planes to Key West, the closest point to Cuha. The planes

went from each other's view behind giant waves, many participants became seasick, others moved around deck oo hands and knees and all were giveo a glimpse of what it was like for the tens of thousands of Cubans who fled their country oo

As the exiles' boats came and

sands of lives hut too often spotted eerily-empty rafts.

Before setting off, the group's pilots as always stood in a large circle, this time in torrential rain, joined hands and prayed. Framed photos of the four downed pilots, three of them in their 20s, were held within the chain of hands.

When they returned, the pi-lots overflew Miami's Orange Bowl football stadium to the cheers of at least 40,000 Cuban exiles, in a sea of Cuban and US flags, taking part in another memorial service. Washington's ambassador to the United Na tions, Madeleine Albright, something of a local hero here since she pushed through an anti-Castro resolution, called the MiG pilots "cowards" and described the dead pilots as "martyrs, part of the hallowed list of Americans who died because they loved freedom and cared for their fellow

human beings".

In Cuba, where the state, media described the flotilla as 'a counter-revolutionary show that failed", one woman staged her own memorial service on a beach outside Havana. Nancy Morales was remembering her brother Pablo, 29, one of the downed pilots, who fled from the same beach on a raft four years ago, was saved by Brothers to the Rescue pilots and lat-er trained and flew with them out of gratimde,

As local residents gazed from dilapidated seafront flats, Nancy Morales waded into the sea alone, carrying a Bible, tossed two hunches of flowers makeshift rafts. The Brothers to into the waves, and recited the the Rescue group, set up to 23rd Psalm.

comfort

RUPERT CORNWELL

With his thumping victory in South Carolina, Bob Dole may at last have put his troubles behind him and set himself on course to clinch - perhaps within the next three weeks - the Republican presidential nomination to face President Clinton

this autumn. Predictions have been a risky husiness in this topsy-turvy Republican contest, but suddenly everything seems set fair for Mr Dole, whose shortcomings as a campaigner will be masked by his sheer organisational strength in the packed primary schedule ahead, culminating on 26 March in California, by which time the battle may already have been decid-

With all votes counted in South Carolina, the Senate majority leader had 45 per cent. against 29 per cent for the conservative populist Pat Buchanan, and 13 per cent for Steve Forbes. Trailing in a poor fourth was the former Tennessee Governor, Lamar Alexander, with 10 per cent.

If Mr Dole was the undis-puted winner, showing strength even among religious conservatives who were expected to side overwhelmingly with Mr Buchanan, the higgest loser was Mr Alexander, whose campaign is in danger of complete collapse after a string of third, fourth, and fifth-place finishes. Indeed Newt Giogrich, the House Speaker, yesterday urged him to acknowledge the inevitable and withdraw.

Mr Alexander refuses, pinning his last hopes oo a strong-performance in Georgia, the biggest of the eight states which there was oo hiding the relief in the Republican hierarchy that after Mr Dole's early stumbles and Mr Buchanan's unnerving surge, order finally appears to he returning to the political

For the first time in a month,

bosses inteoded it should: Bob. Dole the clear front-runner and the rest struggling to keep afloat. "We need to stop chewing each other apart and con-centrate oo Bill Clinton," said Mr Gingrich, who is officially neutral in the struggle.

Those words will not be heeded by Mr Forbes, who will soldier on to the San Diego convention, and has the per-sonal fortune from his publishing empire to do it. Otherwise though, South Carolina snoveste that across the country, Mr. Buchanan cannot expand his following beyond a core support of between 25 and 30 per cent; and that even in the "New South" of which he claims to be the natural representative, Mr. Alexander is anything but irre-

Even so, the Dole juggernaut, reinvigorated by last week's campaign staff shake-up, could yet run off the rails this week. Tomorrow, although he looks safe in Colorado, Massachusetts and the four other New England states which are holding the socalled "Yankee Primary", he could still be upset by either Mr Buchanan or Mr Alexander in doubt Mr Dole's ability to sweep the South oo "Super Tuesday" a week later, when 362 delegates are at stake - more than a third of the 996 occded to secure the nomination.

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In the New York primary, where 102 delegates are at stake - the season's biggest prize yet - Mr Dole as usual has machine and the party establishment from Governor George Pataki down. But Mr Forbes has cracked New York's tortuous electoral rules to get his name on the ballot across the entire state, and with the help of \$1m of late advertising could

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the hit of the Geneva Motor Show. The Spider, which will retail for around £25,000, has a lightweight aluminium chassis and a 150 bhp 2 litre Clio Williams engine which gives a top speed of 130 mph. Though the Spider's high-tech interior and racy, squat lines show its race track pedigree, this is a car that was designed for everyday use. Safety is a prime feature, as is driver comfort and noise reduction.

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TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Renault Spider TOKEN 9 INDEPENDENT

'God of water' toes the party line in China Li Guoan is a local hero - and LOCAL

that's official. The 50-year-old army officer has been launched as the 1996 model Chinese citizen. "Li is so popular among the local people that they always burst into applause wheo they see his jeep coming," said the China Daily in its introduction to Mr Li.

Few countries still have official heroes, hut Chinese certainly does. So on a Tuesday morning in January, the main national newspapers published in Peking all carried lengthy front-page stories and photographs extolling the work and career of Regimental Commander Li.

Mr Li is unusual as official Chinese heroes go because he is still alive. The government generally prefers to eulogise those who have passed away, so that they cannot let the side down at some later date. The most famous model citizen was Lei Feng, a young soldier who died in 1962 at the age of 22 when a wooden pole fell on his head. It was not until the following year that his "found" diary revealed that his life had been considerably more revo-Jutionarily correct than the manner of his death. Toiling to help China's poor, his avowed goal had been to be "a rustless screw in the machine of the revolution", the diary said.

Step forward Mr Li. In his work leading troops digging wells in the northern Chinese province of Inner Mongolia, he has been nicknamed the "God of Water by locals. The emergence of the commander has





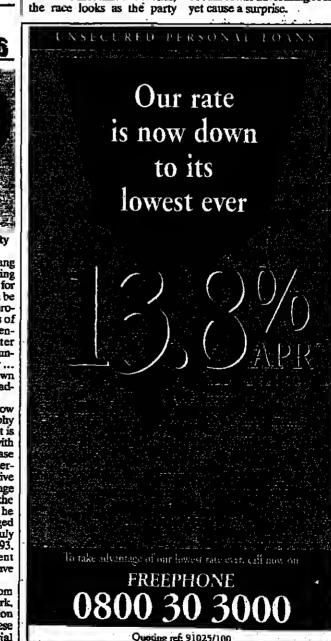
Li Guoan: Official celebrity

coincided with President Jiang Zemin's new stress on "talking politics". So a soldier digging for water in Inner Mongolia can be used to make a variety of propaganda points. The stories of mpoverished villages dependent on stored rainwater should the newspapers thundered, "serve as a lesson for ... officials who seek their own interests by abusing their ad-ministrative powers".

One will never know how much of the official biography is true. At the end of 1993, it is said, Mr Li was hospitalised with a serious lower-spine disease when he heard that the watersupply team was about to give up on a drought-strickeo village in the Gobi desert. Despite the fact he could not really walk, he rushed to the scene and urged on the drilling team, who duly found sweet water. Since 1993, Mr Li received the equivalent of £2,500 in donations, but gave it all to good causes.

Not all have benefited from Mr Li's approach to hard work, however. In a telling admission of what makes a local hero these days in China, the official biography points out that in 1992, the army allocated an apartment to Mr Li. He, however, gave it away to his unit's political commissar, leaving his family to continue living in the crowded barracks.

TERESA POOLE



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The old liberal values will not be enough in the battle between faith and secularism in a multi-cultural society, says Paul Vallely

How much intolerance can we tolerate?

Do not think it could not happen here. It already has, Indeed, in many ways we set the gruesome template. Arnold Wesker's new play Blood Libel, which received its premiere at Norwich Playhouse last month, tells the story, set in 12th-century England, of one of the first recorded in process of the canard that leave specified tony give instances of the canard that Jews sacrificed instances of the canard that Jews sacrificed Christian children at Passover in order to obtain blood for unleavened bread. The persecutions which followed spread through medieval England, ending with the death of 150 Jews in Clifford's Tower in York. This set the pattern of segregation, persecution and expulsion which became the model for the blood libel pogroms which occurred throughout Europe over 800 years, culminating in the cataclysmic events of the Holocaust.

The events which Wesker depicts may be

The events which Wesker depicts may be 800 years old, but the contours of the relationship between a majority and minority culture – separated by ritual, culture and language, yet bound together geographically and economically – remain largely cally and economically - remain largely unchanged in Britain today where a new majority, secularism, is

eyeing up a new minority, the Muslims. The situation raises pace again the conflict oetween liberality and authority which, until recently, seemed to have died when the social stranglehold of religion was loosened.

comfort

The turn in that tide is not just down to Islam, although its proselytising has come to be seen as the great threat to the world of liberal pluralism. Faith is on the march elsewhere. We read of conversions in the UK to

Catholicism and even Russian Orthodox Christianity. We see the increasing reinsertion of God into the world of American politics. We see half-formed religious simulacra in New Age culture and in the communitarianism partially emhraced by both Bill Clinton and Tony Blair in the politics of responsibility rather than rights.

The renewed tensions between the liberal and authoritarian ethics are at their starkest in the United States, reaching their epitome in the abortion debate. The authoritarians, at their most extreme, say that abortion is killing and we all have a moral obligation to prevent injustice, even to the extent of killing the abortionists. The liberals insist that everyone must be allowed to define abortion for themselves. increasingly, there seems to be no ground on which the two groups can address one

The problem has now taken on a new dimension in Britain. The US may be a divided society, with the secular world view locked in constant conflict with that of conservative Christianity. But Britain is now essentially post-Christian in its dominant ethos. Existentialism has taught us each to create our own identity. That subjectivism has combined with social and economic liberalism to produce a quagmire of relativism in which all truth has become dependent on the circumstances in which we live. The rise of relativism has affected religion, too. with vibrant belief heing replaced by a vague secularised Christianity with its thin gruel of shared norms of tolerance and fairness. Dispersed authority is the masterly equivocation which the Church of England has come up with to describe this celebration of the national genius for non-com-

mittal. Such equivocal pragmatism is what the English have lived by, argues the polit-ical philosopher John Gray of Jesus College, Oxford, and that is what we are moving ont of hecause it is no longer sustainable. This is a new situation," he says. "There is no late modern culture which has worked out how vivid forms of belief can coincide with a liberalism which has nothing left to teach. It has been hollowed out and all that remains are a few ruins of the Enlightenment and some bric-à-hrac from Christianity."

In the past, the debate between liberal-

ism and authority took place against the background of a strongly religious culture. Atheism and humanism were the shadows cast by Christianity. But now Christianity is just one voice among many and so the conflict has become multilateral rather than polar. A multicultural society has to work out entirely different ways of reconciling strongly held religious behef with the norms of liberal tolerance and fairness.

That Islam is the new bogeyman is a commonplace. The points of potential conflict hetween the majority and the com-Most of us are no paratively recently ar-rived Muslim minority longer religious are many, but the defining battleground is edu-cation. Recently, 1,500 Muslim children were withdrawn from schools believers, but we

still draw on the dwindling moral in Kirklees after their parents protested that capital of centuries their offspring were heing corrupted and confused by a multiof Judaeo-Christian faith religious educa-tion syllabus. In Birmtradition ingham, most of the pnpils in one school have staged a mass opt-out from the state's official multi-faith syl-

labus and have chosen an Islamic one. With half a million Muslim children in British schools, the potential for increased divergence is great.

The classic answer to all this is liberalism's "anything is permitted, so long as it doesn't interfere with others". The state intrudes on the individual only to protect others from harm, and the law (formulated in line with liberal ideology) is used to set the limits of what harms other people (hence racial discrimination is illegal where religious discrimination is not). In recent centuries this liberalism, with its emphasis on freedom and tolerance, has avoided terrible religious wars and developed a high culture of science, art and learning.
In keeping with that tradition, today's liberal society looks at the spectre of

multiracial conflict and rules that in a multi-ethnic society all children need two things: to have their sense of moral and spiritual values developed and to be given a greater understanding of the traditions of Britain's main cultural groupings.

The Government has decided that its

two-fold aim was best fulfilled through a compulsory act of worship, which has to be of a specifically Christian character, and through a multi-faith religious education syllabus which presents all religions without value judgements.

"In this way, children can learn about beliefs and values and start to establish their own code of ethics, enriched and informed by knowing how a range of religions work, says Lesley Prior, lecturer in religious education at St Mary's University College and an RE adviser to the multiethnic London borough of Hounslow, outlining the received wisdom.



Muslim pupils in the classroom, of whom Arnold Wesker says: 'If you root education strongly in religion, it leads to intolerance

of honesty, trustworthiness and tolerance. It gave support to family values. "So why can't we use Islam to pursue a similar approach for Muslim children now?' Mukadam argues, "There has been a direct correlation between the decline in

to a faith-based approach is needed." There are many evangelical Christians and political traditionalists who agree. Their argument is that it is from the development of a spirituality that morality takes its nurture. If you move away from religious truth, then morality just becomes a way of expressing your feelings. And though most of us are no longer convinced of the truth of religion, we are still draw-

faith and the hreak-up of the family, the

rise in crime, drugs and violence. A return

ing on the dwindling moral capital huilt up by centuries of Judaeo-Christian tradition. It is not just the backwoodsmen who voice this scepticism of the multi-faith approach. The idea that you can teach religion anthropologically or as a cultural phenomenon is absurd, says Pat Walsh, a philosopher at King's College London. because it can give no basic understanding

of what it means to be a believer. And looking for the common truth behind all religions is a monstrous fudge. insists Henry Hardy of Wolfson College, Oxford. A lowest common denominator of values can only be found by reducing religious "truths" to metaphors and attenuating their power to make the incompatihle seem compatible.

Liberalism is under fire from other directions, too. "Liberalism and communitarianism, which purport to supplant or improve on liberalism, are both ideologies of vagueness," insists Ted Honderich, Grote Professor of Philosophy and Logic at University College, London. "Both get good press but both avoid saying what distribution of things - economic. social and cultural - there should be in a good society. Both can be interpreted to justify a society of gross inequality or extreme

equality.

"What liberalism has come to is a vague defence of a lot of things which relatively well-off people want and they use it to oppose poorer people who say they want something different." It avoids the hard facts which medieval churchmen such as St Thomas Aquinas faced up to when he said it was not a sin for the hungry to steal food. The essential reason why people behave badly is that they feel badly used. To obviate that you need to arrange things in a way which is tolcrable to those people.

But creating an arrangement which is tolerable to all Muslims provokes fears in Arnold Wesker. *Blood Libel is rooted in a specific historical incident," he says, "hut is a metaphor for the persuasiveness of all religious fanaticism - hible-bashers in the US South, Jewish extremists and Mussigns of a profound intolerance to other faiths. If you root education strongly in reli-

gion, it leads to intolerance. Such a response raises the question of what we mean by a liberal democracy. Just what are we prepared to tolerate? Not anything. A society which will tolerate even those who reject tolerance will eventually asseri its own fragmentation.

What we need to develop in a post-Christian liberalism is an undogmatic pluralism which defines the core values to which the majority subscribe and creates a climate in which the majority feels sufficiently secure to tolerate even those

whose world view they do not share. Religious convictions, where they are deeply held, cannot be privatised. They affect the real world - attitudes to education, family life, sex, and when people want to live and die. If Muslims want their own statefunded schools, there can be no principled argument against that. But should there be constraints about what can be done within them? Could teaching different curriculae to boys and girls, for example, ever be acceptable?

Asadour Guzelian

John Gray puts it this way: "Do Muslims defend their traditions on the grounds of fairness and parity in a tolerant society? If so, we have to agree to them. But if they defend them because they are true, then we have to resist their claim and assen the fundamental values of liberalism. And it necessary, we have to be authoritarian in doing so.

A new British style of Islam can live happily with that, insists Mukadam, "British law and sharia law can coincide. It is only Islamic extremists who want to impose Islam on everyone. What we need is a ballim fundamentalists. In Islam there are anced religion. If we use school to inculcate a moderate Islam, those who benefit under it will feel that the system works for their needs and will support it.

Undoubtedly there are risks involved. But the alternative would be to risk that most Muslims will drift into the moral relativism which has so ill-served the Western world since the decline of Christianity, while the minority will seek succour in fundamentalism.

Defining a post-Christian liberalism. which combines tolerance with a sense of purpose, will not be an easy task. To avoid the challenge will take us into very dangerous waters indeed.

W DIARY

Drunkenness and disorder

计算系统性A主义

It seems that Peter Thurnham's resignation of the Tory whip served one useful purpose last week - the brouhaha be created arguably prevented a smaller, but highly emharrassing, story of Tory tactlessness from getting much attention in the national press.

David Shaw, the Tory MP for Dover.

used Parliamentary privilege to allege that some of the crew of the Herald of Free Enterprise ferry, which sank at Zeehrugge in on 6 March 1987, killing 193 people, were drunk.

"The procedures on board ship were a disaster," he said, "and alcoholism was

rampant among the crew. In reality, the officers were not in control - extreme left-wing trade unionists were in control of the ship ... People did not do their jobs because they were drunk." Given that the ninth anniversary of

the disaster is only two days away, his words have caused an outery among the friends and relatives of the dead. One surviving crewman, Nick Delo, protesting that in the House of Commons the MP could say anything he liked and get away with it, called it "a slur which cannot go unchallenged ...

Labour inevitably has taken great offence both to the reference to trade unions and to the allegations of alcoholism (they cite that the Sheen report which investigated the matter made no mention of this). Now 103 MPs have tabled an early-day motion calling for

Mr Shaw's "imminent replacement". Shaw, despite apparently having the backing of only nine of his fellow Tories, is unrepentant. "Evidence of alcoholism was found after the Sheen report was concluded," he says firmly. "I have dierefore not withdrawn the statement.

Random writs

Oh dear, Random House is hard to satisty. First the publishers had that nasty banle with Joan Collins for not writing

well enough; then they had that nasty Who's planning?

battle with the singer Lisa Stansfield for not writing salaciously enough; now, I hear, they've been having a nasty bat-tle with the writer William Donaldson, whose autobiography, From Sunningdale to This, due out this autumn, has had to be put back a year, because it is - wait for it - too risqué.

"Tve just been handed a libel report" that is 90 pages long," he tells me, adding proudly; "it is apparently their longest libel. report ever." People who should start wor-

rying about what Donaldson has said about them are the actress Sarah Miles, the

singer Carly Simon (above) and the ex-gangster Frankie Fraser. Donald-son, however, is very blase. "This libel report is the funniest thing I've ever read," he says smugly. In which case perhaps Random had better publish

Although, as I reported last week, there is some in-fighting between Roger Dal-trey and Pete Townshend over what Daltrey claims to be the "sanitisation" of the forthcoming production of The Who's musical, *Tommy*, which opens tomorrow at the West End's Shaftesbury Theatre, the band are at least patting each other on the back about one

There are, to he sure, enormous con-

tradictions in this, as John Hull, professor

of religious education at the University of

Birmingham, pointed out last year at the

Royal Society in a devastating critique of

the Department for Education's muddled

policies. There are tensions between Chris-

tian worship and a non-judgemental pro-

gramme of comparative religion. There are

problems when members of other faiths

opt out of the worship sessions which were

designed to give a sense of common val-

Where secularists argue that worship should therefore be scrapped entirely, and liberals of most faiths would want to see

the specifically Christian component

dropped from the act of worship, the sense

is growing strongly in certain significant minority sectors of society that value judge-

ments do have to be made. Mohamed

Mukadam, a parent-governor at Birchfield

Primary School in Birmingham, speaks for

those who feel no ambivalence - which is

why he has organised the mass opt-out from

A former accountant with the Pruden-

a multi-faith syllabus into an Islamic one.

tial, he became involved in education

when his children first went to school. Hor-

rified at what he saw as the materialistic

secular ethos of the place in which they

were to be taught, he left his job and went hack to university to study education. He

is now engaged on a PhD on a Koranic per-

spective of spiritual and moral develop-

ment and is setting out to question the

philosophical underpinning of the Gov-

ermment's multi-faith education strategy.

Christianity to form spiritual and moral val-

ues, developed in children the ability to

know right from wrong. It fostered a sense

The traditional approach, which used

ues to the school community.

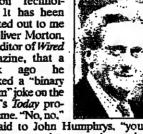
aspect of its production. It is, I am told, the first show to be completely technically fool-proof. Should anything break down - lights, special effects, the antomated pin-ball machine, curtains, you name it - then all the producer has to do is ring a number in Burlington, Ontario, and the whule thing can be run over the phone from a computer in Canada. "In the past," says Chris Harper, marketing manager, "if the computer in situ failed, then we would have to cancel the show. Now, we just carry on over the phone. It's incredible." Only, presumably, if the Canadian computer does not itself break down ... a contingency, I discover,

they appear not to have thought of. perform PS Pakes in Lip or the City Seven Last to be a way 7 and 7 But would be have been successful astic, I would be have been successful astic, I would be the been successful was not first chose the training we did try to get an I was soon. the words, says the control of the John Woolf, with the difficult to book them were

Hezza's joke

I am glad to note that Michael Heseltine is speedily getting into anorak lingo for his new role as chair of the new ministerial group on Infor-

mation Technology. It has heen inted out to me by Oliver Morton the editor of Wired magazine, that a week ago he cracked a "binary system" joke on the BBC's Today programme. "No, no,"



he said to John Humphrys, "you are putting two and two together and coming up with 1010." (The point, according Morton, is that 10 is the written formula for 2 in binary; but four is not 1010; u is instead 100.)

Personally I've heard funnier lokes hut in geek circles, Mr Heseltine, I'm told you are rapidly acquiring heroic

Great Powell debate

I would like, if I can, to put an end to Westminster's most tedious debate how do you prononnce "Powell" - the surname shared by the two bothers, Jonathan and Charles? (The former is chief of staff to the Leader of the Opposition and pronounces it to rhyme with towel. The latter is the former foreign policy adviser to Margaret Thatcher and pronounces it Pole.)

For years the two have been content to differ, but at a cocktail party a few weeks ago the latter confused things by sticking out his hand and saying "How do you do? I'm Sir Charles Pywell ...' "Really, Sir Charles," retorted the damsel, whose hand he was shaking. 'Why change the pronunciation now? "I no longer care what it is," said Maggie's man a tad wearily.

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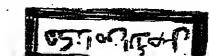
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Israelis must not vote for revenge

It is not easy to take a long-term view when confronted with the evidence of three suicide bombs in Israel in one week. But that is exactly what the Israelis and Palestinians need to do if they are to avoid destroying the achievements of peace so far. The fact that a minority of belligerent extremists can ignore the long process of peace negotiations, the law and democracy to kill innocent people, rightly inspires furious frustration and anger in the rest of the population. But both sides must take care in their response to avoid allowing the militants to derail the peace process altogether.

So far, the central protagonists in the peace process have responded to the bombings by the Islamic militant group Hamas in a measured and sensible way. Shimon Peres, the Labour prime minister, has said simply that he will continue to respect the current agreement on selfrule for the Palestinians, so long as their leader Yasser Arafat does too. And he has avoided the knee-jerk reaction of the right-wing Likud Party whose members are calling for the cessation of all contacts and negotiations with the Palestinians.

The Israeli cabinet has also agreed a series of security measures in its "war" against the terrorists. In fact, there is little any government can do to undermine the potency of a suicide bomber. Tightening security on the borders between Israeli and Palestinian areas, implementing sanc-tions against the families of the suicide bombers and policing bus routes are unlikely to deter those who are prepared to give up their lives for their cause. But if they help reassure anxious Israelis and dispel the worst of the anger and fear,

then they will have served good purpose. Meanwhile. Arafat's first response from the West Bank and Gaza Strip is also wel-come. For the first time, the Palestinian president has outlawed the military wings of Islamic movements in the areas he controls. To be fair, the first two suicide bombers, both members of Hamas, came

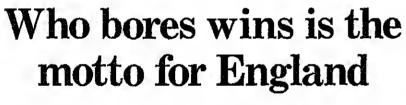
from the refugee camp near Hebron which is under the overall control of Israeli security. He needs now to convince the Israelis that he is serious in his promise to take tough action against Islamic militants in his own areas, too. Attempting to marginalise the extremists

within Hamas - as he has done in the past is no longer sufficient. Even so, if Palestinian authority is to count for anything, it has to find ways of clamping down on private armies. Along with the privileges of independence go responsibilities, too. It would be difficult to blame the Israelis for reacting with hostility towards a government they believed was harbouring violent terrorists.

The medium-term prospects for the peace process are more gloomy. In three months' time, Israelis go to the polls. The chances of victory by Mr Peres, who has kept the peace process going after the assassination of Yitzhak Rabin, the former prime minister, now look increasingly slim. If the Likud Party were to win, it would do much to damage the fragile achievements of peace so far.

Likud's position on relations with the Palestinians remains incoherent. It has said it will not reverse the Oslo agreement which provided for the gradual emergence of Palestinian self-rule. However, the process has only just begun and requires day-to-day co-operation and negotiation between the Israeli government and the Palestinian leadership. This would be unlikely under a Likud government led by Banismin Netanuphy who according to the process of the process Benjamin Netanyahu, who yesterday proposed sending Israeli troops into the Palestinian-ruled areas to root out ringleaders. Any strategy which stopped pro-gress towards Palestinian independence would escalate the violence further.

The sensible strategy for the Israeli gov-ernment is to continue with the Oslo accord. But progress in the course of this year will depend first on whether the Israeli people have the strength and maturity to avoid voting for revenge.



world of American football, where players are cased in armour, where games follow choreographed routines and disciplined manoeuvres and big bucks are at stake, maybe winning is the only thing that matters. Back in muddy, bloody Blighty, spectators and supporters hope for something better. We believe that sport should enrich spirits and not just line pockets. We want to see our team win, but not with a complete absence of style. The English

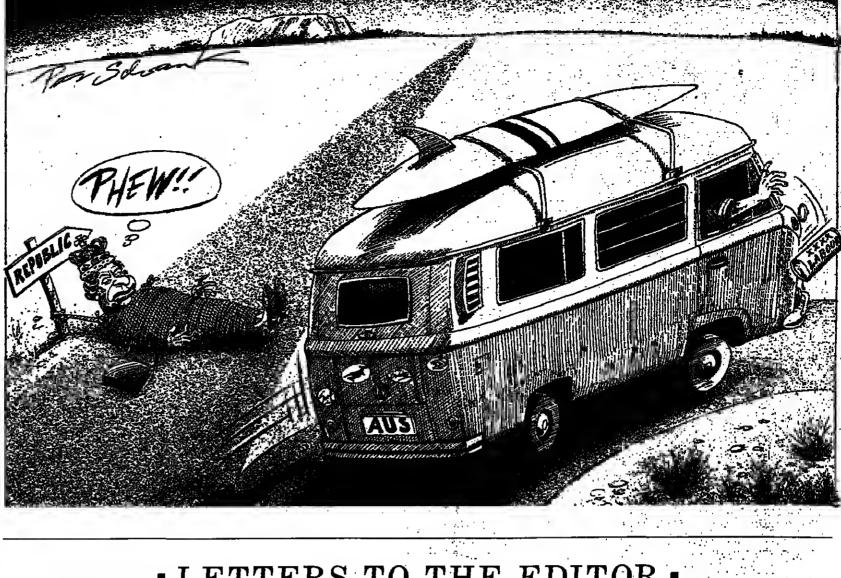
rugby union team is letting the side down. Certainly England were playing to win on Saturday. They never blinked from their professional and well-planned strategy to stop Scotland in their tracks. There was litile discernible effort by the English to cross the try-line. Points were amassed by reducing mistakes to a minimum and then planting the ball through the goalposts when opportunities arose. No risks were taken, no flanks were opened up. This was a team that won by choking the life out of the game, and the only people who derived real joy from the exercise were the players and management involved.

Perhaps England could be excused if this were a one-off event. The occasional cold-blooded murder of a match is a per-

Winning isn't everything, it's the only thing." So said the legendary American football coach Vince Lombardi. In the bighty professionalised feetty legitimate game plan for ball-players. In the critical match of a long tournament, the best approach may well be to adopt defensive and conservative tactics. But to use it as a strategy - as England

appears to bave done during this Five Nations Championship - is unforgivable. Of course winning matters, but not to the extent of clinically destroying the inspirational elements of sport. Top-class rugby can be an cauldron of creativity, as New Zealand proved during last year's World Cup, and as the French have shown in seasons past. As rugby union jostles for greater television exposure and more sponsorship money, the game must for the first time address its future as a spectator sport. The rules may need to be

changed; attitudes certainly must be. Furthermore, the long-term effect of England's dour approach is that it will not even guarantee them vietory. High-powered teams in the southern hemisphere are light years ahead in tactical thinking and will simply leave England standing. So lighten up. guys. There is one more chance - against Ireland in a fortnight to release some of the creative talent at your disposal. Ditch the dullness and the defensive tactics. Release Guscott, Underwood and Catt. Who knows, playing for joy may even produce a more effective



• LETTERS TO THE EDITOR •

Karadzic's regime in Bosnia

From Professor Adrian Hastings Sir. I have recently returned from a week's visit to Sarajevo and Mostar with a delegation of the Alliance to Defend Bosnia-Herzegovina. We were fortunate to be able to discuss the current situation at some length with Hasan Muratovic, the new Prime Minister, Dr Kupusovic, the Mayor of Sarajevo. Ambassador Frowick. Head of the Organisa-tion for Security and Co-operation in Europe mission responsi-ble for the coming elections, Herr Steiner, deputy head of the "Office of the High Representative" and Herr Hans Koschnick, the EU administrator in Mostar, among many other people of a

variety of viewpoints. We were greatly impressed by the earnest endeavour of Frow-ick, Steiner and Koschnick to advance the cause of peace and reconstruction and to prepare the way for free and fair elections. But it also became clear to us that their mission is an essentially unrealistic one unless certain tbings change. Quite the most important such thing is the continued total grip on power in Republika Srpska of Radovan Karadzic and Ratko Mladic. It is perfectly clear to all the University of Leeds

In support of the

ir: It is unfortunate that Rebecca

new Treasure Bill and the Depart-

ment of National Heritage's dis-

cussion document on the report-

torists", I March) uses such sen-

sational language to describe

significant impact on metal detec-

toric environment. It is difficult

to understand how anyone could

reactions to the proposals.

metal detector

From Dr Michael Heyworth

which will enable us to learn more about Britain's past which, after all, belongs to all of us.

people we spoke to that Republika Srpska is a police state in which there is no freedom of

expression and in which two

indicted war criminals remain as

much as ever in control. It is

obvious in these circumstances

that it is as farcical to imagine

free elections can be held in six

months time.

Theoretically, the international community refuses to recognise Karadzic in any way. In practice, it does so almost daily. The might of Ifor is now achieving very little. It could perfectly well be

used, in conformity with its sec-

ondary mandate, to mount effect-

ive road blocks which would

either arrest or demobilise

If that were to bappen, a

process of reconciliation might well develop quite fast. But while the regime of Karadzic is not only

can be absolutely no progress in

that direction.

Yours faithfully,

ADRIAN HASTINGS

Department of Theology

and Religious Studies

months' time.

It is unfortunate that Ms Fowler gives the impression that landowners are unhappy with Fowler's article on the proposed the proposals. In fact there are real advantages for them - especially in the clarification which the Bill brings to the current siting of archaeological finds ("Law may soon be watching the detecuation where a trespasser can claim a reward for material removed from a landowner's property without his/her permission while the landowner receives nothing. Perhaps this is why the Neither proposal will have any Treasure Bill is supported by tor users - many of whom are both the Country Landowners motivated by an interest in their Association and the National past and already work closely with archaeologists to further our understanding of the his-Farmers' Union? Yours faithfully.

MICHAEL HEYWORTH Acting Director Council for British Archaeology not support simple measures

Official cost of single parents | Old-fashioned

From Mr David Smith Sir: The article by Hamish McRae explaining the financial implications of divorce for the country (1 March) missed one further consequence.

One of the most important indicators that the Department of the Environment uses in Standard Spending Assessments is the number of lone parents. This indicator redistributes bundreds of millions of pounds between local authorities. The more lone parents an authority has; the more it receives from the Government to pay for services, and this applies to education, social

services and all other services. There may have been a time when lone parenthood affected

of lone parents can be very diverse. It raises a question about the suitability of using a rather simplistic indicator in today's cir-cumstances. Not only do the fig-ures determine grant received by local authorities, they help to determine the Government's Yours sincerely.

small numbers of people; clearly this is no longer the case. It is also

apparent that the circumstances

Central Policy Unit Sheffield City Council

Medical accidents are not negligence

not eballenged but is, in reality, actually being reinforced by its control of all relations with From Mr Robin de Wilde, QC Sir: Polly Toynbee is wrong to infer ("Legal leeches are bleed-ing the NHS", 28 February) that international organisations, there those involved in medical negligence cases are participating in what is effectively a plunder on the Legal Aid Board. No medical negligence action should be started with less than one, usually more, supporting reports from different medical experts of the

appropriate disciplines. There is a difference between a medical accident, often described as "one of those things", and actual negligence where someone is in breach of their professional duty of care, which is what medical negligence is about.

Not only should there be accountability by professionals, but there is provision for it, both by insurance and the Department

Firefighters need

compensation

Yours sincerely. D M Ashford

From Mr W J Walsh From Miss VA Luck Sir: Two items in today's paper (2 March) perfectly demonstrate the injustice and double standards applying to people at work in Britain. On the front page we learn that the heroie firefighters called so many rude names (of which radical feminist is probably who lost their lives recently will, in the case of Fleur Lombard's

on the business pages we learn that Lord Young of Graffham, who lost his job after a tiff with one of his colleagues and who had no formal contract with his ех-company Cahle & Wireless, is considering accepting £2.4m m compensation.

relatives, receive £950 for the loss

of her life and in the case of the

dependants of Kevin Lane -

Am I alone in thinking that the £2.4m would be a more appro-priate compensation for the loss of the firefighters' lives, and £950 a more fitting parting gift to Lord Young? Yours sincerely,

W J Walsh East Sussex

Model name for a railway company

From Mr Thomas Murphy Sir: I read with interest the article ("Rail link to cut London to Paris trip to 2½ hours", I March) about the high speed rail link being awarded to London & Continental, chaired by Sir Derek Hornby, Will it trade as Hornby's Model Railway? Yours etc. THOMAS MURPHY London, SW3

maximum permitted expenditure levels in nearly every education and social services authority, regardless of local opinion. DAVID SMITH Principal Research Officer

of Health's scheme to indemnify hospitals for true claims of over £300,000. Or is Ms Toynbee's view that people have to accept what happens to them? Yours sincerely,

ROBIN DE WILDE Chairman Professional Negligence Bar Association London, WC2

From Mr D M Ashford Sir. The NHS is a sort of nationalised charity in which the pubhic service ethos still manages to survive, just. Its liabilities should surely then be limited to significant financial loss to patients caused by negligence. Otherwise it is a case of "taxpayer sue thyself", especially if legal aid is involved. People who want the right to sue on a whim should get treated privately.

God transcends sexual gender

Sir. I was interested to read the "Another View" by John Doyle (29 February).
I am sorry the author has been

the rudest) because he has chosen to cast a woman in the role of God in the York mystery plays. Though perhaps not traditional, cannot see any logical or theological objections to such casting: surely God transcends gender, being at the same time both male and female, and neither. As such. He (to use the word in its loosest sense) can be equally appropriately portrayed by actors of either gender (or both or neither, for that matter) and in setting artificial boundaries we are trying to limit God Himself.

Yours faithfully West Molesey, Surrey

High voltage

From Dr.T J Dennis Sir. Arthur Tarrant (letter, 19 February) is correct when be remarks that a colour TV set contains components that operate at 25,000 volts, which is the same as the voltage used on the overhead supply for railways. The crucial difference, however, is that in the TV the voltage is at DC, while the rail supply is AC; and the prob-lem with leukaemia is claimed to be due to alternating magnetic fields. These will be present near any exposed cable carrying a large alternating corrent. Yours sincerely, TIM DENNIS

civil servants

Sir. The critics of the Government's plan to privatise the agency that recruits civil servants are expressing themselves in the language of yesterday's people – moderate, informed, rational, principled, even ethical. This will-get them nowhere. It is clear that the career civil servant, commit-ted to public service, is an anachronism. Impartial public service is a concept to be praised from the platform but laughed at

m the cocktail bar. Dame Gillian Brown (Letters, 2 March) asks why the Recruitment and Assessment Services agency should be dismantled when the Government has made no specific criticism of it. After 174 years she should know the answer. The agency, staffed by civil servants, provides a service which could seemingly be replicated by a private operator, who would aim to make a profit from it by cutting corners. Yours faithfully,

FERGUS ALLEN Streatley, Berkshire The writer was the first Civil Scr-vice Commissioner (1974-81).

Queen's collection

From Mrs Jennifer Miller

Sir. Roger Guedalla is quite mistaken in thinking that the Royal Collection is only on display in the Queen's gallery at Buckingbam Palace (Letters, 2 March).

The contents of the State Rooms there are now on view to the public in the summer: the principal part of the collection is also open to the public at Windsor Castle, Kensington, Kew, Hampton Court and Holyroodhouse palaces, the Tower and Osborne House.

Many items are on indefinite oan to the British Museum, the Victoria and Albert Museum, and the National Galleries in London, Edinburgh and Cardiff. Loans are frequently made to special exhibitions both at home and overseas, and innumerables reproductions from the collection have been allowed. Yours faithfully, JENNIFER MILLER London, SW15

Royal prerogative

From Mr Den Perrin

Sir. Can someone explain how it is that any Church of England vicar who confesses to adultery is sacked, hut the future Head of the Church of England, the Prince of Wales, can confess to adultery but still keep his job? Yours faithfully, DEN PERRIN

What's in a name?

From Mr Chris Hunter Sir. From enquiries made in the Britton and Herne Hill areas of London, where the name "Christian Goldman" (Letters, 21 February) is emblazoned on many 2 wall, I have been informed that Mr Goldman is a purveyor of "Drums 'n' Bass" music. Yours, CHRIS HUNTER

Loudon, EC3

Post letters to Letters to the Editor, and include a daytime telephone number. (Fax: 0171-293 2056; e-mail: letters@ independent co.uk) Letters may

Trainspotting can drive you loco

I bought the novel Trainspouling when it first came out in hardback. and although t haven't read it all yet, or indeed much of it, I look forward to reading it if only so that I can find out why it is called Trainspoining. have always remembered my

trainspotting days, which took place in the early Fifties, with great affection, and I think I still have somewhere all the Ian Allan books of British engine numbers that I bought at the time. They must be quite valuable by now. Or at least they would be if I hadn't painstakingly under-lined in ink the numbers of all the locomotives I had seen, thus reducing the value of the books to nil at a

I don't have the slightest interest in trainspotting now, of course, I gave it all up 40 years ago. It's just that, as all my wives have drily observed in turn, no man ever quite gives up trainspotting. It stays in the blood like a long-ago case of malaria and, like malaria, occasionally returns to embarrass you in public

What are the symptoms. Well, one sign is the tendency, when driving along in a car, to slow down when you are passing a station or railway line in case there is a train coming. Another symptom is to prick up your ears when you see a



dotted line on a map marked "disused railway" and to keep your eyes open for it when it crosses the road you're driving along. Another variation on this is to pick out subconsciously, as you're driving, the tell-tale flat line of an old railway crossing the landscape and to follow it with your eye as long as you can, even though it means nothing to any-

one else in the car. Oh, and another symptom of the old trainspotting itch is to feel a fleeting spot of annovance when you hear the term "trainspotter", because usually what trainspotters are spotting is not a train but an engine or a loco-

Sorry. That's enough. Now I knew when I bought Trainspotting that it wasn't about trains and it wasn't about trainspotting.

because I had read reviews of the

book. And the reviews of the books

all said: "This is not a book about trains, and it is not a book about "express" in the title and explore it trainspotting. It is a novel that deals with the youthful drug underworld of Edinburgh, written in tough, nncompromising language by a man who has been there and knows what he's

talking about That's good. I am all in favour of there being novels about the Edin-burgh drug world, if only to counter the image of Edinburgh as a stuffy city addicted to scones and Scotch. But I don't actually want to read them. I have read enough books about drugs

Well, they weren't billed as books about drugs, they were billed as books about jazz, but there was a long time in jazz history when drugs and jazz were so intertwined that you couldn't read about one without reading about the other. And now I have done drug books and I don't want to do more

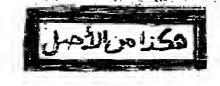
drug books.
So why did I buy Trainspotting? Well, blow me down, but I think it was because of the title. There was part of me that wanted to find out how a book that was not about trains could be given a title like that, and if I had got far enough, I would probably have found out. That's another symptom of the old malarial itch of trainspotting - to latch on to some-

even though you know it won't he anything to do with trains at all - in the same sort of way that my eye immediately spots, on any printed page, a word with "-zz" in it, just in case it is the word jazz

That is why, when I was once offered the opportunity to see Starlight Express. I grudgingly accepted the invitation, even though it's against my principles to see an Andrew Lloyd Webber musical. I bad read that it was about trains. thought that it might be worth seeing. I was wrong. It was one of the most terrible evenings that I have ever spent in the theatre. But somebody somewhere had correctly deduced or guessed that any title which refers to trains is going to add 5 per cent to its audience figures immediately. It might be a disappointed 5 per cent, but it will be a

iving 5 per cent. That is why I'll hazard a guess that at every performance of Trainspotting there will be a small percentage of the audience who will go away unmoved by the drug drama and baffled by the Scots accents but heartbroken that there weren't any trains

to be seen. Sorry, I mean, engines,



Birmingham was never really going to have a chance to host the Millennium Festival; it was mean-spirited to pretend otherwise

How do we know Birmingham, Britain's second-largest city? Let me count the ways: Spaghetti Junction, the Bull Ring, flattest accent, cricket ground at Edgbaston, NEC, flamboyant public sculpture (the biggest, and dottiest is known locally as the "Floozie in the Jacuzzi"), the ghost of Joseph Chamberlain (dynamic Lord Mayor, deceased). reputation as "workshop of the world" (deceased) and, well, you know ...

This may seem a peevish intro-duction to the city that ran London second in the compension to host the much-feted Millennium Festival that will see EuroBritain plc into the 21st century and beyond. It does, however, help to explain why Birmingham never stood a cat's chance in Hell of hosting the festival (the Government announced last week, after a numbing delay, that it preferred Greenwich).

Birmingham may have a lot to offer, but what it lacks, and what London has by the bodice-full, is glamour. Greenwich is a magnificent place, sited on a spectacular hairpin bend on the River Thames. It boasts some of Europe's greatest architecture and one of its loveliest parks. It is where time past meets time future in time present. It is both a tival of Britain of 1951, or even the

No one loves a conurbation lovely home and an unforgettable tourist attraction. Anyone who has plementary role might have been tourist attraction. Anyone who has been to Greenwich and says, hand on heart, that he or she prefers to be negotiating New Street shopping centre is either a gifted liar or a Brummie in the habit of seeing his

city through the bottom of a pint

glass of Ansells' ale.

What was wrong with the Government's decision to choose Greenwich is that it took so long about it. While it made up its mind, Birm-ingham's hopes were raised unfairly. Time, energy, goodwill and money were promiscuously expended as the Government and the Millennium Commissioners flirted with Birmingham, knowing all along that they really wanted to walk up the aisle in 2000 with London. Their hehaviour has been capricious, insensitive and demeaning.

If, from the outset. Greenwich had been chosen (London is, after all, our capital city; it is where we should expect to host our higgest national celebration since the Fesfound for Birmingham.

Even then, Birmingham's lack of glamour and lack of identity in the national mind make it a poor secondhest to, say, Manchester, Sheffield. Leeds, Newcastle or Bristol, to name hm four energetic and characterful English cities. As for Glasgow, Edin-burgh and Aberdeen, they are glo-rious world cities in a league from which Brum is excluded.

Although Birmingham has size on its side, it seems something of an urban lightweight in terms of sophisfication when compared to the likes of Lyons, Munich, Milan, Barcelona, Antwerp, Geneva or Si Petersburg (all of them first-class second cities). Size alone, as other jewel-like British and European cities prove - Bath, Bruges, Durham, Naples, Norwich is not everything. Birmingham does boast many of

the features a second city requires to make the right noises on national and international stages; it has a capacious airport, com-

Motorways are to Birmingham as canals are to Venice

rehensive road and rail links, a National Exhibition Centre. a National Convention Centre, a National Indoor Arena, a worldclass orchestra tnurtured, until now, by the departing Sir Simon Rattle), public art in abundance, a City Museum and Art Gallery offering a cornucopia of grandiloquent 19th-century canvases.

no great river; it has canals instead. No great river means no romantic bridges upon which to stand and stare, no reflections of the city skyline in sunset waters, no sunrise mists on moisty mornings. Look at a map of London and you see a great blue ribbon woven through its dense fabric: this is the Thames. Study a plan of Birmingham and you see a hlue band snaking its way through

While other cities are bounded by the sea, by hills, mountains and tributaries, Birmingham is ringed by fuming motorways: M5, M6, M52 Motorways and dual carriageways are to Birmingham what canals and lagoons are to Venice.

the city: this is the M6.

The car dominates the second city. Study the map again; in the way a Russian doll opens to reveal a succession of diminishing dolls inside, so the centre of Birmingham is squeezed by the hoops of a concrete corset of ever-smaller ring

At the hub of these roads is no

great spire like Salisbury's or dome like St Paul's; all Birmingham can boast is the Rotunda, a banal circular office block invested, not with the spirit of God, but that of Harold Wilson's white-hot Sixties

technology.

Perhaps this is as it should be, for Birmingham is - was - above all an industrial city. In the heyday of Joseph Chamberlain (1836-1914), the great Liberal free-trader, Birmingham made everything from nails to glass beads and sent them by canal and railway to Hun and Hungarian, Hindu and Hottentot. The sun shone on the Empire then, but not on the noisome workshops of profitable, smoke-smothered Birmingham.

Despite its Victorian and Edwardian wealth. Birmingham has left us precious little in the way of beautiful monuments, parks and architec-ture. Because of this, its city centre is hard to conjure in the mind's eye. While we carry illustrated guides of London, Edinburgh, Bath and Liverpool in our heads, however romanticised or inaccurate, the shelf labelled "Birmingham" is bare. Birmingham lacks a medieval cathedral (St Phillip's is an 18th-century church upgraded to cathedral status; St Chad's, the Victorian RC cathedral designed by AWN Pugin, is hidden away on a traffic island); it has no truly grand avenues, few superh buildings (although many fascinating ones, which is not the

same thing).
"You've either got or you haven't got style/If you've got it, it stands out a mile," sang Frank Sinaira in the Hollywood musical Robin and the Seven Hoods. Birmingham has the nuts and bolts, the National Centres and buildings that make it seem, on paper, the sort of second city that might host a Millennium Festival. It does not have London's sense of style. Nor does it have the capital's sense of identity. Even as the Millennium Festival

begins to take shape on the banks of the Thames, Birmingham is becoming ever more a sprawling mass, its parts confused increasingly with those of Walsall. Wolverhampton and Coventry. And while it is possible to love a city, not even the most die-hard millennialist could even hegin to love a conurbation. It's a pity they didn't just own up to that

Why turn away these perfect citizens?

Barring Hong Kong Chinese from coming to Britain is like throwing away North Sea oil



POLLY TOYNBEE

As he strolls through the leafy grounds of the Governor's country residence and relishes the colonial splendour of Government House today, John Major may well reflect that this is could be the last time a British prime minister sets foot on Hong Kong soil as a British colony. When he flies out of Hong Kong this evening, what will John Major have concluded there is to be proud of? What indelibly: good British values will we leave behind in June 1997?

This ill-gotten little slice of a faraway land, so ignohly acquired in the Opium Wars, will be just as ignobly deserted. The final and ahiding symbol of our shabbiness will be 13 elderly war. widows who have been denied British passports - (well, who wants to be "flooded" with widows?). The number of widows goes down with every article written about them, for the obvious reason; not long ago there were 50. A small concession is expected from the Prime Minister: 2 million Hong Kong Chinese, holders of the Hong Kong SAR (Special Administrative Region) passports will have the same right to visit Britain without a visa that the 3.5 million entitled to British National Overseas passports will have after 1997. But none of them will have the right to live or work here. Even this paltry gesture was vigorously opposed in cabinet by the Home Secretary, Michael Howard, afraid it might be a back-door ronte to illegal immigrants.

A few months ago Governor Chris Patten hravely called for the Government to grant passports to all 3.3 million born and bred in Hong Kong. The furore

he caused was all the more disgusting for being so entirely predictable. Michael Howard's hlunt refusal was enthusiastically endorsed by Labour's Shadow Home Secretary, Jack Straw, who said that it was neither "appropriate or practical to offer automatic admission to three million Hong Kong overseas citizens." Only Paddy Ashdown has honourably advocated their cause.

Some 50,000 of the bestheeled Hong Kong families are to be allowed passports that will let them live in Britain. The rest of the 3.3 million who were born in the colony will be left to their fate. Late in the day, when many of the richest Hong Kong residents had already made other arrangements to live in countries that welcome

A left-right consensus endorses the spirit of British prejudice

them with open arms - Canada, Australia and New Zealand -Britain added on a tacky little proviso to our No-Chinky-Chonks-Here policy: they can come in if they have £1m and promise to invest it in treasury bonds. There has not been a noticeable stampede.

Racism is deep-dyed in British politics, with a left-right consensus on immigration that endorses the meanest foreignerhating spirit of British prejudice. Of the many MPs who have spoken out against Hong Kong immigration, I decided to talk to the relatively insignificant hut typical Tory backbencher David Wilshire. He has his finger on the pulse of some of the nastier national attitudes towards immigration, a view of the world from which you, gentle reader of this liberal newspaper, may some-

"Just say to them we're full



up. I'm ever so sorry, there isn't any room left!" he told me. "We haven't the housing for them, we haven't the jobs." But these are skilled people and unlikely to be unemployed or to need council housing. Wouldn't they rekindle the torpid housing market? "I don't believe that guff about them all being entre-

preneurs. Sorry, just no room. He adds: "I'm by no means a racist but mixing does cause huge problems. We have a very serious racial problem already. It's just about under control. but it could get out of control, God forbid!" He is in favour of voluntary repatriation for anyone wanting to leave. "Only

too pleased to help them go. Mr Wilshire represents Spelthorne, one of Britain's safest Tory seats, which abuts Heathrow airport: 35,000 pilots, flight crew and skilled mechanics live in his 97 per cent-white patch, while the poor Asians who work at the airport live in Hillingdon, to the north.

soldiers in Hong Kong the war, (left); right: John Major and Governor Chris Patten yesterday Reute

In my pubs immigration and customs officers tell their stories, and maybe with Chinese whispers they get a hit exaggerated. One will say he's just picked up someone saying they're coming on holiday, when they've got a letter from Staines in their luggage offering them a job starting next Monday. Another has Christmas decorations in her case, at Easter. How long is she planning to stay?"
He fulminates about the

40,000 asylum applications a year. I point out that in 1994, only \$25 were actually admitted.
"You don't need facts for prejudice," he replies wisely. "It's what people think that matters.

I know how my people think."

Why do people think what
they think? Partly because their prejudices are fuelled by politicians. Language matters. Lord Duhbs reports an eight-yearold Ethiopian girl in her school playground asking her teacher what "bogus" means because the other children keep calling her "bogus", as in "bogus refugee" and bogus asylum-seeker".

Nice white Britain, ethnically clean, colourless, tasteless and lifeless as a thick-cut loaf of Mighty White - imagine a Britain that had never allowed immigration. The list of cultural riches is too long to contemplate and when would you begin, since "we" are and always have heen a mongrel island? A recent report from the London Research Centre celebrated the success of London as Europe's best multiracial city, where nearly a third of the people will be from myrtad ethnic minorities in 15 years' time, cosmopolitan and

largely at ease with itself. Our attitudes towards Asia have become curiously contradictory. The Tiger economies are admired by both Blair and Major. Industrious, studious, ambitious, their people never strike, never divorce, save and prosper. Crimelessly ohedient, they are the perfect citizens if only we were more like them! Personally I am quite glad we



are not. For one thing, these homogeneous cultures have a narrow, closed outlook themselves, often intensely racist and hostile to outsiders. It would be hard to match Japan's deep-seated contempt for foreigners, while the Chinese have never given citizenship to anyone not ethnically Chinese. However, both main parties extol the various virtues they find in these societies, yet how do they square this admiration

let these paragons of virtue into Britain" Gibbon blamed the decline of Greek civilisation on its racial restrictions on citizenship. "The narrow policy of preserving, without any foreign mixture, the pure blood of ancient citizens had checked the fortune and hastened the ruin of Athens and Sparta."

Rome, on the other hand, thrived by embracing the talents of "slaves, strangers, ene-mics and barbarians" if they would make citizens of merit.

Time and again we are told that real gold lies in human resources - people, education, talent, brain, inspiration and intellectual capital. We live in a world where the successful economies are driven by the best ideas, designs and inventions. Turning away with an adamantine refusal to these Hong Kong citizens. sending them elsewhere about the globe, may begin to look like throwing away a treasure trove as valuable as North Sea oil. The brightest and best of Hong Kong, rejected by us, are heading instead for the sun-rise countries. We shall miss their talents as the British empire.

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The defeat of left-wing governments in Spain and Australia is good news for Tony Blair, says Peter Kellner

When democracy means it's time for a change All three governments have faced Germany and the United States and came within a whisker of losing economic difficulties since. All three turned right; France, Spain and Auspower.

Politicians often look abroad in order to instruct themselves and inspire their followers. Neil Kinnock made friends with Spain's Felipe Gonzales, and used to cite his success to show that socialists could return from the wilderness. Tony Blair is close to Australia's Paul Keating, whose economic and social strategy helped to shape Blair's vision for new Labour.

Now Gonzales and Keating have been swept away by their own voters. The right is back in power. So have Labour's modernisers in Britain got it all wrong? Should they be looking to Spain and Australia to discover the mistakes to avoid, rather than the lessons to copy?

The short answer is: no. The reason Blair and his colleagues can afford to be relaxed about this weekend's two elections is that they both follow 13 years of one party holding continuous office; the voters in Spain and Australia had decided it was time for a

In many respects the news is worse for John Major than it is for Blair. The last elections in all three countries (Britain in 1992, Spain and Australia in 1993) were won by the incumbents against the odds and against vulnerable oppositions.

have been hurt by sleaze. And, probably most important, all three have seen the emergence of more effective

John Howard took over as leader of Australia's Liberals, abandoned his party's previous tax policies and allayed voters' fears. Jose Maria Aznar, the 43-year-old leader of Spain's conservatives, has imposed his will on his party with Blairite vigour - and made a virtue of avoiding large promises. Had the two men heen centre-left politicians unscaling centre-right governments, we would now be discussing the difficulties Major would have in hucking the

On that analysis, the news from Spain and Australia should do nothing to dissuade leading Labour politicians from either briefing the Queeo or heing briefed by Roy Jenkins, along the lines reported by different newspapers yesterday. Indeed, those two countries seem to be part of a larger movement in democratic polities round the world. Between 1979 and 1983, new political leaders descated incumbent administrations in six leading democracies: Britain. tralia turned left.

All six countries then enjoyed, or endured, at least 12 years of political stability. If we add Italy and Japan (whose governments had remained more or less unchanged for far longer), then we see that the Eighties were baimy years for governing par-

Opinion polls round the world show the discontent of voters

ties in much of the world. During the past four years, however, six of the eight incumbents have been ejectedand the other two have been lucky to

George Bush lost the White House in 1992: Italy's Christian Democrats and Japan's Liberal Democrats were ousted in 1993; France's socialists lost last year's presidential elections, and now Spain and Australia are turning right. The two exceptions are Britain and Germany; but both ruling parties lost seats at their last elections

Of course, it might all be just coincidence. Each country has different political systems, different economic records and different electoral rhythms. Yet there are common features. We are becoming used to talk of a global economy; perhaps we are also seeing the beginnings of a sort of global politics.

The global politics thesis observes that the middle and late Eighties saw a worldwide economic boom. Not everybody did well, but enough people in most democracies prospered enough to reward their governments with re-election. The Nineties have been much harder. Growth has faltered. Well-paid jobs have been harder to find. Welfare systems have faced increasing strain. Inequalities have widened. Above all. opinion polls round the world show an increase in middle-class insecurity.

These generalisations do not apply to the same degree in every country; nor are the trends identical. Yet it is striking how similar are the elements of voter discontent that have caused so many countries to change their political direction after such long

This brings us to the first caveat for Blair as he contemplates his chances of being the next beneficiary of a worldwide tendency to vote for change. He may win power next time, but can he keep it the time after? Could it be that we are seeing not simply a series of one-off changes round the world, but the beginning of a new era in which governments will be less and less able to satisfy their electorates' demands for jobs, welfare and

The second "but" is more specific to the Australian election. Keating promised a referendum on turning his country into a republic. Recent opinion polls showed that up to 80 per cent wanted an Australian-horn citizen to replace the Queen as head of state. Much good did Keating's policy and those opinion polls do him.

Blair has a substantial constitutional agenda for Britain. Different people will disagree about whether it is too radical or not radical enough. What is certain is that it will occupy a great deal of legislative time if Labour wins the next election. Keating's defeat suggests a blunt lesson for any Labour politician who thinks constitutional reform is the route to shortterm electoral success; just forget it.

obituaries/gazette

Marguerite Duras

Marguerite Duras was the most contradictory, and in many ways perverse, figure on the Parisian literary scene during the postwar period, the subject of popular interest far beyond her many readers, always controversial and both the source and the object of much argument.

When known as a popular novelist she wanted to be a highbrow one, and changed to a more specialised literary publisher to further her intellectual reputation, but then altered her technique and image to become more popular, deliberately confusing the borderline between fact and fiction to arouse discussion and disagreement concerning the reallife content of her novels.

The two principal examples of this are her reputed affair as a young girl with a rich Chinese lover in Vietnam, and her personal participation in the Resistance during the German occupation. Her novel The Lover, which won the Prix Goncourt, owed its best-seller status to her television interviews with Bernard Pivot on .4postrophe, a literary programme with a large regular following, in which she claimed that her novel was the true story of her early seduction by a Chinese lover who for family and racial reasons was not willing or able to marry awhite girl of lowly status in what was then a French colony. When her claim to have played an important part in the Resistance, the subject of another novel, was unsubstantiated, she appealed to François Mitterrand, known to have himself been in the Resistance, who gave her amhi-gious hut qualified support. It is unlikely that she could have taken part in all the events that she described, but then everything about her was

Marguerite Duras had a steely will, was relentless in getting what she wanted, and had a selective memory that served only her mood of the moment. Sonia Orwell, a sometime close friend, who like many others was often dropped from favour, accurately described her as "not like a man, but rather a new kind of woman, stronger than a man". A com-parison could be made with Margaret Thatcher, but not in political ideology. She was the subject of much barbed wit from literary rivals, Nathalie Sarraute in particular, who would say how wonderful it must be to be able to adore oneself so much. There were many men in her life, most of them appearing in some form in her novels, and the names of many the dilemmas that party discipperience during the war with a

of her invented characters were amaigams of the surnames of past or present husbands and

Born at Gia Dinh in French

Indochina in 1914, she was brought up with her two brothers, in what for Europeans was considerable poverty, by her mother: her father died when Marguerite was four. Her mother made a small living as a teacher and by playing the pi-ano for silent films, later acquiring a smallholding on the Camhodian coast - which turned out to be uncultivatable, as the sea overran it for half the year. Her mother, whose predicament is described with understanding but little sympathy, plays a prominent part in her writings, and figures in the play Eden Cinema and the novel Barricade Against the Pacific. The sea, as implacable enemy, emerges many times in her work, but her fascination with water also has sexual over-

tones. Poverty and its effect on

the personality is another

important theme. Duras went to Paris at the age of 18 to study law, mathematics and political science, received her degree and went to work for the Ministry of the Colonies until her marriage to Robert Antelme, a rich businessman (pictured, but in little detail, in Moderato Cantabile, where she shows herself as an unhappy wife bored by social obligations, craving excitement, often escaping into heavy drinking). She left Antelme to live with another writer. Dionys Mascolo, the father of her one son. They both joined the Resistance in 1940, but her role is still the subject of some contention, especially as described in La Douleur (1986), which is almost certainly a hlend of memory and fiction.

Her first novel, Les Impudents, was published in 1943 and was soon followed by others, all stressing the interrelationship of people and nature, and the struggle to fight off elements that are hostile to life and happiness, including one's own human nature and desires. Passion plays a large part in Duras's work, often presented in metaphorical or symbolic terms, as does political commitment. She joined the Communist Party in 1945, but she was expelled 10 years later for her unwillingness to toe the party line on all issues: she had found the demands made on artists and intellectuals intolerable, and would have left earlier but for the influence of Mascolo, whose own massive tome Le Communisme is mainly about

During the Fifties Duras's work began to have a special appeal to women, whose maternal and protective instincts, disappointments in love, erotic desires and fantasies, often only dimly understood but depicted by her in a new, poctic and oblique way, she was poignantly able to express. The Sailor of Gibraliar (1952, filmed by Tony Richardson in 1967) and The Little Horses of Tarquinia (1953) are both love stories about loss and disappointment, where a present relationship is made possible or enhanced by the memory or the symbolic presence of an earlier love.

With The Square (1955), writ-

ten as a novel and then transferred to the stage, she hecame accepted by the Parisian avantgarde, then dominated by Beck-ett, Ionesco and Adamov, and the actors who had made their name with the new absurdist drama also began to play Duras: the same phenomenon was soon apparent in London. In The Square, a travelling salesman and a housemaid meet and talk for an hour in a park; Duras gives a picture of their empty lives, with the faint possibility that they might meet again, but happiness is not pos-sible for either except in symbols and fantasies; it is her most poetic novel, often

recalling Proust. International success, and the money associated with it, came with the film Hiroshima. Mon Amour, written for Alain Resnais, which won major attention at the Cannes Film Festival in 196ll. Marguerite Duras found herself part of the glamorous film world and loved the ambiance of the smart restaurants and night-clubs where she soon became a familiar figure. She wrote more film-scripts and then began to make her own films, most of them on a property south of Paris that she bought for the purpose.

Ópinions vary about her own cinema work, all of it atmospheric and heavily symbolic, but also heavily presented, sometimes overwritten with long dialogues that analysed the theme, usually to do with love and desire, that she wanted to put over. Her oblique approach, saving one thing by showing or describing another, is well ilhistrated in Hiroshima, Mon .-Imour, where a Frenchwoman in Hiroshima, scene of a major war horror, the dropping of the first atomic bomb, while having a brief affair with a Japanese man recalls a previous sexual ex-

German soldier with whom she fell in love; he was killed by the Maguis and at the end of the war brought her disgrace and punishment. In spite of the natural emotional prejudice of the audience, who would understand and approve of the killing of the German if not the dropping of the bomb. she effectively made her point that a single death is also a tragedy and all war is wrong.

Moderato Cantabile (1958) is central to and typical of her work, but because she wanted to be numbered among the currently fashonable nonvenux romanciers, she changed from Gallimard 10 Editions de Minuit, the avant-garde publisher of the day, later see-sawing between the two according to her whims. Moderato was filmed by Peter Brook with Jeanne Moreau and Jean-Pierre Belmondo and depicts her alter ego rich housewife, fascinated by a crime passionnelle that takes her hack repeatedly to a working-class bistro to get more details from one of her husband's workers who is in love with her, but fails to realise that it is not him she wants, but the excitement of a passionate death, the opposite of her passionless life. The former Communist ac-

tivist now became part of fashionable Paris, seen with film stars and public personalities. She was difficult, not only with publishers and directors, but with her foreign translators, changing her loyalty from one to the other as they jealously denigrated and criticised each other. Many novels were adapted for the stage and some to the screen. Whole Days in the Trees. taken from an early story, was performed by Madeleine Re-naud in Paris and Peggy Ashcroft in London, while Delphine Seyrig and Eileen Arkins both starred in Suzanna Andler. Peter Hall commissioned a play for the National Theatre, but India Song was never produced there, ending instead as a film and a French play production. Duras's childhood memo-

ries of South-East Asia increasingly influenced het work and culminated in the great success of The Lover: she then changed from the smaller publishers who had translated her work for years in other countries to large commercial firms capable, she thought, of keeping her on the best-seller lists. But most of these were less than happy with the later work which increasingly became selfindulgent and less attractive to

Her films, now entirely under her own control, also lost much of her previous audience, who



found it difficult to follow her current preoccupations. Typical of these is Le Camion, where we are confronted with two images. a lorry driving through the night until dawn, a depiction of the loneliness and determination of the long-distance driver, and, intercut with it, an all-night conversation between Marguerite Duras herself and ber young collaborator and lover. who are writing the script together, imagining the lorry-driver and discussing the emotions they are trying to depict and their method in doing so. Two frustrations, that of their creative imaginations, and the that of the driver they are depicting, become identified. It is a film which works through the

nerve endings rather than

through the mind, making no

concessions to the audience or,

for that matter, to possible

commercial distributors. Much of Duras's work is about obsession, and her very powerful early novellas Whole Days in the Trees (the play comes from the title-story), are

for love and sex and lust for power and riches is always well caught, not so much described as suggested. Lost love is a frequent theme and the sadness and nostalgia for magical past moments surfaces frequently, especially in such plays as La

isica and Suzanna Andler. Like Beckett, she understood the fear in a changing and itinerant society of not belonging anywhere, of ending anony-mous in a big and unfriendly world, which can lead to committing even a senseless crime in order to be famous for a brief instant, just once in a lifetime, This is the theme of The Viaducts of Scine-et-Oise, where a couple, having committed a series of murders, secretly want to be caught and leave vital clues too ensure that they are. Marguerite Duras, in her

last years, having not been in good health for some time, due largely to heavy consumption of wine, fell into a coma, and it was assumed she would not last long. But after two years she recovered fully, continued writing about four obsessive women. and took control again of her fi- Dinh, Indochina 4 April The interchangeability of lust nancial and professional af- died Paris 3 March 1996.

dinal. His main interest was in

canon law, specialising in mar-

riage about which he was fierce

and intransigent. As a long-time

"defender of the bond" he ar-

gued strongly for written promises for the non-Catholic

partner in a "mixed marriage"

now called an inter-faith mar-

riage). He tended to oppose dis-

pensation because "experience

teaches that when the avail-

ability of a dispensation be-

comes known requests for it

increase and escalate". "Mere

whim", he believed, would be

blown up into "grave reasons",

to the scandal and ultimate

It was a very restrictive view

of the role of canon law which

can be used to belp people in

difficuties. That was not Krol's

approach. He was opposed to

much of what was happening in the post-conciliar Church. The

'Call to Action" Congress in

Detroit in October 1976 roused

him to anger. The congress de-

manded among other things public accountability of church

finances, the ordination of

women, local participation in

the selection of bishops. Krol denounced the "rebels" who

had taken over the meeting and

"manipulated a naïve group of little old ladies". He set up a task

force to counter this menace.

Nothing was ever heard from it. Krol's life was transformed by

the election of Karol Wojtyla in

1978. It did not really mean that

as "the friend of the Pope" he

was now close to decision-

making. But Pope John Paul did

detriment of the faithful,

fairs. Nothing could have better demonstrated her indomitable willpower and determination to survive and continue to be creative as long as her body was alive.

A difficult and rebarbative personality, not open to persussion or to arguments other than ber own, Duras lacked tact and humour in life and in her work, but there is much poetic feeling in it and she helped many women, in particular, to understand their problems and their natures. She overcame most of her own handicaps, especially an early addiction to alcohol, and was in many ways an illustration of her own literary observation that in life we tend to replace one thing we want and cannot have with another associated with it.

Her place in literature is assured, perhaps even more than that of Colette whose niche in the Parisian scene she replaced.

John Calder

Marguerite Donnadieu (Marguerite Duras), writer, born Gia Dinh, Indochina 4 April 1914;

tually, introduce some clarity

and transparency into their

Here he made a real and pos-

itive contribution. He under-

stood real estate and could

read a balance-sheet. One sus-

pected he did not much like Mgr Paul Marcinkus, the then chair-

man of the Vatican Bank - a

Chicago Lithuanian to a Cleve-land Pole. But be successfully

got Cardinal Edmund Szoka, a Grand Rapids Pole, named

bead of Apsa (the Administra-

tion of the Patrimony of the

Apostolic See) which was where

Krol retired from Philadel-

phia in 1988, three years after the date when he had to tender

his resignation. One can only

suppose that Pope John Paul II

wanted him to hang on. That,

John Joseph Krol, priest: born Cleveland, Ohio 26 October

1910; ordained pricst 1937; Pro-

fessor of Canon Law, St Mary's

Seminary, Cleveland 1942; Vice-Chancellor, Diocese of Cleveland 1943-51, Chancellor 1951-53;

Titular Bishop of Cadi, Awailiary Bishop to the Bishop of Cleveland

1953-61; Archbishop of Philadel-phia 1961-88; created Cardinal

1967; member, Portifical Com-mission for Mass Media

Communications 1964-69; Vice-President, National Conference

of Catholic Bishops and US Catholics Conference 1966-72,

President 1973-75; died Philadel

phia. Pennsylvania 3 March

Peter Hebblethwaite died 18

Peter Hebblethwaite

in a way, is a tribute to him.

the shortfall lay.

dealings.

Vergilio Ferreira

He was a "man of the north". the great Portuguese novelist and essayist Vergilio Ferreira: born at Melo in the mountains of the Serra da Estrela.

His family had marked him for the priesthood. His youthful sufferings and subsequent revolt in the shades of a repressive and bigoted seminary were later evoked with moving directness in Manhā submersa ("Wasted Morning") - his best-known work, which won for him the Prix Femina for its translation into French (1990). It is the story of an endless quest for per-sonal liberty: the anthor passionately condemns the right of the Church or the government or the family to impose their own vision of what is good and what is evil. It is not surprising that Ferreira became one of the most outspoken critics of Salazar's defested dictatorship

Ferreira graduated from the University of Coimbra in 1949 with a degree in classical philology, the study of which seems to have consolidated his distrust of the empty jargons of religion and politics. He had read widely in French literature, and was particularly influenced by the works of the existentialists, notably Sartre, on whom be wrote a penetrating study. He also admired Camus and Dostoievsky, and wrote a fine critical

appreciation of Malraux. He started writing as a neorealist with Mudança ("Chan-ges", 1949) which critics hailed as the first "existentialist" Portuguese novel. This was followed by 15 other novels, in which the neo-realist tone is tempered to nostalgic longings for the past - memories of lonely childhood, laments for dead friends and relatives, reminiscences of his native mountains' barsb beauty. These exquisitely written stories one reads rather for their smooth, classic style than for "plot",

which is almost non-existent. Ferreira's old people live and breathe with a dignity and eloquence rarely found in modern literature, as in Para Sempre, in which the narrator, at the end of his life, returns "for ever" to the house where he spent his childhood, now deserted, peopled only by phantoms. Yet the old man remains lucid and not without humour as be casts sharp glances back at his own failed life. He broods on the death of a son whose death he considers to have been useless, sad reward for vain revolt.

Aparicao ("Apparition". 1959) follows the same dis-abused resignation to a sense of life's futility. In Até ao fim ("To the Very End", 1987) an old father keeps a vigil over the body of a son killed in tragic cirumstances: the setting is an an cient chapel beside the sea, evoked with persuasive clarity. In Em nome da Terra ("In the Name of the Earth", 1990) another old man, mortally sick, who has had a leg amputated, finds himself left by his children in an old people's home. It is his favourite daughter who has brought him to this place, where he drafts a long letter to a dead wife whom be bad watched over during her illness, a sort of posthumous conversation of great subtlety, yet simple and profoundly touching. Ferreira was a gifted essay-

ist, and kept a voluminous diary, intended for publication, which reveals aspects of the man unsuspected in his novels, which he says were "screens", while the diary published as Conta corrente ("Current Account") is a literary form revealing body and soul in all their nakedness. He won numerous prizes -

the Premio Camilo Castelo Branco for Aparición, the Gran Premio APE for Até ao fim, the Premio de la Casa de Prensa for Alegria breve. The President of Portugal, Mario Soares, a personal friend of Vergilio Ferreira, described his passing as "an enormous loss for Portuguese and world literature". The newspaper O Público recalls his persistent struggles against dic-tatorships, against "irrational tyrannies" like Salazar's and Stalin's.

For an author obsessed by the death of loved ones, it is remarkable that his death followed only 24 hours after he attended the funeral of his brother at Melo, where be himself will find his resting place. ... James Kirkup

Vergilio Ferreira, writer: born Melo, Portugal 28 January 1916; died Sintra 1 March 1996.

Cardinal John Krol

Typical of American press myth-making on the subject of Cardinal John Krol - "Krol the Pole as he was invariably and incvitably known – was an article by Carl Bernstein in Time magazine in February 1992. This alleged a "holy alliance" between Pope and President 10 years previously to undo Yalta and rescue Poland from the

Bernstein cites CIA sources as saying. "Krol hit it off very well with President [Ronald] Reagan and was a constant source of advice and contact." William Cusey, head of the ClA, and Judge William Clark, Reagan's National Security Adviser, both "devout Roman Catholics", "went to Krol, confident he was the one who really understood the situation in

To believe any of this, you haveto swallow a number of myths. The first is that "Krol the Pole" actually knew something about Poland. True, his father was born there, but Jan Józef was not and did not seriously speak Polish. He knew "Krol" meant "king", could say dzienkuje (thank you) in restaurants and dricki Boen (thank God) in church, and was capable of intoning the first lines of "Sto Lat!" ("May you live to be a hundred years!"! But you didn't have to be Polish for that.

Krol notoriously launched into "Sto Lat!" on 16 October 1978, as the champagne corks nonned for the election of Karol (= Krol) Wojtyla, Archhishop of Krakow, as the first non-Italian Pope for 350 years. Time concluded: "John Cardinal Krol of Philadelphia . . . was

the American churchman closest to the Pope."

No doubt that is what Time would expect. But one characteristic of Pope John Paul is that he does not have intimates, least of all Polish Americans who, in his view, are more American than Polish. Canadian Poles, never popped into the melting pot, are different, retaining their languages and something of the culture.

In American eyes Krol may have looked sufficiently Polish, but that is not how Poles saw him. Those "devout Roman Catholics", Casey and Clark, who sought him out to "discuss covert operations" with "the one who really understood the situation" were disptaying their sending the funds for Rural Solidarity via the elergy in Poland, hut that was what any sensible person would have done and did not mean he could distinguish Tarnów from

Тогип. The "devout Roman Catholics" are another myth. In the United States that means belonging to the Knights of Malta, rich businessmen who according to Time combine an appreciation of "the moral force of the Pope and the Icachings of their Church with fierce anti-Communism and their notion of American democracy". Krol was chaplain to the Knights of Malta or rather, since that is too lowly a title, their Grand Protector. If the Knights in Europe count their quarterings, in North America they count their

dollars. The US hishops are instinctive Democrats, but among antee a cardinal's hat. In New

them is usually a Republican. This was Krol's speciality in the pre-John Paul II era when a Polish-American hishop was a rarity among the massed ranks of Irish-Americans who had dominated the Church since the 19th century. The "revival of ethnicity" did not bring him any kudos. It merely led to endless "Polish jokes" about incompetence and light-bulbs and

impracticality. Krol's career was built on shrewdness and being in the right place at the right time. The fourth of eight children of a butcher in Cleveland, Ohio, he was ordained priest in 1937, doing graduate work in canon law at the Catholic University in Washington. There he had naivete. Krol did indeed push for the good fortune or the prescience to meet the Apostolic Delegate. Archbishop Amleto Cicognani, to whom he made himself useful as chauffeur, automobiles being a novelty in the clerical world.

Legend has it that when Cicognani and a clerical friend were discussing a knotty canonical point in the back of the car, their silent driver assonished them on arrival by producing a neat and elegant solution. He wrote it up and was named auxiliary Bishop of Cleveland in

In 1958 the newly elected Pope John XXIII called Cicognani, the forgotten man of Vatican diplomacy, back to Rome and made him Cardinal Secretary of State. He did not forget his chauffeur-canonist, and in 1961 Krol advanced to Philadelphia, one of the few dioceses in the US which guar-



'Krol the Pole': Archbishop of Philadelphia from 1961 to 1988

York, Cardinal Francis Spellman, for long the king maker of the hierarchy, read the news in the New York Times and snorted, "You'd think they'd let a fella know before they do this kinda thing." But the world was changing, even for "Spelly".

Krol was the coming man. l'uomo ascendente. He became one of the six under-secretaries of the Second Vatican Council. There was one for each of the major languages. His task was to keep business on schedule. paper moving and the organisation efficient. It was not a the-

into contact with Cardinal Pericle Felici, a dry canon lawyer who ran the Council like a brusque headmaster and was capable of making good jokes in Latin. His performance was more admired than his theology. Krol learned much from Felici and departed from his line only on the question of Jews: he would have no watering down of the Council's statements on the Jews. He was thinking of the folks back home.

The Council ended in 1965. In 1967, Krol was made a car-

al National Lifeboat Institution was

ological post, but it hrought him

put him on the committee of cardinals whose task was to oversee the financial operations of the Vatican and, even-

Companions, St Casimir of Poland

National Gallery: Neil MacGregor, "A First View of your National Gallery", 1pm. Victoria and Albert Museum: Eric

Turner, "The Architectural Discoveries in the Silver Gallery", 230pm. Gresham College: Sir Anthony Meyer, "Maastricht II: the federalist case", lpm (at Barnard's Inn Hall, London EC1); Professor Mary Hesse, "Science and Religion: is science the new religion?", 5.30pm (at Sion College, London EC4).

Exeter University: Professor Martin Hughes, "Young Children as Learn-ers", 5.15pm.

Lord O'Brien of Lothbury.

December 1994

A Service of Thanksgiving for the life of Lord O'Brien of Lothbury GBE PC FRCM will be held in the Chapel of the Order of the British Empire, the Crypt, St Paul's Cathedral, London EC4, at 11.30am on Thursday 14 March. Those attending are requested to take their seats by 11.15am. For further information, please contact the Assistant Secretary, Bank of England

ROYAL ENGAGEMENTS The Queen and The Duke of Edinburgh The Queen and The Duke of Edinburgh give a Reception at Buckingham Palace for the wisners of The Queen's Awards for Export, Technological and Euvironmental Achievement. The Princess Royal First for Carest, attends a meeting of the Committee of Irustees at 81 Newgate Street, London ECT. Princess Alexandra, President, attends a Reception given by the Friends of the V&A at the Victoris and Albert Museum, South Kensington, London SW7.

Changing of the Guard The Household Cavelry Mounted Regi-ment mounts the Queen's Life Guard at Borse Guards, 11am: 7 Company Colf-stream Guards mounts the Queen's Guish, at Boeldingham, Palece, 11:30am, band

Adoptions, Marriages, Deaths, Memorial services, Wedding anniversaries, In Memoriam) should be sent in writing to the Gazette Editor, The Independent, I Canada Square, Canary Wharf, Loodon E14 5DL, relephoned to 0171, 293 don Eta SIL Treppinde do de la SIL Treppinde de 12011 (243 2012) ur faxed to 0171-293 2010, and are charged at £6.50 a line (VAT extrat. OTHER Gazette announcements (notices, machines, rotations, rotations) of coming marriages. Marriages i must be submiffed in writing for faxed) and are charged at £10 n line, VAT extra. They should be accompanied by a daytime

Birthdays

Mr Michael Barrett ("Shakin" Stevens"), rock singer, 48: Sir Alan Battersby, organic chemist, 7t; Sir Arthur Bryan, former Lord-Lieutenant for Staffordshire, 73; Mr. Kenny Dalglish, football player and manager, 45; Mr Graham Dowling, cricketer, 59; Professor Hans Eysenck, psychologist, 80: Mr Harvey Goldsmith, music promoter, 50: Mr Bernard Hairink, music director of Covent Garden Opera House, 67: Mr Juhn Huni, former Headmaster of Roedean, 64; Lord Juhnston of Rockport, former chairman, NW Area Conscrvatives, 81; Mr Francis

King, author and drama critic, 75: Mr Ralph Kirshbaum, cellist, 50: Miss Miriam Makeba, singer, 65;Mr Stuart Mawson, orolaryngologist, 78; Mr Pairick Moore, astronomer, 73; Miss Paula Prentiss, actress, 57; Mr Chris Rea, rock musician, 45: Mr Alan Sillitoe, playwright and novelist, 68: Mr Peter Skellern, composer and singer. 49; Sir Keith Stuart, chairman.

Anniversaries

Births: Prince Henry the Navigator. sponsor of voyages, 1394; Antonio Lucio Vivaldi, composer and violinist, 1678; Sir Henry Raeburn, portrait

painter, 1756; Robert Lindley, cellist and composer, 1776; Thomas Sturge Meore, poet and wood-engraver, 1570. Deaths: Saladin, Sultan of Egypt and Syrat, 1193; Sir Thomas Malory, writer of Morie d'Arthur. 1470; William Willett, builder, and promoter of "daylight saving time". 1915: Antonin Artaud, actor, play-wright and stage director, 1948; Sir Charles Scott Sherrington, neurolocist. 1952; William Carlos Williams. physician and poet, 1963; Richard Thomas Church, poet and povelist. 1972. On this day: Pennsylvania was granted by charter to William Penn. 1681: the first meeting of Congress

founded, 1824; the Forth Bridge was officially opened, 1890; the Comintern (Communist Intermtional) was formed, 1919; British commandos raided the Lofoten Islands off Norway, then German-occupied, 1941; German radio declared

that Dresden had been "wiped off the map of Europe" by Allied bombing. 1945; the nuclear submarine Noutility travelled under the North Polar icecap, 1958; North Sea gus was first piped ashore near Durham, 1967; Ed-ward Heath resigned and Harold Wilson became prime minister, forming a Labour government, 1974. Today was held in New York, 1789; the Roy- is the Feast Day of St Adrian and his

business

TODAY

Internas: Close Brothers, Cornwell Parker, Hays.

Finals: ADT, Avonmore Foods, BBA Group, British Polythene, Cementone, EFT Group, Enso-Gutzeit, General Cable, Intrum Justitia, Mackie International, Perkins Group, Reylon Group. Smith & Nephew

Annual General Meetings: AG Barr, Eurocopy, Haemo-cell, Treatt, United Breweries. EGMs:

Edinburgh Fund Managers Excalibur Group, United Breweries.

Economics Weekly returns for the amount of notes and coins in circulation suggest that the narrow money measure, M0, for February is likely to show a sizeable jump today. Analysts expect a 0.8 per cent rise, taking the 12-month growth rate up from 5.3 to 5.9 per cent well above the Government's

0 to 4 per cent monitoring range. However, it is not expected to detail a base rate cut on Thursday, unless there is a very adverse reaction in the financial markets.

The Halifax house price index is likely to show another monthly rise in February, following the unexpected rise rerealed by the already published

Nationwide price index .
Also UK February official reserves; German January trade balance and current account (during week): US December/January personal income and consumption.

TOMORROW

Companies

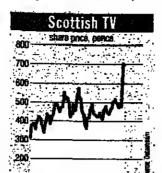
lt is unclear whether Scottish Television will be a predator or a target in the next round of consolidation within ITV. If a predator, HTV, in which Scottish has recently acquired a 20 per cent stake, is the most likely target. However, the United/MAI deal suggests that Scottish may have already left it too late to make a move

THE WEEK AHEAD

without facing competition for HTV. Analysis expect Sottish to announce roughly doubled pre tax profits of £18.5m, and a dividend up 2p to 16p.

British Biotech, European Leisure, Finelist Group, Linx Printing Group, Raine. Finals:

AECL Bluebird Toys, BSM Group, Burnfield, CRH, De



Beers Consolidated Mines, Independent Insurance, Inspec Group, Kerry Group, Metal Bulletin, Pacer Systems, Pegasus Group, Pendragon, Scottish TV, Singapore Para Rubber, Transport Development Group, WSP Group. Annual General Meeting Kelsey Industries.

Consolidated Coal.

EGMs:

UK November-January advance energy statistics. Also. US Jan factory goods orders and durable goods orders.

WEDNESDAY

BAT's results will benefit from the American Tobacco acquisition and the recovery in Brazil. Pre-tax profits are expected to increase to £2,445m from £1,935m, and the dividend to 24p from 21.9p. Prospects beyond 1996 are better indicated by progress elsewhere. Financial services will beoefit from the smoothed unrealised

capital gains at Eagle Star. Cadhury Schweppes is likely to, yet again, deliver the best performance in the forthcoming Food Producers' March results season. Annual pre-tax profits are forecast to rise from £478.8m to £525m, after the £37m Dr Pepper restructuring-charge following the latter's acquisition. The dividend should rise from 15.6p to 16.7p.

Interims: None scheduled

Finals: BWD Securities. Cadbury Schweppes, Candover investments, Glaxo Wellcome. Ockham Holdings, PTS Group. Stat-Plus Group. Strong & Fisher, T&N, Vickers, Woodchester Investments, Wyevale Garden Centres.

AGMs: Coda Group, Dawson Hold-

ings. Royal Bank of Canada.

Economics

UK January housing starts. Also US December/January housing completions and new home sales. US fourth-quarter non-farm productivity.

THURSDAY

Companies Cookson is forecast to enjoy 21 per cent increase in organic carnings to 17.9p per share. But growth is already priced into the shares and future performance depends upon the pricing outlook in electronics and the durability of the current semiconductor boom - both look questionable. Dividend should rise from 7.0p to 7.8p. Interims: Conrad, Galliford, A&J Mucklow, Renishaw,

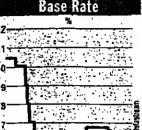
Arjo Wiggins Appleton, T Clarke, Cookson Group,

Cortworth, Ericsson, Fairway Group, Gibbs & Daody. GKN, Hillsdown Holdings, IMI, Kode International, Ladbroke Group, Microvitec. Moorepay Group, More O'Ferrall, North Midland Construction, Ocean Group, Rolls-Royce, RTZ, Sun Alliance, Telewest, Virtuality

Group. AGMs:

Amer Group, Brooke Tool Engineering. Countryside Properties, Hawtin, ML Lab-

oratories, Premier Land, Stora.



Weekly Index Share Price Data

Economics A quarter point reduction in

base rates to 6 per cent is firmly expected after the monetary meeting between Chancellor Kunneth Clarke and Eddie George, Governor of the Bank of England. The Bank lowered its inflation forecast substantially in its quarterly Inflation Report last month and is unlikely to resist another cut in the cost of borrowing, unless for reasons of

timing.
The CBI Distributive Trades Survey gives an early snapshot of the pace of retail sales in

Also US weekly jubless claims: January leading economic indicators; January consumer credit; German fourth-quarter GDP.

FRIDAY

US employment and unemdovment rate for February. Analysts expect sizeable bounce back in number of

NOA VIII 2064 6120 Prices are in stating except where stated. The yield is last year's dividend, grossed up by 20 per cent, as a percentage of the share price. The price/earnings (P/E) ratio is the share price divided by last year's earnings per share, excluding exceptional items.

Other details: xr Ex rights x Ex-dividend to Ex all u Unlisted Securities Market a Suspended to Partiy Paul pm Nil Paid Shares.

Source, Finstal. The Independent Index The index allows you to access real-time share prices by phone from Seaq. Simply dial 0891 123 335, followed by the 4-digit code printed next to each share. To access the latest Sterling Rates 04 Bullion Report 05 Wall St Report 20 Tokyo Market 21 FT-SE 100 - Real-lime 00 UK Stock Market Report 01 Water Shares UK Company News Foreign Exchange Anyone with a tone-dial telephone can use this service. For a detailed description of The Independent Index. including its portfolio facility, phone 0891 For assistance, call our helpline 0171 873 4375 (930em - 530pm). Calls cost 39p per minute (cheep rate), and 49p at all other times. Call charge Interest Rates Prime Discount Fed Funds Spain 10-Day Repo Discount Selgion Discount Central ** 1955 58 6 62 58 6 62 58 07 78 58 07 75 58 07 10 50 10 257 50 10 257 50 10 257 50 10 257 50 10 257 50 10 257 50 10 257 50 10 257 50 10 257 50 10 257 50 257 700°∙ 550°€ 900% 805% 150% 425% **Diversified Industrials** Anglo United Anglo United Anglospassis Bill India. SITR Bardord Betry Ul Branky United The Constant Format Grampan High Hardord Harmon High Hardord Harmon High Hardord Harmon High Harmon Highers Hight Highers Highers Highers Highers Highers Highers Hight Highers Hight Highe | Success | No. | Stack

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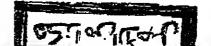
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BUSINESS NEWS DESK: tel 0171-293 2530 fax 0171-293 2098

NatWest looks to the future with an Orange credit card

DIANE COYLE and MARY FAGAN

Orange, the mobile telephone company, and NatWest arc planning a joint credit card venture. An Orange-branded Visa card, administered by NatWest, could be faunched later this year.

A letter of intent has already which would offer Orange

marketing access to NatWest's existing six million credit card holders as well as allowing the mobile operator to offer an additional service to its customers. Nat West would gain in return access to Orange's 4501/00 sub-scribers and the benefit of its

strong brand image on the card. The move follows the announcement last November of a joint venture between Cellnet and Barelaycard. Celinet

waves, and the system will evolve to give access to more sophisticated services through a menu on the mobile handset.

The huge success of Orange's assault on the mobile phone market since its launch in April 1994 has prompted the two dominant operators. Cellnet and Vodafone, to retaliate with what appears to he the begin-

quality of service is also fierce. The new Orange credit card

described by one of those involved as "a very interesting idea" - will offer an attractive interest rate. Competition in the credit card market increased recently with the launch of new. relatively low-interest card by RBS Advanta - a joint venture between Royal Bank of Scotland

NatWest is one of Britain's higgest card issuers, along with Barclays, the market leader, TSB and Midland. Low-interest card issuers such as the Co-op, RBS and Halifax have a small

Orange plans to float on the stock market later this mouth and has already registered almost 60,000 people as potential in-

market share.

value the company, owned by the Hong Kong conglomerate Hutchison Whampoa and British Aerospace, at £22-£24bn.

Orange has launched a £5m advertising campaign ahead of the flotation, and has spent about £14m a year on advertising and marketing since its launch in early 1994. It has firmly established its name in a market originally dominated

subscribers can get hasic ning of a price war. Competi- and US-based financial service vestors. The listing is expected to by Vodafone and Cellnet, run-financial services over the air- tion on the sophistication and company Advanta - last month. value the company, owned by the ming neck-and-neck with Mercury's One-2-One service. Orange says it is capturing nearly a third of all new subscribers to mobile telephony and 38 per cent of all new customers on digital networks, where the

future of the industry lies. Analysts reckon that Orange will move into profit in 1997, and that it could have a quar-ter of the mobile-phone market

The company holds much of the credit for taking mobile phones out of their yappie niche into the mass market. It is likely to start making a bigger impact in the business mar-ket, in which Vodafone and Cellnet still figure strongly, as a recently announced deal with a German network will allow Orange users to use their tele-

Labour may crack down on utility takeovers

industrial Correspondent

A Labour Government would consider demanding separate listings on the London Stock Exchange for all UK water and electricity firms which are foreign-owned or are subject to takeovers and mergers. The Labour Party's proposal is driven by lears that consumers would suffer if privatised utilities that are absorbed into larger groups prove difficult to regulate.

The issue will be raised this week hy Richard Caborn, shadow minister for competitiveness and regulation, at meetings



Whistle-blower: Richard Caborn plans to warn Europe

and Parliament. He will also and a level playing field.

kets. He is to consult with the Commission on the legal and technical problems of ring-fencing utilities owned by large US and European conglomerates.

push the idea of a European Union regulators forum to

promote common standards Mr Caborn will warn that the rest of Europe must not follow Britain's laissez-faire" and "inadequate" approach to regulation with the opening up of their national energy and water mar-

City analysts believe that the

with the European Commission

nesses which serve the public. PowerGen's desire to buy Mid-lands Electricity for £1.9bn.

prospect of enforced separate listings would act as a strong dis-

incentive for predators scouring

the UK for potential targets. The electricity sector has seen a spate of takeovers and mergers. Eastern Electricity. one of the largest regional firms, was absorbed into Hanson and South Western Electricity was taken over by Southern Electric International of the US. There is speculation that Yorkshire Electricity will be the next to go.

lan Byatt, the water industry regulator, has already warned that he wants separate listings for companies that fall subject to takeovers or mergers. The Government bowed to his advice in the recent takeover of Northumhrian Water by Lyonnaise des Eaux of France, demanding that the French group list all its UK water interests separately on the Stock Exchange by 2005. However Mr Caborn is

thought to be concerned about the electricity industry, where the watchdog, Professor Stephen Littlechild, has chosen not to go down that route. It could also be come a contentious issue if, as some expect, British Gas decides to back out of public gas supply by selling off operations in diferent parts of the country.

Mr Caborn is worried that foreign-owned companies will exploit weaknesses in the UK regulatory system by consoli-dating accounts and cross-subsidising other parts of their group from the profitable utilities busi

Apart from continuing speculation over Yorkshire Electricity, the industry is also awaiting the outcome of inquiries by the Monopolies and Mergers Commission into the proposed £2.Shn takeover by National Power of Southern Electric and

Branson's pop-rock-talk format set for expansion on European airwaves

Running for new audiences: Virgin operates two UK radio licences and is believed to be in talks wit

Virgin moves into Irish radio

MATHEW HORSMAN Media Editor

Richard Branson's Virgin Group is poised to launch its soft rock commercial radio format in Dublin, following a preliminary agreement to invest in FM104, the Irish radio station. The move marks the further

mansion plans, in the wake of its failure to win the Channel 5 The radio deal, to be announced this week, will see Virgin take a 27 per cent stake

development of Virgin's media

in the privately held station, and assume management responsibilities. The station will be rebranded as Virgin. Mr Branson's company cur-

rently operates two radio licences in the UK, and is looking at expanding on the Continent. It is believed to be in early

talks with joint venture partners satellite broadcaster owned 40 non, the 120-strong MGM cin-in Spain, France. Italy and Ger-per cent by Rupert Murdoch. ema chain for which it paid in Spain, France. Italy and Germany, with the aim of extending the successful pop-rock-talk mix beyond Britain. The radio push is part of a

hroader expansion into media, including CD-Rom publishing. television and books. Chief strategist for Virgin Communications, the media arm of the atrime-to-cola congiomerate. is Rohert Devereux, Mr Branson's brother-in-law, who is known within the company as a deal-maker rather than an operations man. On the TV side, he is seconded by Jeremy Fox. who is now in preliminary talks with other broadcasters about the prospects for developing a hranded Virgin TV channel on

cable or satcilite. It is understood that informal discussions have taken place be-tween Virgin and BSkyB, the per cent by Rupert Murdoch. Sky is currently conducting a re-view of its multi-channel pack-age, consisting of 23 themed channels such as Sky Sports, Playboy and Sky Movies, and is helieved to be looking for additional products.

Virgin is also in talks with Reed-Elsevier, the Anglo-Duich publishing giant, over the purchase of Reed Consumer Books, being sold as part of Reed's strategic shift toward electronic and professional publishing. Virgin is believed to be one of two companies still in the running for the range of book publishing imprints, including Secker & Warburg and Methuen, which could fetch between £80m and £100m. The other bidder is Electra, the

venture capital group. Mr Devereux's latest acquisi-

Australian election could put

Black in front in Fairfax race

graph, publishers of the Daily

Telegraph and the Sunday Tele-

Leading the company's cam-

paign for changes to the limits has been Daniel Colson, the

vice-chairman and Mr Black's

main UK-based lieutenant.

graph, to build up its stake.

£190m last year, is now being re-developed and rebranded. The company intends to sell the bulk of the single-screen MGM sites, perhaps as many as 80, in order to concentrate on the higher-margin multiplex end of the market. It is in talks with CinVen. the venture capital group, and a deal priced at about 1/UII

be reached soon. The proceeds would accelerate plans to open new multiplexes across the UK. A Virgin Cinema has now been opened in Dublin, and there are plans to open a greenfield property in Rochester, Kent, this summer, incorporating a cinema, restaurant and games centre. A cinema is also part of plans to redevelop the King's Cross, London, site near the proposed

But Telegraph management is

convinced the company has a

bright future, and aims to win

Fairfax is near the end of a three-year A\$500m capital in-vestment programme, which will culminate in the opening of

outright control if permitted.

a state-of-the-art printing com-

The company publishes sev-eral high-selling titles, including

the Sydney Morning Herald, the

Age and the Australian Finan-

cial Review. It is also a large re-

It is also a player in the country's embryonic pay-TV market, through a joint venture

with the Australian Broadcast-

ing Corporation and Cox Com-

munications. Last year, it

bought 50 per cent of an inde-

pendent production company.

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gional newspaper publisher.

plex in Sydney this year.

Kvaerner near to agreed bid for Trafalgar

JOHN WILLCOCK

Kvaerner, the Norwegian shipping and engineering group, is close to making an agreed bid for Trafalgar House, the loss-mak-

ing company, after bid talks made progress over the weekend. Sources close to Trafalgar insisted yesterday it would agree to nothing less than a bid for the whole company. Kvaerner stressed that it was at no time under pressure to come up with a formal offer.

While neither side was prepared to say anything. City observers assumed the hid would be around the 50p-55p level, valuing Trafalgar at around

Weekend press reports dwelt on Kvaerner's reluctance to take over Trafalgar's non engineering operations, particularly the loss-making Cunard cruise-shipping line. Cunard may not, however, be the stum-bling block that some analysts have suggested, according to

Potential buyers for Cunard suggested by City sources over the weekend included P&O. Disney, the American entertainment giant, and shipping companies Carnival and Royal Caribbean.

One analyst, however, described such speculation as "complete rubhish".

None of the names put for-ward were prepared to confirm that they were definitely inter-ested, still less that they had been involved in any preliminary talks. A spokesman for Kvaerner denied that Cunard had become a stumbling block but Kvaerner's core strategy

out of a total loss for Trafalgar of £321m. Its fleet is seen as under-invested and out of date, with last year's humiliating QE2 fiasco still fresh in people's minds.

Both companies' merchanthank advisers continued intensive talks over the weekend - Brian Keelan of SBC Warburg for Kvaerner and John Reynolds of Schroders for Trafalgar.
It is understood that Kvaern-

er has been in close talks with HongKong Land, the Keswickowned company which holds a key 26 cent in Trafalgar.

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According to one source, the UK company is prepared to consider "nothing but a hid for the company. It is not in the in-terests of Trafalgar's shareholders for the company to be cherry-picked in any way whatever."
A spokesman for Kvaerner

said that it was "still working on whether to go ahead with a bid". He stressed that there was no time pressure on Kvaerner to come up with an offer. "No one else is going to march in and buy this."

A spokesman for P&O said that while the company's chair-man, Lord Sterling, had said last week that it "would be prepared to look at it [Cunard], at a price", this should not be in-terpreted to mean it was ready to make an offer.

"We haven't been approached by anyone. We would have to look pretty carefully at the price. But we wouldn't dismiss it out of hand. If we did make a bid we would have to

IN BRIEF

BT complains over Spanish group

British Telecom has lodged a complaint with Spain's competition authorities about Spanish telecoms operator Telefonica. The complaint concerns anti-competitive practices in Telefonica's dealings with BT's and Banco Santande's joint venture in Spain. BT has not been given a date for the hearing. The complaint follows the breakdown of talks with Telefonica.

Samsung helps win Fokker reprieve

Dutch Prime Minister Wim Kok said yesterday that several companies, including South Korean conglomerate Samsung, were still interested in acquiring the loss-making Dutch aircraft-maker Fokker. The Dutch government on Friday approved a two-week extension to bridging credits for the beleaguered plane-maker. Fokker has depended on the state-cash injection since its majority shareholder Daimler Benz cut off support on 22 January.

Bank loan may keep Vulkan afloat

Germany's Bayerische Vereinsbank confirmed that it is considering providing a substantial loan for ailing shipbuilder Bremer Vulkan, which has applied for protection from creditors after dis-closing a DM1hn loss for 1995. Vereinsbank is seeking a guarantee that Vulkan workers will not receive compensation payments in the case of hankruptcy as an additional security for its credit. Last week, Vulkan's creditor hanks pledged to grant almost DM100m in fresh credit to keep the shipbuilder afloat for the next two months.

SFA fines Lehman Brothers over Maxwell

American investment bank Lehman Brothers has been censured and fined by the Securities and Futures Authority, the industry regulator. Reports at the weekend suggested the fine, over the bank's dealings with the private companies of the late Robert Maxwell, was up to £100,000 – a lower figure than fines levied on Goldman Sachs and fund manager Invesco in 1993 over their dealings with Robert Maxwell. dealings with Robert Maxwell.

Supermarket price rise predicted

Supermarket food prices will rise 4 per cent this year, the Centre for Economics and Business Research predicts in a report published today. The consultancy says heavy price discounting has cut net profit margins by an average of 13 per cent during the past three years. The discounts generated no identifiable change in total sales, the research found. Volumes did not rise enough to recoup the revenue lost from lower prices. Other marketing efforts, such as advertising, were far more likely to boost sales.

Liffe enjoys a leap in February trades

Liffe, London's financial futures exchange, had its busiest month ever in February. It traded a record 18.04 million contracts, 53 per cent higher than the same month last year. Average daily turnover was a record £210bn. The previous peak was 17.83 million in February 1994, during the bond market crash. Trading volumes in 1996 so far are 42 per cent ahead of last year.

ShareLink condemns 'hybrid' market

A proposed hybrid UK stock market, combining order- and quote driven systems, would be unworkable or expensive, retail broker ShareLink said yesterday. Its chief executive, David Jones, said the existing quote-driven system was undermining the City's status.

Mortgage war set for further escalation

DIANE COYLE Economics Correspondent

The mortgage price war is poised to intensify this week if the Chancellor, Kenneth Clarke, lives up to expectations by cutting a quarter point off base rates after his meeting with the Governor of the Bank of England on

However, many of the big lenders are expected to offer selective mortgage discounts rather than reducing their basic variable rate.

Banks and huilding societies that are planning a stock market listing are refuctant to compete head-on with Nationwide's recent cut in its mortage rate to 6.09 per cent, announced to

the benefits of remaining a cellor to shave rates by anoth mutual society.

A spokeswoman for Alliance & Leicester, which announced its plans to convert and join the stock market early last month, said: "The mortgage market is so competitive that the standard rate is only one part of a mar-keting strategy. Alliance would review its strategy if base rates fell this week, she said, adding that the interests of savers had

to be taken into account as well. Smaller mutual societies such as Skipton and Bradford & Bingley have already welcomed Nationwide's move and are expected to announce new measures shortly, even if base rates

do not fall this week. However, most analysts in the

er quarter point, taking them to 6 per cent. following earlier reductions in December and Јапиагу. Manufacturing industry is

stagnating according to recent evidence, while the economy's pace of growth has slowed to well below its long-run trend. The Bank of England is not expected to resist a reduction in borrowing costs. Last month it lowered its inflation forecast,

and said the Government was more likely than not to hit its inflation target. Official figures for the narrow money measure M0, due today. and unexpected jurbulence in the financial markets present the main potential obstacles to

lower borrowing costs.

Trafalgar House 44 8

MATHEW HORSMAN

Labor's weekend defeat in the Australian election will give a boost to the Telegraph group, which has been locked in a highstakes battle with media harons Kerry Packer and Rupert Murdoch over control of Fairfax, the Sydney-hased newspaper

company.
The Telegraph, whose chairman and majority owner is Conrad Black, the Canadian press baron, has been lobbying fiercely to be allowed to raise its stake in Fairfax to above 25 per cent, but has been stymied

is likely to lead to a relaxation

of the limits, allowing the Tele-

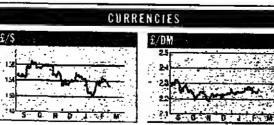
by strict ownership rules.

According to Telegraph in-siders, the victory of the Liberal Party in elections on Saturday

Mr Packer, who owns the Nine television network, has amassed a 15 per cent holding but has been barred from going higher hecause of media crossownership limits. Mr Murdoch has about 5 per cent, but is also

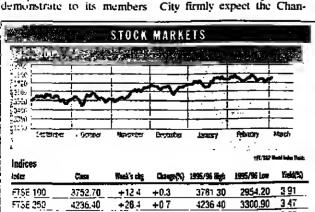
barred from going higher than 15 per cent because of his Australian television interests. Fairfax had pre-tax profits of A\$205m (£102) in 1995, on revenues of A\$947.9m. Profits

in the second half of the year were affected by high newsprint costs and the sluggish economy.

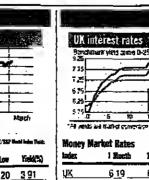


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IM (London)	2.2558	+2.03pf	2.425	DM (Landon)	1.4759	+2.46pt	Ţ.
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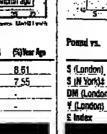
1876 00 +75 +0.4 FT Small Cap 2058.71 2058.71 1856.23 1676 61 307 +10.7 + 0.51952 03 +7€ +0.4 5536 56 -939 -17 5630 49 383<u>2 08 2.12</u> 20168 63 -131 B -0 6 21118 30 14485,40 0.77† mong Kang 11194 94 -135.5 11594.99 6967.93 3.31† 1910.96 1 85† +49.4 +2.0 Source: FT Information



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16.79 RPI 376.9 GDP

398.30 +0.00 376.9 GDP 107.1 0.5pc105.1 26 Mar 260.59 +2.02 232.727 Base Rates — 6.25pc 6.75 —

There is a tendency

in reaction not to the

future behaviour of

for rate changes to be

Chancellor should not snatch at base rate cuts

At the monthly monetary meeting in January, the Chancellor made a comment
which gives a valuable insight into the real world means holding the officially

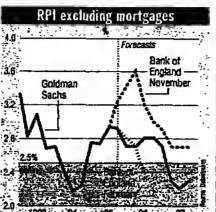
in the period ahead, which translated into
comes the main point. If the shocks are raninterest rate changes. Forecasts are not
about the future, but many other variables
can add to this information, so they should which gives a valuable insight into the way his mind may be working on hase rate policy. He pointed out to the Governor that he had acted promptly and pre-emptively to raise interest rates when inflation pressures were rising in 1994. This, he said, bas carned him the right to act similarly decisively on the way down. With the Bank of England now predicting that inflation will be just below the 2.5 per cent target next year (see graph), the financial markets expect another base rate cut to be announced this week.

The authorities have given a tot of thought lately to the speed of adjustment of monetary policy in response to new economic information. There is a feeling in official cir-cles that the UK, like other countries, has had a tendency to react too slowly to changes in the ecocomic climate, and then to eke out interest rate changes for far too long. This pattern of "too little too late" is obviously tess than ideal, and it bas probahly contributed to the instability of the economy in the recent past.

Why do central banks act like this? A superb new study of central bank behaviour by Charles Goodhart at the LSE provides some of the answers. He starts by making a fascinating point, which is quite hard to grasp at first, but becomes more telling the more you think about it. Central banks, he believes, are all trying to do the same thing, no matter how they choose to formulate the precise targets which officially guide them. They are basically trying to stabilise prices

measured inflation rate to 2.5 per cent or less a year or more into the future. In other words, they are all actually doing exactly what the Bank of England now claims in public to be doing.

Policy at any given moment should there-fore be set such that the forecast for inflation a year or so ahead is 2.5 per cent. If this is the case, then changes in policy should be triggered only by a shock which alters the inflation forecast over the relevant horizon. These shocks should be random if the system for forecasting inflation is efficient - in other words, shocks which raise inflation relative to the target should be just as likely as



dom, then so too should be the policy response - that is, the pattern of base rate changes should itself be random. Therefore, when we come to examine the behaviour of the authorities over time, we should see a series of higgledy piggledy moves in inter-

est rates which do not follow a neat orderly pattern. A good central bank, on this definition, might be one which raises rates by a point in one month, cuts them by a point and a half the next, and then raises them again a couple of months later.

But instead of this haphazard pattern, which would be optimal, we see precisely the reverse – a series of smallish changes coming at frequent intervals which bave a phenomenal tendency to be all in the same direction. When there is a change in base rates in the UK, for example, it is four times as likely to be in the same direction as the last change as it is to be in the opposite direction. Furthermore, there is a tendeocy for these changes to be in reaction not to the future behaviour of inflation, but to its behaviour in the recent past. Central banks appear to be driving while looking in the rear view mirror. Their broad rute, according to Goodhart, is that they react to a 1 per ceot rise in reported inflation by increasing interest rates by about 0.15 per cent per quarter for four or five successive quarters.

Goodhart suggests that central hanks

enough. And some people have argued that this backward looking behaviour might not be a had thing - that monetary policy should indeed be based on published data for historic inflation or nominal income. Forecasting has a bad name, and even Eddie George has allowed himself to argue that it is inherently too uncertain for it to be central to the policy process. Therefore why not wait until published information is available, or (in a different formulation of a similar point) why not act only when explicit "lead indicators" such as monetary growth, say you should?

These arguments may seem beguiling, but on close inspection they become totally incomprehensible. The fact that forecasting is imperfect does not mean that it is entirely useless. There is a very large gap between a view of the future which is held with perfect certainty, and one which is held with no knowledge whatsoever. Clearly, the present state of economic forecasting comes somewhere in between - it is far from perfect, but it is much better than saying you know nothing at all about the future. Since everyone would agree that monetary policy affects inflation only with a tag of about 12-18 months, it cannot make sense to throw away whatever knowledge we can glean about the future when base rate decisions are made.

The present rate of inflation conveys almost oo knowledge about the future, so it should be discarded as a policy toot without behave like this because they need to be able to point to a worsening in actual reported tary aggregates scarcely does any better. It

about the future, but many other variables can add to this information, so they should be used as well. To use historic inflation data to guide policy is to tie both the Chancellor's hands behind his back; to use the monetary aggregates is to tie one hand. Only by using all the available information in a coherent forecasting system does the Chancellor have both hands free.

Now back to the question of what the Chancellor should do next. On the argument just outlined, the authorities should be moving over time to act more decisively and earlier in response to changes in the economic climate than they have typically done in the past. This might indicate that base rates should drop by (say) another half point quite quickly. But unfortunately, as the Governor has been arguing, the authorities need to worry about building their credibility over time, as well as about the need to act quickly

This means that, for a while at least, they should exhibit a clear tendency to move interest rates more quickly on the way up than on the way down. This is especially the case when the markets doubt whether the Government would be willing to reverse the trend again, should it prove necessary, just before the election. The Governor always looks like a spoilsport when he argues this. and he is often accused of being an "inflation nutter". But actually he is quite right credibility matters. Like virginity, it is easier lost than regained.

The nightmare on Threadneedle street is over but the new head of supervision will not be allowed to forget it. He spoke to John Eisenhammer

Picking up the pieces at the Bank

Michael Foot is a hicky man. After all, he could have taken over as the top dog of su-pervision at the Bank of England this time last year. Instead, he moved gently into the executive director's office on 1 March with the Nightmare on Threadneedle Street now comfortably distant in City memories. "Pretty grim", "very difficult" and "rather fraught" are just some of the ways Mr Foot chooses to remember 1995 at the Bank.

There was Barings of course, a City establishment humiliation of the first order, that shook the Bank of England's supervisory mandarins to the core. Then there was the embarrassing departure of the deputy governor, Rupert Pennant-Rea, following exposure of his sexual escapades within the Bank's imposing walls. Last, but certainly not least in terms of the Bank's hattered self-esteem, there was the public battle of wills with the Chancellor of the Exchequer over interest rates. change and improvement. For need to be questioned. As far as cent of group profits, or involves to the more radical changes hack on it as the most interest-Not only was the Bank overruled by the politicians, which happens regularly, but it also lost the intellectual argument. which is not meant to happen.

Staff morale was low, as a con-Sciential survey conducted by an outside body showed last August. The Bank was on the wrong end

If an award existed for corpo-

■rate courage, the winner last

week would surely have beco

Du Pont Co for announcing plans to eliminate 1,500 posi-

tions in a bid - oh, my - to hoost

profits. Didn't anyone warn the

folks down in Delaware not to

mention job cuts and profits in

them, which made them either

ica who does not know that

companies laying off large num-

hers of workers have become

the favourite puoch-bags of candidates on the Republican

AT&T and Goldman Sachs.

business and Wall Street last

it struck a chord: ordinary work-

ing Americans are being sacri-

ficen by chief executive officers

who care only about the bottom

line. Worse, the more they cut.

the higher their own rewards

seem to rise and the more

stratespheric the performance of Wall Street.

Mr Bochanan spits bile at

Goldman Sachs and Chase

Manhattan claiming they were

the ultimate beneficiaries of the

taxpayer-guarenteed \$50bn bail-out of Mexico by the US

government last year. But his favourite target is AT&T

tu miss. Last month the relecommunications colossus

said that as part of its three-way

it was to cast away 40,000 of its

workers, most of them white-

collar managers. Then, last

Robert Allen, saw his pay pack-

week, we learned that the CEO

age swell by several million

demerger announced last year,

In this sport, AT&T is hard

hrave - or daft. There can hardly be anyone left in Amer-

Well, of course someone told

the same breath?

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of regular pastings in the media. The supervision department, where Michael Foot was deputy to Brian Quinn, a wiry Scot with 14 years behind him at the Bank, was particularly targeted. Spectres from the past, Johnson Matthey Bankers and BCCL rose up to join forces with Barings in public invective against supervisers who seemed to have

been asleep at the wheel.
The public criticism, the sniping, was thoroughly unpleasant, personally offensive - but if you can't take it you shouldn't be in supervision," reminisces the 49year-old Mr Foot.

Any connection between the Barings debacle and Mr Quinn's stepping down are purely coincidental, the Bank insists. It let it be understood that Mr Quinn, who is 59, had asked the Bank's court of directors before the Barings collapse not to appoint him for a third term. But it does allow Mr Foot to take over at a time of great potential for all the Bank's vigorous defence of its supervision record, there is no escaping the fact that the Barings investigations exposed weaknesses that the Bank is now seeking to put right.

The Board of Banking Supervision's report into Barings. made a host of recommendations

for change, which boil down to to deliver their thoughts on esformalising and strengthening the Bank's procedures for identifying those areas of its banking charges' businesses that pose the greatest risk and so require the closest attention. There was too great a reliance previously on individual judgement, as typified by the only senior Bank official

tablishing a so-called Quality Assurance Mechanism, which most of the hig accounting firms use to review management decisions and practice on a continuous hasis,

"Arthur Andersen is a management-driven thing. They are here to help us as managers to dismissed after Barings, Christo-pher Thompson, who had left a time they are finished we will

THE MONDAY INTERVIEW

MICHAEL FOOT

potentially critical request for clarification from Barings languishing in his in-tray.

The criteria our line managers used before were qualititative, relying on the knowledge and judgement of the individuals dealing with the banks to pick things up. Now we are developing a whole set of yardsticks which will flag up the things that than any other supervisor in the world." says Mr Foot.

Arthur Andersen, the acthrough the consultancy mill.

have a clear framework for supervision and clear statements

of our risk priorities." The Bank has already hrought into play some of its new yardsticks. It now concentrates on any part of a banking group it looks after, on a geographical or product basis, that accounts for more than 5 per cent of regulatory capital, more than 5 per we know we are going further exposure by the bank to any en-than any other supervisor in the dity within its group of more than Pointing to much closer co-life. There was an esprit de fity within its group of more than 10 per cent of capital.

Looking back at Barings, the countants, have been brought in regulatory capital criteria would to run the Bank's processes not have been triggered because everyone thought Barings Fu-Late next month, or more like- tures Singapore was not trading ly into May, they are expected risk. The profits yardstick would

tell, Mr Buchaoao is not

proposing anything beyond

throwing up some wall around

America to keep out cheap

imports and discourage illegal

immigrants. As to how corpo-

rations like AT&T might be

nicer to their employees, Mr

Buchanan has said nothing.

tirades would be to encourage

a "stakeholder" approach in American industry. How about

Not likely. Interviewed by Newsweek, Mr Dunlap, whose

Scott Paper is now part of

Kimberly-Clark, bad this to say about government intervention: "Politicians don't seem to be get-

ting the message. They pander

to the public and polarise peo-

ple. And they try to tell Ameri-

have been triggered at some point in 1993 or early 1994, and had we known of the letters of comfort from Barings bank to the various securities operations within the group, it could have triggered the third yardstick quite early on, as well as the large quantities of cash going out in late '94," Mr Foot says.

Hardly surprisingly, he is unimpressed by those arguing that the Bank should he stripped of its supervisory re-sponsibilities and left to concentrate on monetary policy. He does not even believe that a future Labour government is all that committed to these sort of radical reforms.

"Alastair Darling (Labour's City spokesman I has spoken several times of the fact that the Bank of England has an international reputation, and that one must be careful not to damage the City of London's overall appeal. This certainly falls well short of any commitment

and Futures Authority since take it, and who cannot."

Barines, Mr Foot says a lot can he done without changing the structures. "Shuffling hrass plates on the door itself does nothing. It is really only Japan that has a structure bringing securities and banking supervision under one roof, and if you want an example of how bad cooperation can be when under one roof then you need look no

further than Tokyo." Furthermore, he argues, "all other countries that brought su-pervision under one roof tend to have rather small financial markets, such as the Scandinavians. Is this cause or effect?"

But as he drives forward the changes to the Bank's supervisory machinery, Michael Foot is not trying to forget the dark days of 1995 completely. In true British spirit, Barings brought an element of Dunkirk to Threadneedle Street, he believes.

"It brought together a group of people under tremendous pressure. Most of them look



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operation with the Securities corps - you found out who can Sniper's target: The public criticism was unpleasant, says Michael Foot, but officials have to be able to take it

BUSINESS TO BUSINESS

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South Africa and New Zealend.

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VIEW FROM NEW YORK

are un-American activities

When profits and Wall Street

a recent cover with mugshots of himself, Louis Gerstner of IBM and Albert Dunlap, formerly of Scott Paper. Beneath the faces had eliminated. Columnists everywhere have mused about an impending backlash in the workforce and the need for a new spirit of corporate re-

campaign trail. It used to be that it was Moscow and the Reds There are multiple reasons for the excitement. For one, you that they bashed; oow it's Patrick Buchanan started it with his excoriations of big month. His pitch was simple and Senator Bob Dole.

And the Buchanan rhetoric

fits well with the widely shared observation that whatever the statistics say about economic re-

can industry how to conduct its business. God help us if we pass tegislation to make American companies tess productive and compromise our global com-petitiveness." In their hearts, neither Mr Buchanan nor Mr Dole However, as far as anyone can



You probably know the joke by now: AT&T stands for Allen and Two Temps.

Newsweek emblazoned the headline "Corporate Killers" on such corporate chiefs as Allen were the numbers of jobs each

have a Republican - and, on social issues, an ultra-conservative one - attacking the constituency that the party has traditionally counted on for money and support. Furthermore, Mr Buchanan has managed to drag in others of his party, including

covery - falling rates of unemployment and low inflation there is still no discernible feelgood factor among America's The logical conclusion to his voters. Rather, there is a discernible middle-class angst. An estimated 3.1 million lay-offs have been announced since a Social Charter for the US? 1989. While wages and benefits rose just 2.8 per cent in 1995, according to US Labor Department figures, corporate profits climbed 22 per cent. The actual purchasing power of workers has remained flat for

the last 15 years. And those who toil for those profits seem to he losing some pabence. The latest issue of Business Week includes the results of a Harris poll that shows, for instance, that 94 per cent felt corporations should be concerned about more than just making money.

are likely to disagree. Some Democrats have, however, woken up to this oppor-tunity to take the initiative. Senator Edward Kennedy has called for legislation that would ohlige companies to report publicly on the steps taken to protect the welfare of their workers. Two other Democratic seriators have tabled hills that would create tax breaks for companies that demonstrated concern for their employees.

And it is just possible that, afler 10 years, downsizing in the US may have peaked. In the week of 14-21 Fehruary, there were half the number of lay-offs compared with the same week a year ago. But there is another possible explanation; until Du Pont, no other corporation had dared risk replacing AT&T as Mr Buchanan's target.

DAVID USBORNE

he Pi

SCIENCE

Chainsaw massacre? Not in Wisconsin

A tribe of Indians has shown logging can be profitable without inflicting losses on the natural environment. Caspar Henderson reports

ust across the Greal Smokey Falls, on the Wolf River in northern and quality. Timber harvesting Wisconsin, lie 250,000 acres of lush and exceptionally heautiful forest consisting of oak, beech, maple, white pine, hemlock and 20 other species. Although this, the Menomi-nee Indian reservation, may sound exotic, anyone who has gone to the Homehase DIY store in Britain may have hought wood from the banks of the Wolf River talthough UK distribution is now handled by Milland Fine Timber in Liphook, Hampshire). For this forest is a garden

rather than a wilderness. The Menominees market timber from their forest around the world. And they do it sustainably, Foresters come from as far as Brazil, Sweden and Malaysia to see the first, and probably the only, commercial timberland in the United States to be certified as a sustainably managed forest.

Menominee is an island of the old boreal (great northern) forest in a sea of rolling farmland - Wisconsin is known as America's Dairyland. The edges of the forest are so sharply defined that satellites use them to focus their lenses.

Most of the forest has been logged twice over since the 1860s. Yet it now boasts more high-quality, mature growing timber than when logging began, "It's probably the most successful example of a suslainable resource there is, says Robert Kennedy Junior, an environmental lawyer and son of the presidential candidate who was assassinated.

Two elements have been central to Menominee success: n tribal ethic that emphasises community, continuity and respect for nature, and some of the most advanced scientific forestry practices in the world. The tribe is part of the forest ecosystem and its survival depends on managing and pro-tecting that ecosystem," says Marshall Pecore, head of forestry operations for Menominee Tribal Enterprises, a corporation jointly owned by the 4,000 or so Menominees.

But this simple ideal requires great skill and patience to make it into reality. Pecore and his team conduct a continuous forplots distributed throughout the forest in order to assess the long-

is conducted at a rate no faster than it grows. But this is only part of the story. Modern forestry consists of plantations containing trees of a single species and uniform age. While these can be highly productive in the short term, they support few other plants and animals and are highly susceptible to disease. The Menominee prefer to encourage species that thrive

with nature rather than impos-

'The Menominees' survival depends on managing the forest ecosystem' Marshall Pecore, forest manager

umber stands are usually har-

vested and regenerated to maintain existing species com-position. But this approach

does not account for inappro-

priate cutting, fire, windthrow

As a result there is great diversity in tree species and ages across the reservation. And vet the Menominee reservation vields twice the volume of quality sawn logs as the Nicolet National Forest, an area twice the size, which was clear cut at the end of the last century.

The Menominee are 50 years ahead of everyone else," says Boh Simeone, a forester with the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, "When we're planting, they're thinning. When we're thinning, they're worried about regeneration. In forestry practice no one holds a candle to these people."

species thrive on different sites it is possible to see whether those currently growing on a site are best suited to it. Drawing together highly

detailed pictures of forest habitat types and current timber stands - comprising 15,000 'micro-sites" - the Menominee foresters have found that about a quarter of the forest has lowvalue species such as aspen. white birch, red maple and scrub oak growing on sites suitable for high-value species such as white pine or sugar maple. They are gradually replanting



The tribe first won the right to exploit timber in the 1890s good management costs

THE INDEPENDENT CROSSWORD in association with

In most forestry practice. tlers and their diseases had almost exterminated the "wild rice people" - for that is what the name "Menominee" means leaving the survivors with less than 3 per cent of their

original territory. Hunger for land to farm and timber to build America's cities or grazing in the past, which can mean that land that is poten-tially highly productive appears meant it took just a few decades to clear the great Wisconsin not to be so. Pecore and his team use habiforests, and virtually the whole tat classification and geographic information systems to enhance state had been cleared by the turn of the century. This left the productivity further. The mix on a given site varies according to Menominee on an island on some of the richest timber east of the Mississippi. As early as 1854, Chief Oshkosh had coun-selled his people to generate wealth from the woods without soil moisture and nutrient levels, and because different tree destroying them. But it took nearly 40 years for the tribe to win the right to exploit the timber themselves, and even longer to get permission to have their own sawmill. In 1890, landmark legislation

granted them an "annual allowable cut" of 20 million board feet of timber a year. Soon after, the Menominee were allowed to huild their own sawmill. They proved to be master foresters, and a trust. fund for timber revenue made the tribe among the richest in

But the relative affluence of the tribe was nearly its undoing. In 1960, a majority voted for termination, ending the tribe's protected status and enabling the division of the fund and the creation of private lots out of reservation land. The forest and the mill were placed in a private corporation. A cowboy era of asset-stripping followed, "This," says Pecore, "was burn-ing your house down to stay

In 1973, after a long and sometimes hitter campaign, the Menominee voted to become the first Native American nation ever to reverse termination, hringing all land back into common ownership. Menominee Trihal Enterprises had to huy hack part of the tribe's own land and is still paying off the dehts. The tribe learnt at least one lesson about exploitation, and a Menominee casino nov profits greatly from the folly of

But running the forest for profit has not been easy. Timber prices are set by economic trends that are virtually blind to good management, although



A Menominee logger cuts a tree into lengths

money. And the Menominee, who will sell only whatever species and volumes their forest can sustainably yield, are relatively inflexible in the face of changing demands. Until three years ago, the mill was running at a loss. But uniquely, Menominee timber has been endorsed by both Smartwood and Greencross, America's leading certifiers of sustainably produced timber. This has belped to boost sales in recent years to an increasing number

of discriminating customers. Next month, the Menominee will receive a global endorsement from the Forestry Stewardship Council, founded by WWF together with some of the leading timher retailers who pledge to take all their tim-ber from sustainable sources by the year 2000.

The operation has shown profits for the past three years, says Larry Wakau, president of Menominee Tribal Enterprises. Last year, the profit was \$2.4m

board feet as it has been in virtually every year for more than 100 years.

"We are publicly owned, by the tribe which is sovereign," says Wakau. "Now, if we were a greedy corporation that would be another matter. But we are fully aware of market demands. But a higher rate of return is just too short-sighted. You only have to look at the forest to know what we're doing is right."

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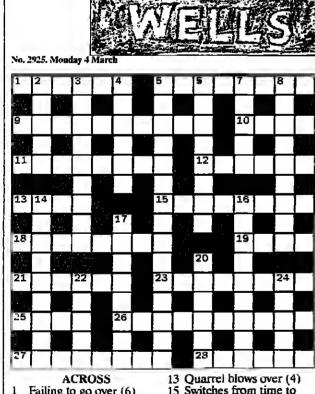


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19 Lie about money being reduced (4) Sea-food racket ended by 24 Tempestuous spirit? (5)

Greek character (6)

25 Sign covering note placed

26 So hope it's a kind of perfect example (10)
27 Batting couldn't be worse. finally (2,3,3) 28 Take stock of weight and get in control (6) **DOWN** Fear time away is a mis-

take (5) Oppose points put before meeting (9)

Very hot in the motor riding along (6) Christian's state of deep depression ? (6,2,7) Remaining soldiers hear-

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